

THOMAS T. NIESEN
Direct Dial: 717.255.7641
tniesen@thomaslonglaw.com

February 7, 2012

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
Commonwealth Keystone Building
400 North Street
P. O. Box 3265
Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

In re: Docket No. A-2012-2282704

Application of Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.

Dear Secretary Chiavetta:

Enclosed for filing are the responses of Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. to the Bureau of Technical Utility Services Data Requests Nos. A-1 through A-17 in the above matter. Please contact me at your convenience with any questions.

Very truly yours,

THOMAS, LONG, NIESEN & KENNARD

Вγ

Thomas T. Niesen

cc: Festus Odubo (w/encl.)

Keith E. Gabage (w/encl.)

120207-Chiavella (FUS Set I Data Requests) wpd

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.

Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.
Responses to Discovery Set I
Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-1 Provide a proof of service and publication for this filing.

Response: Proofs of service and publication are attached.

PA P.U.C. SECRETARY'S BUREAU

RECEIVED

13.

THOMAS T. NIESEN
Direct Dial: 717.255.7641
tniesen@thomaslonglaw.com

February 2, 2012

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Commonwealth Keystone Building 400 North Street P. O. Box 3265 Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

In re: Docket No. A-2012-2282704

Application of Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. for approval of the acquisition of the water system assets of Bristol Township situated in a portion of Bristol Township, Bucks County, PA, and 2) the right of Aqua Pa to begin to offer, render, furnish or supply water service to the public in an additional portion of Bristol Township, Bucks County, PA

Dear Secretary Chiavetta:

Enclosed for filing in the above matter are an original and three (3) copies of:

- 1. A Certificate of Service verifying service of the above referenced Application in accordance with your letter of January 12, 2012; and
- 2. The proof of publication in the Bucks County Courier Times.

Please contact the undersigned if you have any questions.

Very truly yours.

THOMAS, LONG, NIESEN & KENNARD

Ву

Thomas T. Niesen

cc:

Keith E. Gabage (w/encls.)

Russ P. Sacco, Esq. (w/encls.)

Richard Pluta, Chairman (w/encls.)

120202-Chiavetta (Proof of Publication).wpd

-Bucks County, SS.

Ad Content Proof

NOTICE
PENNSYLVANIA
PUBLIC UTILITY
COMMISSION

Application of Aqua Pennsylvania Inc. for approval of the acquisition of the water system assets of Bristol Township situated in a portion of Bristol Township, Bucks County, PA, and 2) the right of Aqua Pa to begin to offer, render, furnish or supply water service to the public in an additional portion of Bristol Township, Bucks County, PA. Docket Number: A-2012-2282704.

Formal protests and petitions to Intervene must be filled in accordance with Title 52 of the Pennsylvania Code, on or before February 13, 2012. All filings must be made with the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Public Util-Ity Commission, P. O. Box 3265, Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265, with a copy served on the Applicant. The occuments filed in support of the Application are available for inspection and copying at the Office of the Secretary between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, on the Commission's website at www.puc.state.pa.us, and at the Applicant's business address.

Applicant:
Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.
Through and By Counsel:
Thomas T. Niesen,
Esquire, Thomas, Long,
Niesen and Kennard, 212
Locust Street, Suite 500,
P. O. Box 9500,
Harrisburg, PA 17108
BY THE COMMISSION
Rosemary Chiavetta,
Secretary
21 J 20, 27

THOMAS THOMAS ARMSTR ATTN: THOMAS T. NIESEN, ESQUIRE HARRISBURG, PA 171089500

1-098853005 0006215086-01

Laurie Clark being duly affirmed according to law, deposes and says that he/she is the Legal Billing. Co-ordinator of the COURIER TIMES INCORPORATED, Publisher of The Bucks County Courier Times, a newspaper of general circulation, published and having its place of business at Levittown, Bucks County, Pa; that said newspaper was established in 1910; that securely attached hereto is a facsimile of the printed notice which is exactly as printed and published in said newspaper on

January 20, 2012 January 27, 2012

and is a true copy thereof; and that this affiant is not interested in said subject matter of advertising; and all of the allegations in this statement as to the time, place and character of publication are true.

LEGAL BILLING CO-ORDINATOR

Affirmed and subscribed to me before me this

27th day of January 2012 A.D.

Company Compan

Vegenia C Hetriagle, Notary Public Tellytown Sero, Bucke County V Commission Evaluation

My Commission Expires April 15, 2013
Microber, Purerylands Assentiation exhibits and 15, 2013

SECRETARY SAUREAU

2012 FEB -2 PM 3: 11

GEAROFA

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-2 State if Aqua plans to conduct an original cost study for the acquired assets of Bristol Township.

Response: Yes. Aqua plans to conduct an original cost study for the assets acquired from Bristol Township. Plant in service may be understated on the Bristol Township books.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 15

RECEIVED

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-3 Provide the tentative journal entries for booking this acquisition.

Response:

The tentative journal entries for the acquisition, assuming that the original cost study determines a depreciated original cost equal to the purchase price, would be a debit of \$5.310M to plant and credits of \$1.882M to accumulated depreciation and \$3.428M to cash.

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group
Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.
Responses to Discovery Set I
Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-4

Provide financial statements of the Bristol Township water assets for the past two years that shows plant value including depreciation.

Response:

As noted in the response to A-2, the plant in service on the books of Bristol Township may be understated. Additionally, as noted in the response to A-2, Aqua plans to conduct an original cost study for the assets acquired from Bristol Township. Bristol Township Financial Statements (for the periods ending 12/31/09 and 12/31/10) requested and received by Aqua in the bidding process with Bristol Township are included with this response.

THE CEIVED

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 19

PA PUL GUREA

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-14
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	15 16
Fund Financial Statements Baiance Sheet Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
Notes to Financial Statements	26-52
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	54
and Actual – Refuse Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	55
and Actual – Street Lights Fund Schedule of Funding Progress for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	56 57

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Council Bristol Township Bristol, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bristol as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Township of Bristol's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Bristol's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bristol as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Township of Bristol adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments".

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2010, on our consideration of the Township of Bristol's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Township Council Bristol Township July 31, 2010 Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 14 and pages 54 through 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania July 31, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the financial statements for Township of Bristol ("Township") presents a narrative overview and narrative of the Township's financial performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Township total net assets decreased by \$1,318,925 in 2009.
- The General Fund Unreserved Fund Balance at the end of 2009 was \$3,687,613.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of the following three parts:

- Management's discussion and analysis (this section)
- Basic financial statements (including notes)
- Required supplementary information

Management's discussion and analysis is a guide to reading the financial statements and provides related information to help the reader to better understand the Township's government. The basic financial statements include notes that provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Required supplementary information is provided on the Township's Police Pension Trust Fund and budget to actual figures for major funds.

The basic financial statements present two different views of the Township.

- Government-wide financial statements, the first two statements, provide information about the Township's overall financial status as well as the financial status of the Township's component units.
- Fund financial statements, the remaining statements, focus on individual parts of the Township's government. They provide more detail on operations than the government-wide statements.
 There are three types of fund financial statements:
 - o Governmental funds statements show how general government services such as public safety, public works for highways and streets, and health and welfare were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the Township operates like a business, such as the sewer fund.
 - Flduciary funds statements reflect activities involving resources that are held by the Township as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, including employees of the Township like the Police Pension Trust Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources cannot be used to support the Township's programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Table A-1: Organization of the Township's Annual Financial Report

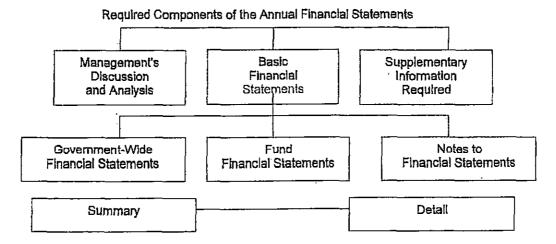


Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the Township's financial statements, including the area of the Township's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Table A-2: Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		F	und Financial Statemer	is
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental	_Proprietary	Flduciary
Scope	Entire entity and component units (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the Township, such as public safety and public works	The activities of the Township such as the Water Fund	Instances in which the Township administers resources on behalf of others, such as the Police Pension Fund
Required Financial Statements	-Statement of net assets -Statement of activities	-Balance Sheet -Stetement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	-Statement of net essets -Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net essets -Statement of cash flows	-Statement of fiduciary net assets -Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset and the lability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of Inflow and outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services and have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

The remainder of this overview explains the structure and contents of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

- The statement of net assets includes all the Township's assets and liabilities, except fiduciary funds, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business.
- The statement of activities focuses on how the Township's net assets changed during the year.
 Because it separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges
 for services, grants and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other
 sources not tied to a particular program), it shows to what extent each program has to rely on
 local taxes for funding.

All changes to net assets are reported using the accrual method of accounting, which requires that revenues be reported when they are earned and expenses be reported when the goods and/or services are received, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Net assets are one way to measure the Township's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net assets are one indicator of whether the Township's financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in the Township's real property tax base and general economic conditions must be considered to assess the overall position of the Township.

The primary government and its component units are included in the government-wide financial statements. Component units reflect the activities of legally separate government entities over which the Township can exercise influence and/or be obligated to provide financial support. The Township has two discretely presented component units: Bristol Township Authority; and the Bristol Township Sewer Department. Complete and detailed financial statements for the Individual component units can be obtained from their administrative offices (See Note 1, Notes to the Financial Statements for addresses).

There are two categories of activities for the primary government:

- Governmental activities include the Township's basic services such as general government, public safety, public works for highways and streets, community development, health and welfare and culture and recreation. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities such as the Township's water and sewer funds charge a fee to customers
 to cover the costs of services.

Net assets of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated as it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt do not affect fund balances.

Government wide statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the statement of net assets:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets
- Report long-term debt as a liability
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the
 accrual basis of accounting
- Allocate net asset balances as follows:
 - Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt
 - Restricted net assets are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
 - Unrestricted net assets are net assets that do not meet any of the above restrictions

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information on the Township's most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. Funds are accounting devices, i.e., a group of related accounts, the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law. Other funds are established to control and manage resources designated for specific purposes. Fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources and modified accrual accounting established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for governments.

The Township has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds include most of the Township's basic services and focus on: (1) the flow in
and out of cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash, and: (2) the
balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the
modified accrual accounting basis, and a current financial resources measurement focus.
Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps
determine the financial resources available in the near future to finance the Township's programs.

The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that follows the governmental fund financial statements.

The Township adopts an annual budget for the general fund, as required by state law. A budgetary comparison of the Township's general fund is presented as required supplementary information.

- The proprietary fund reports business-type programs and activities that charge fees designed to recover the cost of providing services. The proprietary fund reports using full accrual accounting.
- Flduclary funds are funds for which the Township is the trustee or fiduciary. These include the Police Pension Plan and certain agency funds, or clearing accounts for assets held by the Township in its role as custodian until the funds are allocated to the private parties, organizations or government agencies to which they belong. The Township is responsible to ensure the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. This flduciary activity is reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These funds are excluded from the Township's government-wide financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Assets

The Township's total assets were \$55,009,369 at December 31, 2009. Of this amount, \$27,836,827 was capital assets.

GASB No. 34 requires that all capital assets, including infrastructure, be valued and reported within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, but allowed infrastructure to be added over several years.

Table A-3: Township of Bristol Condensed Statement of Net Assets

		Governmental E			Business-type Total .Activities		
Activities Activities 2008 2009 2008 2009 Capital Assets \$24,844,134 \$24,000,040 \$1,025,433 \$3,836,767 Other Assets 25,880,276 24,717,639 1,176,184 \$2,454,887 Total Assets 50,724,410 48,717,679 2,201,617 6,291,680 Other Liabilities 3,461,088 2,719,047 356,717 1,309,655 Long-Term Liabilities 26,733,722 29,768,014 - 157,061 Total Liabilities 30,194,810 32,487,061 356,717 1,466,723		2009	2008	2009			
				\$3,836,787 \$2,454,883	\$25,869,567 27,056,460	\$27,63 6,6 27 27,172,532	8% 0%
				6,291,680	52,926,027	55,009,359	4%
	• •	, ,	356,717	1,309,655 157,068	3,817,805 26,733,722	4,028,702 28,925,082	6% 12%
	30,194,810	32,487,061	356,717	1,466,723	30,551,527	33,953,784	11%
Net Assets: invested in Capital Assets, net of						,	
related debt Restricted Net Assets	16,529,773 17,114,189	16,299,389 6,157,500	1,025,433	3,689,787	17,555,206 17,114,189	19,989,176 6,157,500	14% (84)%
Unrestricted Net Assets (Dalicit)	(13,114,362)	(6,225,271)	819,467	1,135,170	(12,294,895)	(5,091,101)	(59)%
Total Net Assets	\$20,529,600	16,230,618	\$1,844,900	4,824,957	\$22,374,500	21,055,575	(6)%

The following statement of activities represents changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2009. It shows revenues by source and expenses by function for governmental activities, business-type activities and the government as a whole.

Table A-4: Township of Bristol
Condensed Statement of Activities

	Condensed Statement of Activities								
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To Primary G	Percent- age Change			
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009			
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$4,627,687	\$3,972,787	\$443,672	\$4,930,285	\$5,071,359	\$6,903,082	(78)%		
Operating Grants and									
Contributions	4,430,108	4,054,029	-	-	4,430,108	4,054,029	(8)%		
Capital Grants and				•					
Contributions	•	196,908	-	•	-	198,908	100%		
General Revenues:							, ,, 4,		
Real Estate Texes	16,110,717	15,450,420	•	-	16,110,717	15,450,420	(4)%		
Earned Income Taxes	5,148,237	5,286,331	-	-	5,146,237	5,286,331	3%		
Per Capita Taxes	196,983	139,781	-	-	196,983	139,781	(28)%		
Mercanille Texes	722,479	616,930	-	•	722,479	516,930	(15)%		
Mechanical Davices									
Taxes	80,876	117,932	-	•	80,876	117,932	46%		
Occupational / EMS									
Texes	760,4 9 7	846,936	-	-	760,497	848,936	11%		
Amusement Taxes	5,897	5,229	-	-	5,897	6,229	(11)%		
In Lieu of Taxes	40,049	43,222	•	-	40,049	43,222	8%		
Unrestricted	·								
invesiment Earnings	288,100	44,394	22,315	B,247	310,415	52,641	(83)%		
Transfers	35,000	35,000	(35,000)	(35,000)	-	-	0%		
Loss on Disposal of	·								
Fixed Assal	(9,866)	•	•	•	(9,868)	-	100%		
Miscellaneous	167,584	51 <u>1,34</u> 5		72,251	167,584	583,596	248%_		
Tolai Revenues	32,602,348	31,546,254	430,987	4,975,783	33;033,335	36,522,037	11%		
I Didi Nevelipes	32,032,040	01,040,204	400,007	410101.00	50,000,000	00,0110,001			
Expenses:									
General Government	3,401,337	3,137,900	-	_	3,401,337	3,137,900	(8)%		
Public Safety	18,591,370	18,692,323	-		18,591,370	18,692,323	1%		
Public Works Highways						• •			
And Streets	5,672,819	5,305,943	_	-	6,672,819	5,305,943	(6)%		
Community Development	958,505	1,058,170	-	-	958,506	1,058,170	10%		
Culture and Recreation	670,886	666,598	-		670,885	666,598	(1)%		
Health and Welfare	6,077,140	5,611,673	-	-	6,077,140	5,611,673	(8)%		
Interest on Long Term	-,0.,,,,,-	,=1=17/-1=			, ,	, ,	• •		
Debt	543,137	1,265,270	-	_	543,137	1,265,270	133%		
Sewer Fund		-11	-	4,594,718		4,594,718	100%		
Water Fund		<u>.</u>	502,484	528,617	502,484	528,617	5%_		
Total Expenses	35,915,194	35,737,877	502,484	5,123,335	36,417,678	40,861,212	12%		
Change in Net Assets	(3,312,846)	(4,416,623)	(71,497)	(147,552)	(3,384,343)	(4,584,175)	35%		
Net Assets - January 1	23,842,446	20,529,600	1,916,397	1,844,900	25,758,843	22,374,500	(13)%		
Equity Transfer (See Note 17)	_	117,641		3,127,609		3,245,250	100%		
Net Assets - December 31	\$20,529,600	\$16,230,618	\$1,844,900	\$4,824,957	\$22,374,500	\$21,055,575	(6)%		
,						··			

Net Program Expenses

Net program expenses indicate the amount of support required from taxes and other general revenues for a program of the government. In 2009, real estate taxes brought in \$15,450,420 and earned income taxes brought in \$5,286,331.

Table A-5: Township of Bristo!

Net Cost of Governmental and Business-type Activities

Program	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
General Government	\$ 3,137,900	\$ 1,277,779
Public Safety	18,692,323	16,745,916
Public Works Highways and Streets	5,305,943	3,881,325
Community Development	1,058,170	(1,169,137)
Culture and Recreation	666,598	574,171
Health and Welfare	5,611 <u>,</u> 673	4,938,819
Interest on Long Term Debt	1,265,270	1,265,270
Sewer Fund	3,842,640	(573,802)
Water Fund	528,617	14,774
Total	\$ 40,109,134	\$ 26,955,115

The Township relied on real estate taxes, earned income taxes and other general revenues to fund 67% of its governmental and business-type activities in 2009.

Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets at December 31, 2009, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$27,869,827. Capital assets consist primarily of land, buildings and equipment. The following is a summary of capital assets at December 31, 2009:

Table A-6: Township of Bristol Capital Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities		ss-Type /ities	To	Percent- age Change	
	2008	2009	200B	2009	2008	2009	
Land	\$ 1,463,980	S 1,508,980	s -	\$ 140,000	\$ 1,463,980	\$1,648,980	13%
Construction in Progress	129,645	119,197		546,568	120,645	665,765	414%
Agricultural Easements	431,125	431,125	_	•	431.125	431,125	0%
Buildings	2,713,300	3,681,639	_	1,288.943	2,713,300	5,170,582	91%
Improvements	791,060	791,060	-	5,970	781,060	787,030	1%
Equipment	3,638,043	3,972,901	3,417	3,734,228	3,641,460	7,707,129	112%
Infrestructure	53,338,918	53,702,368	-,	•	53,338,918	53,702,368	1%
Water Lines	20,000,010		2,601,518	2,601,519	2,601,519	2,601,519	0%
Tanks		•	-	1,064,174	-	1,964,174	100%
Pump Stations		-	•	1,056,207	_	1,056,207	100%
Collection System			-	5,362,716	•	5,362,716	100%
Accumulated							
Depreciation	(37,661,937)	(40,462,230)	(1,579,503)	(12,863.538)	(39,241,440)	(53,325,768)	36%
Total Net Capital Assets	\$24,844,134	\$24,000,040	\$1,025,433	3,836,787	\$25,869,567	27,836,827	8%_

Detailed Information about the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 4, Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2009, the TOWNSHIP had \$29,768,014 of debt outstanding, including general obligation bonds, compensated absences, capital leases and a liability for other postemployment benefits. Debt and other liabilities increased due to the Township's adoption of GASB 45 (Liability for Other Postemployment Benefits) and an increase in the liability for Compensated Absences. Detailed information can be found in Note 9, Notes to the Financial Statements. The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt at December 31, 2009.

Table A-7: Township of Bristol Statement of Long Term Debt

<u>Type</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Bonds	\$ 19,345,000	\$ -	\$ 365,000	\$ 18,980,000
Compensated Absences Capital Leases	1,903,095 684,689	302,475 -	412,840	2,205,570 271,849
Liability for Other Postemployment Benefits	4,620,063	5,680;999	1,990,467	8,310,595
Estimated Workers Compensation Claims	180,875	*	180,875	
Total Long Term Debt	\$26,733,722	\$5,983,474	\$2,949,182	\$29,768,014

The Township's long-term debt level is low. In 2009, due to the passage of time, the liability for Estimated Workers Compensation Claims is no longer required.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved/undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Township's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The Township's governmental funds include the general fund, special revenue funds, capital project funds, and the debt service funds. The general fund is the chief operating fund for the Township. Special revenue funds are restricted to specific legislated use. Capital project funds account for the proceeds of bond issues and mileage dedicated to Capital Projects. The major funds are shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES

Governmental fund revenues by source at December 31, 2008, and December 31, 2009, were as follows.

Table A-8: Township of Bristol Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds

	2008	<u> 2009</u>	Changes from 2008 to 2009
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$22,309,458	\$22,458,137	\$ 148,679
Licenses, fees and permits	2,278,370	2,415,301	136,931
Charges for services	2,193,438	1,250,577	(942,861)
Court costs, fines and forfeits	285,871	286,656	786
Intergovernmental	4,332,787	4,258,428	(74,359)
Interest	288,100	44,394	(243,706)
Other and Reimbursed Expenditures	174,962	386,464	211,502
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating transfers in	144,528	270,076	125,548
Bond proceeds	11,430,000	-	(11,430,000)
Proceeds from Capital Lease	255,487		(255,487)
	\$43,693,001	\$31,370,033	\$ 12,322,968

Tax revenues increased from 2008 due to a slight miliage Increase. Licenses, Fees and Permits Increased due to concentrated collection efforts. Charges for services decreases due to the Software conversion of the Sewer Fund and Sewer expenses are not directly allocated verses billed. Interest revenue is down due to the drastic decrease in bank interest rates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Governmental fund expenditures by function at December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Table A-9: Township of Bristol
Expenditures by Function, Governmental Funds

	2008	2009	Changes from 2008 to 2009
Evnandituras			
Expenditures:	A 0 000 040	A 0 000 705	6 (00a (77)
General government	\$ 3,383,910	\$ 3,090,735	\$ (293,175)
Public safety	14,119,216	14,395,769	276,553
Public works highways and safety	4,338,323	3,986,704	(351,619)
Community development	958,506	1,058,170	99,664
Health and welfare	6,077,140	5,611,673	(465,467)
Culture and recreation	828,116	605,628	(222,488)
Debt Service			
Principal	974,892	777,840	(197,052)
Interest	445,580	1,133,390	687,810
Capital Outlay	391,196	373,603	(17,593)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating transfers out	109,528	235,076	125,548
Contribution to Pension Trust Fund	11,180,029		(11,180,029)
	\$42,806,436	\$31,268,588	\$ <u>(11,537,848)</u>

Decreases in total expenditures in 2009 was mostly associated in a with the \$11,180,029 payment to the Police Pension fund. Other expenses decreased due to the Township's concentrated effort to reduce all expenses and implement a hiring freeze on all employee replacements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Ending Fund Balances for Governmental Fund and Net Assets for Proprietary Funds at December 31, 2009:

Table A-10
Ending Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Net Assets, Proprietary Funds

<u>Fund</u>	Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ 3,687,613	\$ -
Refuse Fund	562,013	H
Street Lights Funds	1,519,102	_
Capital Reserve	1,168,932	-
Other Governmental Funds	2.907.453	-
Sewer Fund	•	3,024,562
Water Fund		1,800,395
Total	\$ 9,845,113	\$4,824,957

Budgetary Highlights

Total Revenues came in \$846,079 under projections due mostly to a decrease in Bank Interest, Local Services Taxes, Real Estate Transfer tax and the reduction of charges to the Sewer Fund as with the consolidation of the computer software programs Sewer expenses are now allocated instead of billed. Total Expenses came in \$1,914,041 under budget the Township's concentrated effort to reduce expenditures and a hiring freeze on all employee replacements.

Economic Conditions

Unemployment in Bristol Township tends to exceed the countywide unemployment rate. In addition, the median household income is also lower than the countywide figure. For these reasons economic factors tend to have a greater impact on Bristol Township than they do in surrounding communities.

The Township has undertaken economic development activities through its Department of Community Development and its Economic Development Advisory Board. This impact will be realized gradually and over time.

Next Year's Budget

Due to the steady increase in operating costs, the Township was forced to increase Real Estate Taxes along with a use of reserves to balance the 2009 budget.

Township employees are represented by three labor unions and a total of six collective bargaining agreements that establish labor costs for all but 9 full-time employees. The township received an Act 111 Binding Arbitration Award and settled the TWU contract which significantly impacted operating costs in 2007. The other collective bargaining agreement expired at the end of 2009. The Township should attempt to negotiate wage and benefit levels that are financially sustainable. In particular, post retirement healthcare and pension costs have become burdensome to maintain.

A history of the General Fund Balance indicates relatively stagnant tax revenues with steadily increasing expenditures. These trends have been recognized and the Township is working diligently to make any changes necessary to meet its financial obligations going forward.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability. Questions concerning this financial information or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Township of Bristol Township Manager 2501 Bath Road Bristol, PA 19007

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type		
		Activities		Acilyilles		<u>Total</u>
Assels				- ,		
			_		_	4
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,351,010	\$	1,951,878	\$	11,302,888
Receivables Accounts, net		918,115		387,879		1,305,994
Taxes		2,394,951		-		2,394,951
Due From External Parties		45,660		_		45,668
Due from Other Governments		309,929		-		309,929
Other Assels		564,084		28,439		592,503
Deferred interest from Refunding		82,878		-		82,878
Ponsion Assel		10,922,976		-		10,922,975
Residuled Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		128,051		86,697		214,748
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		1,628,177		686,588		2,314,745
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated (Net)		22,371,863		3,150,218		25,522,082
Total Assets		40 747 670	\$	2 204 820	5	55,009,359
(O(8) A65819	\$	48,717,679	<u> </u>	6,291,880	Ψ.	00,000,000
Liebilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,090,383	\$	1,222,958	\$	2,313,341
Accrued Liebilities		68,097		-		66,097
Accrued Interest Payable		337,552		-		337,552
Uncarned Revenues		1,096,984				1,096,864
Escheat Liability		128,061		5,652		133,703
Escrow Deposits		-		81,045		81,045
Long Term Liabillies .						
Due Within one year		525,000		_		525,000
General Obligation Debt Notes Payable		020,000		147,000		147,000
Capital Lease		200,725				200,725
Due in more than one year		200,120				
General Obligation Debt		18,455,000				18,455,000
Capital Lease		71,124		_		71,124
Due to Bristof Township Sewer Department		-		_		-
Compansaled Absences		2,205,570		10,068		2,215,838
Liability for other postemploment benefits		8,310,595		· -		8,310,695
Total Liabilities	\$	32,487,081	\$	1,468,723	\$	33,963,784
Net Assets						
invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	16,299,389	\$	3,689,787	\$	19,989,176
Restricted for:	*		•	_,,	•	
Capilal Projects		1,400,806		-		1,400,808
Debt Service		648,273		-		648,273
Program Purposes		4,108,621				4,108,621
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(6,226,271)		1,135,170		(5,091,101)
•			_			
Tolel Nel Assets	\$	16,230,618	Ş	4,624,957	\$	21,055,575

1

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP , STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets Орегайла Capital Primary Government Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-type Functions/Programs Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Expenses Printary government Governmental activities: General Government 3,137,900 1,652,414 Š \$ 5 207,707 (1,277,779)(1,277,779)Public Safety 18,692,323 540,212 1,406,195 (16,745,918) (18,745,916) Public Works Highways and Streets 5,305,943 500 1,227,210 196,908 (3,881,325) (3.881,325)Community Development 1,058,170 1,222,912 1,004,395 1,169,137 1,169,137 Culture and Recreation 666,598 92,427 (574,171) (574,171) Health and Welfare 5,611,573 464,332 208,522 (4.938,619) (4,938,819) (1,265,270) interest on long-term debt 1,265,270 (1,265,270) 4,054,029 196,908 Total governmental adivities 35,737,877 3,972,797 (27,514,143) (27,514,143) Business-type activities: Sewer Fund 3,842,640 4,251,972 164,470 573,802 573,802 (14,774)(14,774)Water Fund 528,517 513,843 Total business-type activities 559,028 559,028 4,371,257 4,765,815 164,470 (28,955,115) Total primary government 40,109,134 8,738,612 4,054,029 361.378 (27,514,143) \$59,028 General revenues: Taxes: 15,450,420 15,450,420 Reni Estata Taxes 5,286,331 5,286,331 Earned Income Taxes 139,781 139,781 Per Capila Taxes 618,930 616,930 Mercanille Taxes 117,932 117,932 Mechanical Devices Taxes EMS Taxes 846,936 845,938 5,229 5,229 Amusement Taxes 43,222 43,222 la **Lieu of Texas** 44,394 8,247 52,641 Unrestricted Investment Earnings 35,000 (35,000) Transfers (527,078) (527.078)Lease Payment (225,000)(225,000)EPA Fino 72,251 583,596 511,345 Miscellaneous (706,580) 22,390,940 23,097,520 Total general revenues and transfers (147,552) (4,564,175)(4,416,623)Change in nel assets 20,529,600 1,844,900 22,374,500 Net assets - beginning 117,641 3,127,609 3,245,250 Asset Transfer (See Note 17) 4,824,957 21,055,575 18,230,518 Net assets - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the (mancial statements

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Ganeral		Streel Lighte <u>Fund</u>		Capital Reserva <u>Fund</u>			Refuse <u>Fund</u>		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Total ovarnmental <u>Funda</u>
Aggets												
. Ceah and Cesh Equivalents Resulcted Cesh Receivables	\$	2,407,123 128,051	2	1,691,078	\$	1,222,118	Ş	972,961 -	\$	3,157,743 -	\$	9,351,010 129,051
Accounts		793,235		•		•		8,862		116,218		B18,115
Техев		1,676,411		43,813		43,346		450,833		181,548		2,394,951
Due From Other Governments		2,560		-		-		•		307,369		309,929
Dua from Other Funds Other Assets		163,380 180,013		1,619		1,823		18,347		42,689		217,938 180,013
Total Assets	\$	5,339,763	\$	1,638,710	\$	1,257,284	5	1,450,793	5	3,805,467	\$	13,500,007
LiabIties and Fund Balances												
Liabilitas; Accounta Payabla			_	W. 305	_	55.445	_	***	_	,	_	4 000 500
Accued Liabilities	\$	365,961 66,087	\$	73,785	\$	55,008	5	428,386	5	137,218	\$	1,080,383 88,097
Defend Revenues		1,082,011		43,813		43,346		460,395		6 5 8,626		2,188,081
Escheal Lieblity		128,051		-,0,210		10,010		-		-		128,051
Due to Other Funds		<u>.</u>								172,272		172,272
Tolal Liabidies		1,652,140		117,80B		98,352		B88,78D		898,814		3,054,894
Fund Balancas:												
Reserved for:												
Capital Projects		-		-		1,165,932		•		231,674		1,400,808
Dabt Sarvice		-		- -		~				645,273		848,273
Program Purposes		-		1,519,102		*		582,013		2,027,606		4,108,621
Unreserved, reported in: General Fund		3.007.013										3,667,613
Total Fund Beiences (Delicii)		3,887,813		1,519,102		1,169,932		562,013		2,907,453		9,845,113
		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>							_			
Total LiebWes and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u> _	6,339,753	.\$	1,636,710	S	1,287,284	\$	1,450,793	Ş	3,605,467	\$	13,500,007

Page 18

Bristol Township Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statements of Net Assets December 31, 2009

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	9,845,113
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capitel assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and			
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	1,508,980		
Construction in Progress	119,197		
Agricultural Basement, net of \$53,890 accumulated depreciation	377,235		
Buildings and improvements, net of \$3,434,003 accumulated depreciation	1,238,696		
Equipment, net of \$1,224,573 accumulated depreciation	791,656		
Leasehold Assets, net of \$930,834 accumulated depreciation	1,025,838		
Infrastructure, net of \$34,818,930 accumulated depreciation	18,938,438		
Total capital assets			24,000,040
The pension asset resulting from contributions in excess of the annual			
required contribution are not financial resources and therefore are not reported			
in the funds.			10,922,975
Revenue not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and			
therefore reported as deferred revenue in the funds:			
Property taxes			1,101,127
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore			
are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:			
Accrued Interest on bonds	(337,552)		
Bonds payable	(18,980,000)		
Less Deferred interest from refunding	82,878		
Capital Leases	(271,849)		
Compensated absences	(2,205,570)		
Liability for other postemploment benefits	(8,310,595)		
Unamortized bond issuance costs and bond discounts	384,051		(00 (00 (00)
Combined adjustment	•		(29,638,637)
Total net assets of governmental activities	•	s	16,230,618

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	<u> Депага</u> ј	Street Ughte Fund	Cepila) Reserve Fund	Rolus o Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Tolal Governmental <u>Funde</u>
Revenues	•					
Taxes Licenses, Fees and Permis	\$ 13,088,918	\$ 635,86	37 \$ 698,493	5 \$ 6,512,379		5 22,458,137
Charges for Service	2,410,730 1,164,002	51	.	2,189	4,571 83,918	2,415,301 1,250,677
Court Costs, Fines and Fortells	288,856	-		2,105	03,810	288,656
Intergovernmental	1,028,945	-	-	208,522	3,022,961	4,258,428
Interest	16,761	6,16	37 3,725	5,800	11,921	44,384
Other and Relimburaed Expanditures	318,470		12,000		55,994	386,464
Total Rayanuas	18,312,482	542,37	4 812,218	5,728,880	5,984,023	31,009,857
Expanditures						
Current:						
General Government	2,878,084	-		•	214,851	.3,090,735
Public Safely	12,499,950	-	-	-	1,685,616	14,395,769
Public Works Highways and Streets	2,030,812	765,46	34 -	•	1,200,828	3,886,704
Community Development		-	•		1,058,170	1,058,170
Health and Welfara Culture and Recreation	365,636	•	•	6,258,137		6,611,673
Capital Ostiay	•		208,330		605,628 185,273	805,628 373,603
Dabi Sarvice	•		200,000	•	103,275	313,603
Principal	0/400				753,734	777,840
Interest	24,108	-	-	•	376,285	
m/alaer	757,105	_		<u>:</u> -	3/6,206	1,133,380
Tolzi Expenditures	18,543,393	765,48	4 208,330	5,258,137	6,270,188	31,033,512
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(230,911)	(213,08	(0) 403,886	472,723	(366,165)	66,445
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer in	130,000	•	•		140,076	270,07B
Transfer Out	(140,076)	(40,00	- (0	(55,000)	<u> </u>	(235,078)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,076)	(40,0)	(D) -	(55,000)	140,076	35,000
Nol Change in Fund Balances	(240,987)	(253,05	00) 403,BB8	417,723	(228,089)	101,445
Fund Balances - baginning of year	3,928,000	1,772,10	2 785,044	144,280	3,133,642	8,743,668
Fund Balances - and of year	5 3,867,813	\$ 1,518,10	02 S 1,168,032	\$ 562,013	\$ 2,807,463	\$ B,845,113

Page 20

Bristol Township Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 101,445
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stalement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the current period these amounts are: Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense Net adjustment	750,510 (1,712,245)	(961,735)
Contributions in excess of the annual required contribution are reported as an other financing use in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the expense is recorded and amortized as an asset.		(376,146)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt uses current financial resources. Neither transaction has any affect on net assets. Also governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effects of these differences in the current period are:		
Principal repayments Capital lease payments Amortization of discount of bond issue Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of Deferred Interest from Refunding Net adjustment	365,000 412,840 (2,025) (17,412) (5,525)	752,878
Interest is expensed when paid in the governmental funds. However, in the government-wide statements interest is matched to the period in which it was incurred. In the current period the net effect of matching interest expense to the proper period is:		(126,355)
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available to provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. At the government-wide level revenue recognition is not limited by availability. The effects of these adjustments in the current year are: Taxes		5,422
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Worker's compensation Hability	180,875	•
Compensated absences Other postemployment benefit expense Not adjustment	(302,475) (3,690,532)	(3,812,132)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	=	\$ (4,416,623)

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Business-type Activies - Proprietary Funds

Accel	<u>y</u>	Vater Fund	Sewer Fund		Total	
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash	\$	1,144,075	\$	807,803	\$	1,951,878
Accounts Receivables, Net		48,551		339,328		387,879
Prepaid and Other Assets		2,289		28,150		28,439
Total Current Assets		1,194,915		1,173,281		2,368,196
Non-Current Assets:						
Restricted Cash		-		86,697		86,697
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		-		686,588		686,558
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated (Net)		963,680		2,186,539		3,150,219
Total Non-Current Assats		983,680		2,959,804		3,923,484
Total Assets	\$	2,158,595	\$	4,133,085	\$	6,291,680
<u>Liablilles</u>						
Current Liabilities;						
Accounts Payable .	\$	358,200	\$	864,758	\$	1,222,958
Accrued Liabilities		-		10,088		10,068
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-
Note Payable - Current		•		147,000		147,000
Escheat Liability		-		5, 6 52		5,652
Esrow Deposits				81,045		81,045
Total Liabilities		358,200		1,108,523		1,466,723
Net Assets						
invested in Capital, Net of Related Debt		983,680		2,726,107		3,689,787
Unrestricted		836,715		298,455		1,135,170
Total Net Assets	\$	1,800,395	\$	3,024,562	\$	4,824,957

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Business-type Activities Proprietary Funds

	У	Valer Fund	<u>\$</u>	ewer Fund	Total
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	513,843	\$	4,047,281	\$ 4,581,124
Penalities and interest		-		204,691	204,691
intergovernmental		-		164,470	164,470
Olher		1,160		71,101	72,251
Total Operating Revenues		514,893		4,487,643	 5,002,536
Operating Expenses					
Administration		466,864		623,645	890,509
Operating		-		3,190,435	3,190,435
Depreciation		81,753		128,560	190,313
Total Operating Expenses		528,617		3,842,640	 4,371,257
Operating Gain / (Loss)		(13,624)		644,903	 631,278
Nonoparating Revenues/Expenses:					
Interest		4,119		4,128	8,247
Lease Payment		-		(527,078)	(527,078)
EPA Fine Expense			_	(225,000)	 (225,000)
Total Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses		4,119		(747,950)	 (743,831)
Loss Bafore Operating Transfers		(9,505)		(103,047)	(112,552)
Operating Transfer Out		(35,000)			 (35,000)
Change In Net Assets		(44,505)		(103,047)	(147,652)
Total Nat Assets - Daginning of Year		1,844,900		-	1,844,900
Asset Transfer (See Note 17)		-		3,127,609	3,127,609
Total Net Assels - End of Year	\$	1,800,395	\$	3,024,562	\$ 4,824,957

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2009

<u> Business-ivpe Activies - Proprietery Funds</u>

	Been and The Louis of Louis and Line				
	Water Fund	Sever Fund	Totel		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
	P 400 004	E 4040344	r / E/3 100		
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 498,081	\$ 4,046,311	\$ 4,642,382		
Receipts from Other Governments		176,008	175,006		
Ofher Receipts	3,160	71,101	74,261		
Payments to Suppliers and Operations	(020,8eE)	(3,286,381)	(3,684,361)		
Payments to Employees for Salaries and Benefits	(67,381)	(618,983)	(586,354)		
Internal Activity - Payments to (from) other funds	(124)		(124)		
Nel Cash Provided by Operaling Activities	33,728	497,084	820,79D		
Cash Flow from Nonceptial Financing Activities					
Leuse Payment	•	(527,078)	(527,078)		
Operating Transfers (Out)	(35,000)		(85,000)		
	<u> </u>				
Net Cash Used in Koncapital Financing Activities	(35,000)	(527,078)	(562,078)		
Cash Flow from Capital and Related Financing Activities			-		
Purchase of Capital Assais	·	(589,102)	(589,102 <u>)</u>		
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u></u>	(589,102)	(589,102)		
			•		
Cash Flows from invasting Activities			•		
Informati	4,119	4.128	8,247		
Nat Cash Provided by Invasting Activities	4,119	4,128	B,247		
Not Charge in Carls and Carls Faultalania	2,845	(624,988)	(822,143)		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalente	•	, , ,	•		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,141,230	699,289	1,740,629		
Cash from Equity Trensfer (See Note 19)		840,303	840,303		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,144,075	\$ 814,614	\$ 1,958,689		
Daniel Walter of Consultan Income to another					
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities	S (13,524)				
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ (13,524)	S B44,803	\$ 631,278		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Incomol(Loss)					
to Net Cosh Provided by Operating			•		
Acintics			•		
Depredation	61,753	128,560	180,313		
Change in Assets and Liabilities.					
Accounts Receivable	(17,762)	(266,740)	(273,602)		
Due From Oher Governments	· •	10,538	10,536		
Due From Bristo Townhale Authority		50,078	50,079		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,000	(28,160)	(24,150)		
Propeld and Other Assols	1,483	(81,068)	(70,685)		
Accounta Payable	1,403				
Estroy Deposits	-	11,292	11,292		
Compensated Absences Due To Other Funds	(124)	4, 8 52 -	4,652 (124)		
bot is said i digit					
Not Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 33,728	\$ 487,084	\$ 520,790		

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Pension Trusi <u>Fund</u>		Agency Funds	<u>Total</u>
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	635,628	\$	1,447,849	\$ 2,083,175
Accounts Receivable		34,394,088 22,536			34,394,088 22,536
Interest Receivable		122,863		•	122,863
Due from External Parties				<u> </u>	
Total Assats	<u>\$</u>	35,174,993	<u>\$</u>	1,447,849	\$ 36,622,842
Lisbililas					
Accrued Liabilities	\$	20,020	s	1,401,983	\$ 1,422,003
Due to External Parties				45,660	 45,666
Total Liebijnies		20,020		1,447,849	 1,467,669
Net Assets					
Held In Trust for Employee Pension Benefits	\$_	36,164,973	\$		\$ 35,154,973

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

			 Pension Trust Fund
Addillons:	Employer Employee Commonw	ealth	\$ 307,778 583,496
		Total Contributions	 891,274
Investment	Interest an	d Dividends slation in Fair Value of investments Total investment Gain	 1,097,931 6,379,716 7,477,647
	Less:	Investment Expense	 (63;516)
		Net investment Gain	 7,394,131
		Total Additions	 8,285,405
Deductions	Employee I Members' (Benefils Paid Contributions Refunded tive Expenses Total Deductions	 2,454,623
Net Increas	8		5,830,782
Net Assets	Beginning o	of Year	 29,324,191
Net Assets	End of Year	,	\$ 35,154,973

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Township of Bristol (the "Township") operates under the Home Rule Charter which complies with the First Class Township Code under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The operations of the Township are vested in an executive and five member council. The Township provides the following services: general administrative services, tax collection, public improvements, public safety, conservation and development, culture and recreation and maintenance and repairs of highways and streets programs. The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

A summary of the Township's significant accounting policies is as follows:

A) Reporting Entity

The Township has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units." The management of the Township has determined that no entities should be included in the financial statements of the Township.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets, and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are effected by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1.) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2.) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Properly taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar Items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability rather than an expenditure.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property taxes which must be received within 60 days of year end to be deemed available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating grants, capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the Township receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during the period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as another financing source rather than a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims for judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Refuse Fund accounts for expenditures related to the collection and disposal of refuse.
- The Street Lights Fund accounts for expenditures related to the operation and maintenance of street lights.
- The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for capital expenditures of the Township.

The Township reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water Fund is used to account for the fiscal activities of the Water Distribution System.
- The Sewer Fund is used to account for fiscal activities of the Sewage Treatment Plant and Collection System.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

- The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the revenue (i.e., member contributions, Township contributions, and net investment income) and the expenses (i.e., contributions refunded, retirement allowances, and death benefits paid) of the Police Pension Trust Fund.
- The Agency Funds consist of Escrow Funds maintained with the Township for construction projects and for tax funds collected and owed to the county

The Township's enterprise funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheet. The proprietary funds type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 31, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those-standards do not conflict with or contradict accounting guidance. Based on the accounting and reporting standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Township has opted to apply only the accounting and reporting pronouncements Issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) on or before November 30, 1989 for business-type activities and enterprise funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed for their intended purposes.

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the Township considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and Payables

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances (Continued)

3. Investments

Investments for the Township are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated values.

4. Prepaid Assets

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid assets in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents cash set aside for liquidation of specific obligations. At December 31, 2009, the General Fund restricted cash balance of \$128,051 represents funds to be escheated to the state and the Sewer Fund restricted cash balance of \$86,697 represents amounts paid by a property owner that are held in an escrow account for the purpose of sewer hookup and unclaimed montes to be remitted to the state.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure with Initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlay of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital asset of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following intended useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Ag Easements	40
Buildings and Improvements	5-40
Equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	40
Water Lines	40
Sewer Collection Lines .	10-50

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances (Continued)

7. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable and taxes receivable for the governmental activities have been reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$344,421 and \$70,286 respectively. The Sewer Fund evaluates the collectability of individual receivables and, if necessary, records an allowance for doubtful accounts. At December 31, 2009, \$763,431 is provided for such doubtful receivables at year end. The Sewer Department's policy is to file a lien against the respective property for delinquent sewer customers; however, the Sewer Department is required to provide continuous service to these customers.

Compensated Absences

Township policy permits employees to accumulate a fimited amount of earned, but unused sick time. These benefits are payable to employees upon separation of services. All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Funds statements. The computed liability is in compilance with GASB 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Deferred/Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues reported in government-wide financial statements will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent revenues which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported as deferred revenues. The Township deems revenues received within 90 days of year end to be available with the exception of property taxes, which must be received within 60 days of year end to be deemed available.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances (Continued)

11. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category groups
 all capital assets into one component of net assets. Accumulated
 depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to
 the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the
 balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Assets This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Assets This category represents net assets of the Township, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, reserves and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various reserves and designations are established by actions of the Township Council and management and can be increased, reduced, or eliminated by similar actions.

12. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute relmbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers.

13. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual amounts may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Legal Requirements

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania statutes require that Township Governments establish budgetary systems and adopt annual operating budgets. The Township's annual budget includes the General Fund, Certain Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds, and is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures approved by the Township Council. The Township adopted the 2009 budget on the same basis of accounting as reported in the financial statements. The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Township Budget Process

- During the fall, the executive of the Township prepares a preliminary budget which is submitted to the Township Council for review.
- The Township Council reviews the preliminary projections of revenues and expenditures incorporating any revisions or adjustments.
- 3. Public meetings are conducted on the proposed budget. The proposed budget is available for public inspection for 20 days prior to final adoption.
- 4. After the 20-day inspection period, but prior to December 31, the Township Council adopts the final budget by enacting an appropriate resolution.
- Formal budgetary process is employed as a planning device. The adopted budget is on the modified accrual basis. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Council.

Level of Control

The Township maintains budgetary control at the individual fund level.

Lapsing of Appropriations

Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management Amendment Authority

During the course of the year, departmental needs may change, emergencies may occur or additional revenue may arise. As a result, funds are transferred between line items of a department's budget or additional revenue may need to be budgeted for a specific project or grant. Adjustments to the budget are made on a line item basis during the year and approved by Township Council.

Financial analysis is provided monthly to management showing spending levels in comparison to the current budget. The budget is also reviewed by management with operating departments.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F) Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement

The Township adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 52 "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments". The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

G) Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

In 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intengible Assets". The Township is required to adopt Statement No. 51 for its calendar year 2010 financial statements.

In June 2008, GASB issued Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". The Township is required to adopt Statement No. 53 for its calendar year 2010 financial statements.

In March 2009, GASB Issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The Township is required to adopt Statement No. 54 for its calendar year 2011 financial statements.

In December 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 57 "OPEB Measurement by Agent Employers and Agent Multi-Employer Plans". The Township is required to adopt statement No. 57 for its calendar year 2012 financial statements.

In December 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 58 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcles". The Township is required to adopt statement No. 58 for its calendar year 2010 financial statements.

The Township does not expect these new pronouncements to have an effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 2: DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK

Under Section 1705.1 of the Township Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Township is authorized to invest its funds in the following:

- United States Treasury Bills.
- Short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities.
- Deposits In savings accounts or time deposits, other than certificates of deposit, or share accounts of institutions having their principal place of business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or other like insurance.
- Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full falth and credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full falth and credit of the political subdivision.

NOTE 2: DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

- Shares of an Investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933.
- Certificates of deposit purchased from institutions having their principal place of business in or outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which are insured by the FDIC or other like insurance. For any amounts in excess of the insured maximum, such deposits shall be collateralized by a pledge or assignment of assets pursuant to Act No. 72 of the General Assembly. Certificates of deposit may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of a savings and loan's or savings bank's assets net of its liabilities.
- Commercial paper and prime commercial paper meeting certain requirements.
- Repurchase agreements which are fully collateralized by obligations of the United States of America.

For all deposits above the insured maximum, assets are pledged as collateral under Subsection (c)(3), to be pooled in accordance with the Act of August 6, 1971 (P.L. 281, No. 72).

The Township and the Police Pension Plan have no formal policy pertaining to exposure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or interest rate risk for deposits and investments.

Deposits

The Township's deposits including both restricted and unrestricted cash excluding the Pension Trust Fund at December 31, 2009 were as follows:

	Book Balance	Bank Balance
Governmental Funds Proprietary Fund Fiduclary Fund	\$9,479,061 2,038,575 1,447,649	\$10,323,703 2,038,575 1,447,649
	\$12,965,285	\$13 ,809,927

Investments

The Township's investments at December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Pension Trust Fund

·	Cost	Market <u>Value</u>
Fixed income Mutual Funds Equities Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 10,498,988 4,658,666 13,869,231	\$ 11,019,377 5,100,937 18,273,754
	\$ 29,026,885	\$ 34,394,068

NOTE 2: DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2009, the Township had the following debt investments and maturities within its Police Pension Plan accounts:

Average Investment Maturitles (in Years)

Investment Type	Falr Value	Less than 1 year	1-5	6-10
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	\$11,019,377	\$ -	\$ 9,096,898	\$ 1,922,479
	\$11,019,377	\$	\$ 9,098,898	\$ 1,922,479

Interest Rate Risk. The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates for the Police Pension Plan.

Credit Risk. At December 31, 2009, \$1,061,49 (10%), \$9,096,898 (83%), and \$861,010 (7%) of the Police Pension Plan fixed Income mutual funds were rated AAA, AA and B, respectively by Standard & Poors and the Police Pension Plan money market funds recorded as cash and cash equivalents were unrated. The Township does not have a formal policy that limits investments to ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations for the Police Pension Plan.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Township does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount or percent that may be invested in any one issuer for the Pension Police Plan. At December 31, 2009, no investment of the Police Pension Plan represented 5% or more of total net assets.

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2009, \$13,559,927 of the Township's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk, as they were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and uninsured. At December 31, 2009, none of the Township Police Pension Plan investments were exposed to custodial credit risk. The Township does not have a formal policy related to custodial credit risk for the Governmental Activities or the Pension Trust Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 3: REAL ESTATE TAXES

Real estate taxes attach as an enforceable llen on property on May 1. Taxes are billed on March 1, payable under the following terms: 2% discount, March 1 based on the assessed value listed as of the prior December 31 for the real property located in the Township through May 1; face amount, May 2 through July 1, and 10% penalty after July 2. The Township bills these taxes which are collected by Township Tax Office. Assessed values of real property are generally 10.31% of the market value as determined by the Bucks County Board of Assessment. Real estate taxes levied for 2009 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. The net receivables collected during 2009 and expected to be collected within the first sixty (60) days of 2010 are recognized as revenue in 2008. Net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to March 1, are reflected in deferred revenue. Prior years levies are recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are annually reevaluated as to collectibility.

The rate of real estate taxation in 2009 was 13.205 mills for general purposes, 1.15 mills for recreation purposes, 2 mills for fire purposes, 2.4575 mills for debt purposes, .55 mills for rescue purposes, .125 mills for pension purposes, and 1.5 mills for capital projects on a total Township assessed valuation of \$420,668,490.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Asset Transfer (See note 17)	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in Progress	\$ 1,463,980 129,645	\$ - 17,651	\$ 45,000	\$ - (28,099)	\$ 1,508,980 119,197
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,593,625	17,651	45,000	(28,099)	1,628,177
Capital assets, being depreciated Agricultural Easements Improvements Buildings Equipment Leasehold Assets Infrastructure	431,125 791,060 2,713,300 1,681,371 1,956,672 53,338,918	7,650 334,858 - 418,450	1,160,689	-	431,125 791,060 3,881,639 2,016,229 1,956,672 53,702,368
Total capital assets, being depreciated	60,912,446	760,958	1,160, <u>68</u> 9		62,834,093
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Agricultural Easements Improvements Buildings Equipment Leasehold Assets Infrastructure	(43,112) (473,494) (1,800,698) (1,063,248) (653,118) (33,628,267)	(10,778) (21,314) (50,449) (161,325) (277,716) (1,190,663)	(1,088,048)	-	(53,890) (494,808) (2,939,195) (1,224,573) (930,834) (34,818,930)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,661,937)	(1,712,245)	(1,088,048)		(40,462,230)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	23,250,509	(951,287)	72,641		22,371,863
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$24,844,134	\$ (933,636)	\$ 117,841	\$(28,099)	\$24,000,040

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Asset Transfer (See Note 17)	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ -	\$ ~	\$ 140,000	\$ -	\$ 140,000
Construction in Progress		546,568	-		<u>546,568</u>
Total Capital Assets, Not being Depreciated		546,568	140,000	<u> </u>	686,568
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	_		1,288,943	-	1,288,943
Tanks		_	1,964,174	-	1,964,174
Pump Stations	-		1,056,207	_	1,056,207
Land Improvements	5,970			-	5,970
Office Equipment	103,480	_	-	_	103,480
Vehicles	97,825		-	-	97 ,82 5
Equipment	257,062	42,534	3,233,327	-	3,532,923
Collection System	397,276	-	4,965,440	-	5,362,716
Water Lines	2,601,519			-	2,601,519
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	3,463,132	42,534	12,508,091		16,013,757
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:			•		
Buildings	_	-	(1,288,943)	-	(1,288,943)
Tanks	_	(15,158)		_	(1,382,367)
Pump Stations	-	(5,055)	(778,378)	-	(783,433)
Land Improvements	(2,787)	(1,194)		-	(3,981)
Office Equipment	(94,896)	(1,005)	-	_	(95,901)
Vehicles	(92,481)	(4,276)	-	-	(96,757)
Equipment	(88,353)	(46,611)	(2,955,318)	-	(3,090,282)
Collection System	(67,643)	(55,261)	(4,361,131)	-	(4,484,035)
Water Lines	(1,576,086)	(61,7 <u>53)</u>			(1,637,839)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,922,246)	(190,313)	(10,750,979)		(12,863,538)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	1,540,886	(147.779)	1,757,112		3,150,219
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$1,540,886	\$ 398,789	\$ 1,897,112	\$	\$ 3,836,787

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government	\$ 49,156
Public safety	243,740
Public works highways and streets	1,358,860
Culture and recreation	 60,489

Total Depreciation Expense, Governmental Activities \$ 1,712,245

Business-Type Activities

Water Fund Sewer Fund	\$ 61,753 128,560
Total Depreciation Expense, Business-Type Activities	\$ 190,313

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Police Pension Trust Fund

Plan Description

The Township maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for all of the full-time police officers under the provisions of ordinance 2005-02 adopted pursuant to Act 600. The plan is included in the financial statements of the Township as a pension trust fund. The financial statements of the pension trust fund are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due, in accordance with Act 205, as amended by Act 189. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Current memberships in the plan are composed of the following based on the actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active Employees	76
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	61
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them	·. 1

All full-time police officers are required to participate in the plan. The plan provides for normal retirement at age 50 after 25 or more years of service or age 60 with 20 or more years of service. The amount of the pension benefit is 50% of the monthly average salary during the last thirty-six months of employment plus \$20 per month for every year's service in excess of 25 years up to a maximum additional benefit of \$100 per month. Benefits vest after 12 years of service. The plan provides survivor benefits of 50% or 100% if killed in service. Disability is provided for service injuries at 100% of annual rate of pay offset by workers'

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

compensation. Cost of living adjustments shall be provided for all members retiring on or after January 1, 1991, based on the increase in Consumer Price Index. The pension benefit shall not exceed 75% of salary for computing the pension benefit and the lotal cost of living adjustment shall not exceed 30% of the original pension benefit.

Funding Policy

The Township's police pension plan funding policy provides for periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates, expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll that are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentages of payroll employer contributions rates are determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method as required by Pennsylvania Act 205. The plan also uses a method defined by Act 205 to amortize the compounded liability over the defined period. As a condition of participation, employees are required to contribute a portion of their salary to the plan as stipulated through Pennsylvania Act 205. Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. Interest is accumulated each year at a rate of 5%. The Township contribution to the plan is governed by Act 205, which monitors minimum actuarial funding for pension plans. Administration cost of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

The following schedule of funding progress presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Schedule of i	Funding Progres	s for the Bristol	Fownship Police	Pension Plan
COMMUNIC OF	i diligilità i dell'ass	C TO THE WITH		1, 12, 142, 12

Actuadal Valuation <u>Data</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (<u>(b-a)</u>	Funded Railo (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroli ((b-a)/o)
1/1/05	\$21,701,499	\$31,809,345	\$10,107,846	72.6%	\$4,704,683	214.9%
1/1/07	\$25,329,086	\$34,870,323	\$ 9,541,237		\$5,062,559	188,5%
1/1/09	\$38,121,448	\$42,174,232	\$4,052,784		5,797,453	69,9%

investments

The pension trust fund investments are stated at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Annual Pension Cost

The annual required contribution was determined based on the most recent annual actuarial valuation dated as of January 1, 2009. The entry age normal method of funding was used in the valuation. Significant actuarial assumptions include: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets at 8%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

per year net of investment expenses and (b) projected salary increases of 6% per year.

Annual Pension Costs – Three-year Trend Information					
	Annual	Percentage of Amount	Nei		
	Pension	Of Pension Costs	Pension		
Year Ended	<u>Costs</u>	Contributed	<u>Assets</u>		
December 31, 2009	\$ 959,642	61%	\$ 10,992,975		
December 31, 2008	\$ 499,322	124%	\$ 11,299,121		
December 31, 2007	\$1,984,931	100%	\$ -		

Actuarial Valuation Information

The Township has an actuarial valuation prepared every two years. The following methods and assumptions were used to prepare the valuation:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2009
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	130% of Market Value
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	16 Years
Actuarial Assumptions:	•
Investment Rate of Return	В%
Projected Salary Increases	6%

During 2008, the Township issued federally taxable general obligation bonds to fully fund the unfunded actuarial accrued pension liability in the police pension plan. The Township's contribution resulted in a net pension asset in the police pension plan. At December 31, 2009, the Township's net pension asset was:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	543,501
Interest on net pension asset		(903,930)
Adjustment to ARC		1,320,071
Annual pension cost (expense)		959,642
Contributions made		(583,496)
Decrease in net penson asset		376,148
Net pension asset - beginning of year	(1	1,299,121)
Net pension asset - end of year	\$ (1	0,922,975)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Act 205 of 1984, the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, initiated actuarial funding requirements for municipal pension plans. Under Act 205 provisions, a municipal budget must provide for the full payment of the minimum municipal obligation ("MMO") to each employee pension fund of the municipality. Act 189 of 1990 amended Act 205 and redefined the calculation used to determine the MMO to employee pension funds. The MMO is now defined as the total financial requirements to the pension fund, less funding adjustments and estimated contributions. The annual required contribution for the MMO to the Pension Trust Fund was \$543,501, which was funded by the Township through a State Aid amount of \$583,496. The contribution represented 10% of covered payroli. Employee contributions in 2009 totaled \$307,778 or 5% of covered payroli.

 Schedule of Contributions I 	From Empl	loyer - Six-year i	Trend Information

Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage of Annual Required Contribution <u>Contributed</u>
December 31, 2009 December 31, 2008 December 31, 2007 December 31, 2006 December 31, 2005	\$ 543,501 \$ 499,322 \$1,984,931 \$1,951,148 \$1,901,805	107% 124% 100% 100% 100%
December 31, 2004	\$1,535,956	100%

B. Nonuniform Employees

The Township provides a defined contribution pension plan for eligible full-time nonuniformed employees of the Township. Members are permitted to contribute an amount up to 10% of their compensation to the Plan. The Township contributes on behalf of each member who was a participant on the last day of the plan year an amount equal to 1% above the member's contribution up to a maximum of 5%. Township and employee contributions to the plan were \$139,075 and \$143,201, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2009.

C. Bristol Township Sewer Department

The Sewer Department provides a defined contribution pension plan for eligible full-time employees. Members are required to contribute an amount equal to 1% of compensation but may elect to contribute an amount in excess of the required 1% up to a maximum of 10% of compensation. The Sewer Department contributes on behalf of each member, on a quarterly basis, a maximum of 5% of each member's compensation. The contribution of the Sewer Department shall be equal to the contribution of the member up to 4% of compensation plus 1%. The Sewer Department and employee contributions to the plan were \$24,318 and \$32,872, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2009.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 6: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Township has established and administers a deferred compensation program (the "Program") in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) available to all full-time Township employees. Contributions to the Program are made from employee payroll deductions based on an election by the participant. Assets of the Program amounting to \$6,276,081 are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Investments are managed by the Program trustees under various investment options. The choice of the investment option is made by the participants. The Township is not responsible for any investment loss incurred in the Program or for the failure of any investment to earn a specific or expected return.

NOTE 7: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full-time employees earn vacation to be used by the end of the year or it is forfeited. Township police officers are entitled to accrue unlimited days of sick leave benefits and at termination or retirement, are entitled to payment for all unused sick time in an amount equal to the existing hourly rate. In addition, the remaining Township employees accrue sick leave benefits and at time of retirement or resignation are paid for 50% of unused sick leave as determined in the employee's contractual agreement.

For employee's of the Sewer Department, vacation time not taken at year end accrues and must be taken within the next nine months. If the employee terminates within the nine month period, accrued vacation is due to the employee. Employees' may accrue up to 150 days of sick leave and will be paid 50% of the accrued sick leave at time of termination up to a maximum of \$5,000 if the employee has 10 years of service and a maximum of \$7,500 if the employee has 20 years of service.

Applicable GASB pronouncements require accrual of sick pay that meet certain specific conditions. The Township has determined that such conditions apply to accumulated sick pay of Governmental Funds and the Proprietary Funds. To the extent sick pay liabilities in Governmental Funds are to be liquidated with available resources, they are accounted for as fund liabilities in the Fund Financial Statements; the remainder of the obligation is accounted for as a liability in the Government-wide financial statements. Proprietary Funds account for the entire amount of these liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 8:

LONG-TERM DEBT

Other liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. A summary of changes in long-term debt obligations at December 31, 2009:

Sovernmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Belance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds and notes payable: General obligation bonded debt	\$19,345,000	\$ -	\$ (365,000)	\$18,980,000	\$ 525,000
Total bonds payable	19,345,000		(365,000)	18,980,000	525,000
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	1,903,095	302,475	(440.040)	2,205,570	-
Capital leases Liability for other postemployment	684,689	~	(412,840)	271,849	200,725
benefits	4,620,063	5,680,999	(1,990,467)	8,310,595	•
Estimated workers compensation	.,,	-1 1	• • • • •		
claims	180,875	-	(180,875)		
Total Other liabilities	7,388,722	5,983,474	(2,584,182)	10,788,014	200,725
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$26,733,722	\$ 5,983,474	\$ (2,949,182)	\$29,768,014	\$ 725,725
					
Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due WithIn One Year
<u> </u>					
Note payable	\$147,000	<u> \$</u>		\$ 147,000	\$ 147,000
Total note payable	147,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	147,000	147,000
Other Llabilities:					
Compensated absences	14,720		(4,652)	10,068	
Total Other liabilities	14,720	 _	(4,652)	10,068	
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$161,72 0	\$	\$ (4,652)	\$ 157,068	\$ 147,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on these governmental activities obligations follows (with the exception of compensated absences, estimated workers' compensation liability, liability for other posternployment benefits, and capital leases):

Vers Fried Describer 64	Principal <u>Regulrements</u>	Interest Regulrements	Total Debt Service Requirements
Years Ended December 31; 2010	\$ 625,000	\$ 1,109,720	\$ 1,634,720
2010	550,000	1,089,695	\$ 1,634,720 1,639,695
	•		
2012	565,000	1,067,895	1,632,895
2013	590,000	1,044,893	1,634,893
2014	615,000	1,019,805	1,634,805
2015-2019	3,530,000	4,642,586	8,172,586
2020-2024	4,555,000	3,631,900	8,186,900
2025-2029	2,040,000	2,592,387	4,632,387
2030-2034	2,875,000	1,765,335	4,640,335
2035-2038	3,135,000	579,507	3,714,507
	\$ 18,980,000	\$_18, <u>5</u> 43,723	\$ 37,523,723

The following is a summary of general obligation debt outstanding:

<u>Year</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Balance Outstanding December 31, <u>2008</u>
2004	\$10,000,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 – General obligation bonds with interest semiannually through September 1, 2022; interest rates range from 2.250% to 4.875%; principal payments due annually through September 1, 2022, for the refunding of the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 1994 and the General Obligation Note, Series of 1997 and for the funding of various capital projects.	\$ 7,550,000
2008	\$ 11,430,000	Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 — General obligation bonds with interest semiannually through September 15, 2038; interest rates range from 4.85% to 7.15%; principal payments due annually through September 15, 2038, for the funding of the Township's unfunded actuarial accrued liability in its Uniformed Pension Plan.	\$ 11,430,000

Total

\$ 18,980,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 9: OBLIGATION UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

Obligation under capital lease consists of the following leases payable:

- 1 Compactor In the amount of \$35,800 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an Interest rate of 4.9% expiring in May 2011.
- 1 Paver In the amount of \$247,645 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an interest rate of 4.9% expiring in May 2011.
- 1 Roller in the amount of \$88,150 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an interest rate of 4.9% expiring in May 2011:
- 1 Street Sweeper in the amount of \$177,053 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an Interest rate of 4.52% expiring in May 2011.
- 5 2008 Chevy Impalas in the amount of \$255,487 for the Police Department bearing an interest rate of 5.45% expiring in July of 2010.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Asset:

Equipment \$1,956,672
Less: Accumulated Depreciation (930,834)
Total \$1,025,838

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease agreements together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2009:

Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$286,062
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(14,213)
Total Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	271,849
Less: Amounts Due within One Year	(200,725)
Long Term Capital Lease Payable	\$ 71,124

Future minimum capital lease payments as of December 31, 2009:

2010	\$ 200,725
2011	71,124
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 271,849

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 10: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances consist of the following at December 31, 2009:

Governmental Funds:	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 153,360	\$ -
Street Lights Fund	1,819	-
Capital Reserve Fund	1,823	-
Refuse Fund	18,347	-
Other Governmental Funds	42,589	172,272
Total Governmental Funds	217,938	172,272
Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds		45,686
Total Fiduciary Funds	-	45,666
Total Interfund Receivables and Payables	\$ 217,938	\$ 217,938

The Township utilizes a pooled operating fund to enhance investment return, therefore interfund receivables and payables are recorded to recognize amounts held by the General Fund in the pooled account on behalf of the other funds. In addition, the General Fund has paid expenses on behalf of other funds, therefore, a corresponding interfund receivable and payable has been recorded.

NOTE 11: INTERFUND OPERATING TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers are as a result of the requirement for the General Fund to match a portion of the expenditures or expenses of other funds as follows:

Governmental Funds:	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 130,000	\$ 140,076
Street Lights Fund	-	40,000
Refuse Fund		55,000
Other Governmental Funds	140,076	
Total Governmental Funds	270,076	235,076
Proprietary Fund Water Fund	<u> </u>	36,000
Total Proprletary Funds		35,000
Total Interfund Operating Transfers	\$ 270,076	\$ 270,076

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 12: INTERAUTHORITY TREATMENT SERVICES

The Township has separate agreements with four other municipal authorities which provide for the treatment by these authorities of a portion of the wastewater collected by the Township. These agreements expire between 2004 and 2012. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Township's expense for treatment services under these agreements was \$1,661,322.

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township maintains an insurance policy ("Policy") for workers' compensation insurance. Insurance premiums are developed based on employee job descriptions, rate factors, and payroll costs for the year. The Policy has an audit performed each year and the Township may be required to pay any additional premium as a result of the audit, or the Township may be entitled to a regular as a result of the audit. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Township pald insurance premiums of \$723,683. The Township was required to pay an additional premium of \$33,019 as a result of an audit in 2009.

NOTE 14: RESERVED/RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS

The reservations/restrictions of fund balance/net assets included in the government-wide and fund financial statements represent portions of fund balances/net assets that are restricted for various purposes and are not available for payment of other subsequent expenditures. The following reservations/restrictions are included in the government-wide and fund financial statements:

\$35,154,973

Governmental Activities/Governmental Funds

Police Retirement Trust Fund

pension benefits.

Street Lights Fund Program Purposes Reserved for future payments of the street lights program.	<u>\$ 1,519,102</u>
Refuse Fund Program Purposes Reserved for future payments of the refuse program.	<u>\$ 562,013</u>
Capital Reserve Fund Reserved for construction on capital projects.	<u>\$ 1.168.932</u>
Other Governmental Funds	
<u>Capital Project Funds</u> Reserved for construction on capital projects.	<u>\$ 231.674</u>
<u>Debt Service Funds</u> Reserved for payment of principle and interest on debt	\$ 648,273
<u>Program Purposes</u> Reserved for future payments of the programs these funds are restricted for.	<u>\$ 2.027.506</u>
Fiduciary Funds	

This reserve represents amounts restricted for the payment of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 15: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description. The Township administers a single-employer postemployment benefit plan (the Plan) that covers health insurance for eligible retirees. In addition, effective January 1, 1987, officers' spouses not covered by other health care benefits are covered 100% and minor children residing in the same house as the officer are covered 50% by the Township. The Plan is governed by the Collective Bargaining Agreement (the Agreement) between Bristol Township and the Bristol Township Police Benevolent Association. The Agreement provides the authority under which benefit provisions for the Plan were established and may be amended. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the Township are established and may be amended by the establishment of a new Agreement between Bristol Township and the Bristol Township Police Benevolent Association. The Plan does not require any contributions from Plan members. The Township funds the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For 2009, the Township contributed \$1,990,467 to the plan for current premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Township's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The Township's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009 were as follows:

Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>		Annual <u>OPEB Cost</u>	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB <u>Obligation</u>	
12/31/08	.*	\$ 5,512,779	16.19%	\$ 4,620,063	
12/31/09		\$ 5,680,999	35.04%	\$ 8,310,595	

The Township adopted GASB 45 on a prospective basis in 2008; therefore only two years are presented in the above schedule.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 15 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the components of the Township's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Township's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			otal Primary overnment
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	5,759,134	\$	5,759,134
Interest on net OPEB obligation		165,542		165,642
Adjustment to ARC		(243,677)		(243,677)
Annual OPEB costs (expense)		5,680,999		5,680,999
Contributions made		(1,990,467)	<u></u>	(1,990 <u>,467)</u>
increase in net OPEB obligation		3,690,532		3,690,532
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		4,620,063		4,620,063
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$</u>	8,310,595	<u>\$</u>	8,310,595

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of January 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$60,470,991 and there were no assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$60,470,991. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4.8 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 1249.9%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 15 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

in the January 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% Investment rate of return, which is the expected long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payments of benefits, a salary increase of 6% per year, a health care cost trend rate of 12% initially, reduced by 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% in 2022 and later years. The actuarial assumptions also include a vision cost trend rate increase of 5.0% per year. The actuarial valuation assumes 100% participant election and 80% of retiring member's spouses will elect coverage under the plan. The UAAL is being amortized using the level dollar method over a period of 30 years on a closed basis.

NOTE 16: LITIGATION

In the normal course of business, there are various claims and suits pending against the Township and its elected officials. Management is of the opinion that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Township's financial position at December 31, 2009.

The Department has received a Consent Decree from the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") pertaining to the operations and record keeping at the Sewage Plant regarding alleged violations of State and Federal regulations. At December 31, 2009, the Township recorded a liability of \$225,000 in accounts payable in the Sewer Fund for the violation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 17: ASSET TRANSFERS

The following asset transfers occurred between the Township and Its Component Units (Bristol Township Sewer Authority and Bristol Township Sewer Department) during 2009. The Bristol Township Authority was officially dissolved as of July 20, 2009 and Its remaining assets were transferred to the Township. The net book value of the Township Building of \$117,641 was transferred to the Governmental Activities. The net book value of the sewer plant, collection systems, etc. of \$1,846,750 and \$840,303 of unspent cash was transferred to the Township's Sewer Fund. As of January 1, 2009, the Sewer Department was established as a separate enterprise fund in the Township's Financial Statements. This resulted in a net asset transfer of \$440,556.

Not Assets	<u>G</u>	overnmental Activities	<u>B</u> L	islness Type Activities	Component Units		
Net Assets beginning of year as as previously stated	\$	20,529,600	\$	1,844,900	\$	3,011,226	
Authority activity for the period 4/1/08 thru 7/20/09		-		-		817,130	
Sawer Department activity for the period 4/1/08 - 12/31/08		_		-		(583,106)	
Asset Transfer		117,641		3,127,609		(3,245,250)	
Net Assets beginning of year	\$	20,647,241	\$_	4,972,509	\$		

NOTE 18: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

in February 2010, the Township issued General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2010 for \$9,920,000. The proceeds will be used to currently refund the Township's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2004, to fund certain capital projects including without limitation improvements and repairs to the pump stations and sewer system, and to pay the costs of issuing and insuring the bonds.

In February 2010, the Township passed ordinance 2010-04 approving and securing \$9,000,000 in funding for the purpose of funding capital projects and improvements to the Sewer Treatment Plant with the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Investment Authority.

R E Q U I R E D S U P P L E M E N T A L

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budget <u>Origina</u>)	Amoi	unis <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	F	ariance with Inal Budgat Positiva (Negativa)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	13,694,389	\$	13,594,389	\$	13,088,918	\$	(505,471)
Licenses, Fees and Permits	ĺ	2,241,300		2,241,300		2,410,730		189,430
Charges for Service		1,780,558		1,780,556		1,184,002		(616,654)
Court Costs, Fines and Forfalls		300,000		300,000		286,656		(13,344)
Inlargovernmental		807,316		907,316		1,026,945		119,629
Interest		225,000		225,000		16,761		(208,239)
Miscelleneous		110,000		110,000		31B,470		208,470
Total Revenues		19,168,661		19,158,561		10,312,482		(848,079)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government		3,405,576		3,405,678		2,876,084		620,492
Public Şafaty		13,803,730		13,803,730		12,499,950		1,303,780
Public Works Highways and Streets		2,422,678		2,422,678		2,030,612		392,086
Health and Welfare		826,450		826,450		355,538		469,914
Debi Service								
Principal		-		•		24,108		(24,106)
Interest		-		-	_	757,105		(767,105)
Total Expenditures		20,457,434		20,457.434		18,543,393		1,914,041
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures		(1,298,873)		(1,298,873)		(230,911)		1,067,982
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers in		130,000		130,000		130,000		-
Operating Transfers Out		(140,000)		(140,000)		(140,076)		(76)
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(10,000)		(10,000)		(10,076)		(7 <u>8)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(1,308,873)		(1,308,673)		(240,987)		1,067,888
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		1,173,124		1,173,124	برر.	3,928,600		2,765,476
Fund Balancas (Deficit) End of Year	<u>\$</u>	(135,749)	\$	(135,749)	\$	3,887,613	\$	3,823,362

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP REFUSE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		Budgel	Amou		Actual	F	ariance with Inal Budget Positive
•		<u>Original</u>		Final	Amounts	3	Negalive)
Revenues							
Taxes	s	5,128,487	\$	5,128,487	\$ 5,512,379	\$	385,892
Charges for Service		84,000		84,000	2,159	•	(81,841)
Intergovernmental		120,000		120,000	208,522		88,522
Interest		5,000		5,000	 6,800	. _ _	800
Total Revenues		5,335,487		5,335,487	 5,728,860		393,373
Expenditures							
Current							
Health and Welfere		5,280,487		5,280,487	 5,266,137		24,350
Total Expenditures		5,280,487		5,280,487	5,258,137	,	24,350
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		65,000		55,000	472,723		417,723
Other Financing (Uses):							
Operating Transfers Out		(65,000)		(55,000)	 (55,000)		<u>.</u>
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(55,000)		(55,000)	 (65,000)		-
Net Changa in Fund Balances		-		-	417,723		417,723
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	·	-		<u>.</u>	 144,290		144,290
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 662,013	\$	562,013

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STREET LIGHTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		Budgel Amounte Original Final			Actual Amounis	Variance with Finel Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Taxes Charges for Service Intergovernmental	s	503,842 3,000	\$	503,842 5 3,000	535,687 500	\$ 31,845 (2,600)		
Inigrest Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000	6,187	(23,813)		
Total Revenues		538,842		1536,842	542,374	ნ ₁ 532		
Expanditures Current:								
Public Works Highways and Streets		829,000		829,000	755,464	73,638		
Total Expenditures		829,000	_	829,000	755,484	79,538		
Excess of Revenues Under Expanditures		(282,158)		(292,158)	(213,090)	79,088		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		332,158 (40,000)		332,158 (40,000)	(40,000)	(332,158)		
Total Other Financing (Uses)		292,158		292,156	(40,000)	(332,158)		
Net Change in Fund Balances .		-		-	(263,090)	(253,080)		
Fund Balancas Baginning of Year				•	1,772,182	1,772,192		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	1,519,102	\$ 1,619,102		

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-14
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	15
Statement of Activities	16
Final Standard Obelandard	
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	18
- Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	25
Notes to Financial Statements	26-51
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -	
General Fund	53
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
and Actual - Refuse Fund	54
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	
and Actual – Street Lights Fund	55 56
Schedule of Funding Progress for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	56

<u>Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Council Bristol Township Bristol, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bristol as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Township of Bristol's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Bristol's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit'in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bristol as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Township of Bristol adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intengible Assets," Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments," and Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies."

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2011, on our consideration of the Township of Bristol's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of Internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC

Township Council Bristol Township Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bristol Township's basic financial statements as a whole. The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 14, budgetary comparison information on pages 53 through 55, and the schedule of funding progress for posternoloyment benefits other than pensions on page 56 are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison and schedule of funding progress for postemployment benefits are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison and schedule of funding progress for postemployment benefits have not been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

Zelinhofske Aplik uc

Jamison, Pennsylvania May 5, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

This section of the financial statements for Township of Bristol ("Township") presents a narrative overview and narrative of the Township's financial performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Township total net assets decreased by \$3,563,275 in 2010.
- The General Fund Unreserved Fund Balance at the end of 2010 was \$3,767,740.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of the following three parts:

- Management's discussion and analysis (this section)
- Basic financial statements (including notes)
- Required supplementary information

Management's discussion and analysis is a guide to reading the financial statements and provides related information to help the reader to better understand the TOWNSHIP's government. The basic financial statements include notes that provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Required supplementary information is provided on the TOWNSHIP's Police Pension Trust Fund and budget to actual figures for major funds.

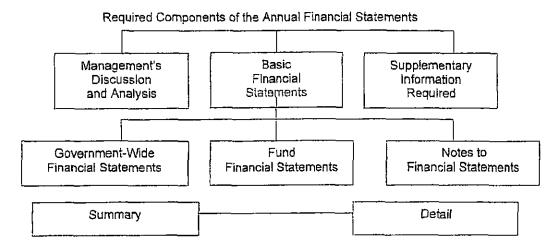
The basic financial statements present two different views of the TOWNSHIP.

- Government-wide financial statements, the first two statements, provide information about the TOWNSHIP's overall financial status as well as the financial status of the TOWNSHIP's component units.
- Fund financial statements, the remaining statements, focus on individual parts of the TOWNSHIP's government. They provide more detail on operations than the government-wide statements. There are three types of fund financial statements:
 - o Governmental funds statements show how general government services such as public safety, public works for highways and streets, and health and welfare were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - o Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the TOWNSHIP operates like a business, such as the water fund.
 - o Fiduciary funds statements reflect activities involving resources that are held by the TOWNSHIP as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, including employees of the TOWNSHIP like the Police Pension Trust Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources cannot be used to support the TOWNSHIP's programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Table A-1: Organization of the Township's Annual Financial Report



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the TOWNSHIP's financial statements, including the area of the TOWNSHIP's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Table A-2: Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements						
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary				
Scope	Entire entity and component units (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the Township, such as public safety and public works	The activities of the Township such as the Weter Fund	Instances in which the Township administers resources on behalf of others, such as the Police Pension Fund				
Required Financial Statements	-Statement of net assets -Statement of activities	-Balance Sheet -Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	-Statement of net assets -Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets -Statement of cash flows	-Statement of fiduciary net assets -Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset and llability information	All assets and llabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services and have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

The remainder of this overview explains the structure and contents of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

Government-wide financial statements report information about the TOWNSHIP as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

- The statement of net assets includes all the TOWNSHIP's assets and liabilities, except fiduciary funds, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business.
- The statement of activities focuses on how the TOWNSHIP's net assets changed during the year.
 Because it separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges
 for services, grants and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other
 sources not tied to a particular program), it shows to what extent each program has to rely on
 local taxes for funding.

All changes to net assets are reported using the accrual method of accounting, which requires that revenues be reported when they are earned and expenses be reported when the goods and/or services are received, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Net assets are one way to measure the TOWNSHIP's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the TOWNSHIP's net assets are one indicator of whether the TOWNSHIP's financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in the TOWNSHIP's real property tax base and general economic conditions must be considered to assess the overall position of the TOWNSHIP.

The primary government and its component units are included in the government-wide financial statements. Component units reflect the activities of legally separate government entities over which the TOWNSHIP can exercise influence and/or be obligated to provide financial support. The TOWNSHIP has two discretely presented component units: Bristol Township Authority; and the Bristol Township Sewer Department. Complete and detailed financial statements for the individual component units can be obtained from their administrative offices (See Note 1, Notes to the Financial Statements for addresses).

There are two categories of activities for the primary government:

- Governmental activities include the TOWNSHIP's basic services such as general government, public safety, public works for highways and streets, community development, health and welfare and culture and recreation. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities such as the TOWNSHIP's water fund charge a fee to customers to cover the costs of services.

Net assets of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated as it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt do not affect fund balances.

Government wide statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the statement of net assets:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets
- Report long-term debt as a liability

- · Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting
- Allocate net asset balances as follows:
 - o Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt
 - Restricted net assets are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
 - c Unrestricted net assets are net assets that do not meet any of the above restrictions

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information on the TOWNSHIP's most significant funds, not the TOWNSHIP as a whole. Funds are accounting devices, i.e., a group of related accounts, the TOWNSHIP uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law. Other funds are established to control and manage resources designated for specific purposes. Fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources and modified accrual accounting established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for governments.

The TOWNSHIP has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds include most of the TOWNSHIP's basic services and focus on: (1) the flow in
and out of cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash, and: (2) the
balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the
modified accrual accounting basis, and a current financial resources measurement focus.
Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps
determine the financial resources available in the near future to finance the TOWNSHIP's
programs.

The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that follows the governmental fund financial statements.

The TOWNSHIP adopts an annual budget for the general fund, as required by state law. A budgetary comparison of the TOWNSHIP's general fund is presented as required supplementary information.

- The proprietary fund reports business-type programs and activities that charge fees designed to recover the cost of providing services. The proprietary fund reports using full accrual accounting.
- Fiduciary funds are funds for which the TOWNSHIP is the trustee or fiduciary. These include the
 Police Pension Plan and certain agency funds, or clearing accounts for assets held by the
 TOWNSHIP in its role as cusiodian until the funds are allocated to the private parties,
 organizations or government agencies to which they belong. The TOWNSHIP is responsible to
 ensure the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. This fiduciary
 activity is reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in
 fiduciary net assets. These funds are excluded from the TOWNSHIP's government-wide financial
 statements because the TOWNSHIP cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Assets

The TOWNSHIP's total assets were \$57,641,157 at December 31, 2010. Of this amount, \$28,717,166 was capital assets.

GASB No. 34 requires that all capital assets, including infrastructure, be valued and reported within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, but allowed infrastructure to be added over several years.

Table A-3: Township of Bristol
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Toti	a (Total Percentage Change
	2016	2009	2010	260¢	2010	2009	
Capital Assets	\$ 24,498,853	\$ 24,000,040	\$ 4,218,313	\$ 3,836,787	\$ 28,717,166	\$ 27,836,827	3%
Other Assets	24,417,158	24,717,639	4,506,833	2,454.893	28,923,991	27,172,532	<u>6%</u>
Total Assets	48,916,011	48,717,679	8,725,146	6,291,680	57,641,157	55,009,359	5%
Other Liabilities	3,065,976	2,719,047	1,261,630	1,309,655	4.327,606	4,028,702	7%
Long-Term Liabilities	33,825,984	29,768,014	1,995,267	157,068	35,821,251	29,925,082	<u>20%</u>
Total Liebilities	36,891,960	32,487,061	3,256,897	1,466,723	40,148,857	33,953,784	18%
Net Assets;							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	24,054,302	16,299,389	4,218,313	3,689,787	28,272,615	19,989,176	41%
Restricted Not Assets	13,257,257	6,157,500	2,055,477	-	15,628,734	6,157,500	154%
Unrestricted Net Assets (Deficit)	(25,603,508)	(6,226,271)	(805,541)	1:135,170	(26,409,049)	(5,091,101)	<u>419%</u>
Total Ne: Assets	\$ 12,024,051	\$ 16,230,618	5,468,249	\$ 4,824,957	\$ 17,492,300	\$ 21,055,575	- <u>17</u> %

The following statement of activities represents changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2010. It shows revenues by source and expenses by function for governmental activities, business-type activities and the government as a whole.

Table A-4: Township of Bristol Condensed Statement of Activities

	Governmen	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government				y Government	Percentage Change
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Program Revenues:					_		
Charges for Services	\$ 3,964,526	\$ 3,972,797	\$ 5,217,442	\$ 4,930,285	\$ 9,181,968	\$ 8,903,082	3%
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	5,224,834	4,054,029	-	-	5,224,834	4,054,029	29%
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	775,2B7	196,908	=	•	775,287	196,908	294%
General Revenues:							
Real Estate Taxes	16,498,882	15,450,420	-	-	16,498,882	15,450,420	7%
Earned Income Taxes	5,205,907	5,286,331	-	-	5,205,907	5,286,331	-2%
Per Capita Taxes	123,097	139,781	-	-	123,097	139,781	-12%
Mercantile Taxes	454,374	616,930	-	-	454,374	616,930	-26%
Mechanical Devices		•					
Taxes	70,327	117,932	_		70,327	117,932	-40%
Occupational/EMS		•			-•		
Taxes	745,454	846,936			745,454	846,936	-12%
Amusement Taxes	4,050	5,229			4,050	5,229	-23%
In Lieu of Taxes	43,403	43,222			43,403	43,222	0%
Unrestricted	75,105	,			,	15,222	
Investment Earnings	30,052	44,394	(59,828)	8,247	(29,776)	52,641	-157%
Transfers	70,000	35,000	(70,000)	(35,000)	(-1),,-,	-,011	100%
Loss on Disposal of	, 5,000	**,555	(10,000)	(,,			10771
Fixed Asset				-		_	100%
Miscellaneous	306,042	511,345	52,035	72,251	358,077	583,596	-39%
							- Kathala I
Total Revenues	33,516,235	31,321,254	5,139,649	4,975,783	38,655,884	36,297,037	6%
Expenses;							
General Government	2,596,606	3,137,900			2,595,606	3,137,900	-17%
Public Safety	20,420,188	18,692,323			20,420,188	18,692,323	9%
Public Works Highways	20,720,100	10,075,050			20,120,100	10,072,323	770
and Streets	5,862,533	5,305,943		_	5,862,533	5,305,943	10%
Community Development	2,129,134	1,058,170	-	_	2,129,134	1,058,170	101%
Culture and Recreation	637,467	666,598	-		637,467	666,598	-4%
Health and Welfare	5,237,904	5,611,673	_	_	5,237,904	5,611,673	-7%
Interest on Long Term	J,E31,704	2,011,015			5,251,704	2,07:10,0	-770
Debt Debt	892,860	1,265,270	_		892,860	1,265,270	-29%
Sewer Fund	692,000	7,203,270	3,850,721	4,594,718	3,850,721	4,594,718	-15%
Water Fund	•	_	645,636	528,617	645,636	528,617	22%
War Land				320,017	043,030	520,017	4470
Total Expenses	37,776,692	35,737,877	4,496.357	5,123,335	42,273,049	40,861,212	3%
Change in Net Assets	(4,260,457)	(4,416,623)	643,292	(147,552)	(3,617,165)	(4,564,175)	-21%
Net Assets - January	16,230,618	20,529,600	4,824,957	1,844,900	21,055,575	22,374,500	-6%
Equity Transfer	10,430,010	117,641	-1,047,237	3,127,609	ل 1 تودين ۽ م		
isquity Trillace		117,071		3,127,009		3,245,250	<u>-100%</u>
Net Assets - December 31	\$ 11,970,161	\$ 16,230,618	\$ 5,468,249	\$ 4,824,957	\$ 17,438,410	\$21,055,575	-17%

Net Program Expenses

Net program expenses indicate the amount of support required from taxes and other general revenues for a program of the government. In 2010, real estate taxes brought in \$16,498,882 and earned income taxes brought in \$5,205,907.

Table A-5: Township of Bristol
Net Cost of Governmental and Business-type Activities

Program	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
General Government	\$ 2,596,606	\$ (436,874)
Public Safety	20,420,188	(17,988,540)
Public Works Highways and Streets	5,862,533	(4,140,437)
Community Development	2,129,134	1,304,512
Culture and Recreation	637,467	(502,751)
Health and Welfare	5,237,904	(5,155,095)
Interest on Long Term Debt	892,860	(892,860)
Sewer Fund	809,262	809,262
Water Pund	(88,177)	(88,177)
Total	\$ 38,497,777	\$ (27,090,960)

The TOWNSHIP relied on real estate taxes, earned income taxes and other general revenues to fund 66% of its governmental and business-type activities in 2010.

Capital Assets

The TOWNSHIP's investment in capital assets at December 31, 2010, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$20,939,071. Capital assets consist primarily of land, buildings and equipment. The following is a summary of capital assets at December 31, 2010:

Table A-6: Township of Bristol Capital Assets

							Percentage
	Governmen	tel Activities	Husiness-Ty	po Activities	Та	nal	Change
	2010	2009	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u> 2010</u>	2009	_
Land	\$ 1,580,081	\$ 1,508,980	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 1,720,081	\$ 1,648,980	4%
Construction in Progress	323,316	119,197	1,195,897	546,568	1,519,213	665,765	128%
Agricultural Easements/Intengibles	431,125	431,125		•	431,125	431,125	0%
Buildings	3,881,639	3,881,639	1,288,943	1,288,943	5,170,582	5,170,582	0%
Improvements	1,174,958	791,060	5,970	5,970	1,189,928	797,030	48%
Equipment	4,833,671	3,972,901	3,753,223	3,734,228	8,586,894	7,707,129	11%
Infrastructure	54,420,667	\$3,7\$7,368			54,420,667	53,757,368	1%
Water Lines			2,601,519	2,601,519	2,601,519	2,601,519	0%
Tanks	-	-	1,964,174	1,964,174	1,964,174	1,964,174	0%
Pump Stations			1,056,207	1,056,207	1,056,207	1,056,207	0%
Collection System			5,369,211	5,362,716	5,369,211	5,362,716	0%
Accumulated Depreciation	(42,146,604)	(40,408,340)	<u>(13,156,831</u>)	(12,863,538)	(55,303,435)	(53,271,878)	<u>4%</u>
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 24,498,853	\$ 24,053,930	\$ 4.218,313	\$ 3,836,787	\$28,7:7,166	\$27,890,717	197%

Detailed information about the TOWNSHIP's capital assets can be found in Note 4, Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2010, the TOWNSHIP had \$36,568,994 of debt outstanding, including general obligation bonds, compensated absences, capital leases, a liability for other postemployment benefits and estimated workers compensation claims. Debt and other liabilities increased due mostly to the increase in the Townships liability for postemployment benefits required by GASB 45. Detailed information about the Township's debt can be found in Note 9, Notes to the Financial Statements. The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt at December 31, 2010.

Table A-7: Township of Bristol Statement of Long Term Debt

Type	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Bonds	\$ 18,980,000	\$ 9,920,000	\$ (8,382,000)	\$ 20,518,000
Compensated Absences	2,205,570	860,986	•	3,066,556
Capital Leases	271,849	579,592	(406,889)	444,552
Liability for Other			, ,	
Postemployment Benefits	8,310,595	4,229,291		12.539,886
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 29,768,014	\$ 15,589,869	\$ (8,788,889)	\$ 36,568,994

The Township's long-term debt level is low. In 2010 the 2004 Bond was refinanced resulting in a savings of approximately \$40,000 per year due to reduced interest rates.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The TOWNSHIP uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the TOWNSHIP's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved/undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the TOWNSHIP's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The TOWNSHIP's governmental funds include the general fund, special revenue funds, capital project funds, and the debt service funds. The general fund is the chief operating fund for the TOWNSHIP. Special revenue funds are restricted to specific legislated use. Capital project funds account for the proceeds of bond issues. The major funds are shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES

Governmental fund revenues by source at December 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, were as follows.

Table A-8: Township of Bristol Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds

	<u>2010</u>	2009	Changes
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 23,002,430	\$ 22,458,137	\$ 544,293
Licenses, fee and permits	2,518,137	2,415,301	102,836
Charges for services	1,193,887	1,250,577	(56,690)
Court costs, fines and forfeits	301,223	286,656	14,567
Intergovernmental	5,983,899	4,258,428	1,725,471
Interest	30,052	44,394	(14,342)
Other and reimbursed expenditures	316,946	386,464	(69,518)
Other Financing Sources			
Issuance of debt	7.868,544	-	7,868.544
Operating transfers in	290,512	270,076	20,436
Totai	\$ 41,505,630	\$31,370,033	\$ 10,135,597

Tax revenues increased in 2010 due to a 3 mil increase in tax rates. Revenue from Ilcenses, fees and permits increased due to a slight increase in building permits. Charges for services experienced a decrease due to a decrease in Tax certification fees reflected by the decline of the housing industry. Intergovernmental Revenue increased due to additional Grant revenues. Interest income decreased due to a drastic decrease in bank interest rates. Other revenue decreased due to a decrease in General Recoveries.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Governmental fund expenditures by function at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, were as follows:

Table A-9: Township of Bristol Expenditures by Function, Governmental Funds

	<u> 2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	Changes
Expenditures:			
General government	\$ 3,456,695	\$ 3,090,735	\$ 365,960
Public safety	15,158,257	14,395,769	762,488
Public works highways and safety	4,572,361	3,986,704	585,657
Community development	2,129,134	1,058,170	1,070,964
Health and welfare	5,237,904	5,611,673	(373,769)
Culture and recreation	582,859	605,628	(22,769)
Debt service			
Principal	1,091,889	777,840	314,049
Interest	1,077,750	1,133,390	(55,640)
Capital Outlay	859,711	373,603	486,108
Other Financing Uses			-
Operating transfers out	220,512	235,076	(14,564)
Payment to redeem bonds	7,550,000	`	7,550,000
Total	<u>\$ 41,937,072</u>	\$31,268,588	\$10,668,484

Increases in total expenditures in 2010 were mostly associated with contractual increases related to employee costs. Health and Welfare decreased due to Sewer Funds financial statements no longer being separated. Community development expenses increased due to additional grant funding. The decrease in capital outlay is a result of the completion of the road reconstruction projects.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Ending Fund Balances for Governmental Fund and Net Assets for Proprietary Funds at December 31, 2010:

Table A-10
Ending Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Net Assets, Proprietary Funds

<u>Fund</u>	Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ 3,767,740	\$ -
Refuse Fund	793,445	•
Street Lights Funds	1,129,946	-
Capital Reserve	1,732,719	-
Other Governmental Funds	2,583,603	•
Sewer Fund		3,788,279
Water Fund		1,679,970
Total	\$ 10,007,453	\$ 5,468,249

Budgetary Highlights

Total general fund revenues came in \$9,030 over projections. General fund expenditures came in \$72,551 under budget due to a concentrated effort to cut costs wherever possible.

Economic Conditions

Unemployment in Bristol Township tends to exceed the countywide unemployment rate. In addition, the median household income is also lower than the countywide figure. For these reasons economic factors tend to have a greater impact on Bristol Township than they do in surrounding communities.

The Township has undertaken economic development activities through its Department of Community Development and its Economic Development Advisory Board. This impact will be realized gradually and over time.

Next Year's Budget

Due to the current state of the economy, council did not increase taxes in 2010, they chose to meet the increases in current operating expenses with use of the townships reserves. Operating expenses are expected to continue to increase impacting next year's budget.

Township employees are represented by three labor unions and a total of six collective bargaining agreements that establish labor costs for all but 9 full-time employees. In particular, post retirement healthcare and pension costs have become burdensome to maintain. The Township is currently negotiating with four of the six collective bargaining units to provide wage and benefit levels that are financially sustainable.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the TOWNSHIP's finances and to demonstrate the TOWNSHIP's accountability. Questions concerning this financial information or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Township of Bristol Township Manager 2501 Bath Road Bristol, PA 19007

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Assets	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-Type Activities		Тојај
Cook and Cook Sandaniania	\$	8,993,027	S	2,000,535	\$	10,993,562
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	ų.	4,050,021	•	2,500,000	4	101000100
Accounts, net		635,268		554,311		1,189,579
Taxes		2,669,600		•		2,669,600
Due From External Parties		50,872		-		50,672
Due from Other Governments		486,116		•		486,116
Other Assets		850,184		83,703		939,867
Deferred Interest from Refunding		77,353		•		77,353
Pension Asset		10,520,687		•		10,520,687
Restricted Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		128,05 1		1,868,284		1,996,335
Capital Assets, No: Being Depreciated		2,334,522		1,335,897		3,670,419
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated (Net)		22,164,331		2,882,416		25,046,747
			_			
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	48,916,011	\$	8,725,148	\$	57,641,157
Lighillities						
A-secondo Decembro	\$	1,206,531	S	1,071,262	•	2,277,793
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	Φ	215,993	Ψ	8,920	4	225,913
Accrued Interest Payable		306,334		26,460		332,794
Unearned Revenues		374,565				374,565
Escheat Liebility		128,051		5,852		133,703
Escrow Deposits		•		74,007		74,007
Long Term Liabilities						,
Due within one year						
General Obligation Debt		579,671		75,329		855,000
Notes Payable				-		
Capital Leaso		253,631		-		253,831
Due in more than one year						
General Obligation Debt		18,033,873		1,980,148		20,014,021
Notes Payable		-		-		-
Capital Lease		190,720		-		180,720
Due to Bristol Township Sewer Department		-		-		-
Compensated Absences		3,061,505		15,119		3,076,624
Liability for other postemploment benofits		12,539,886				12,539,886
Total Liabilities	\$	36,891,960	\$	3,256,897	\$	40.148,857
Net Assets						
Invested in Depth Appeals Net of Deferred Debt	£	24,054,302	s	4,218,313	•	28,272,615
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	æ	44,434,382	•	744 1010 10	•	20,212,010
Restricted for: Capital Projects		9,176,997		2,055,477		11,232,474
Debt Sarvice		726,239		-11.11		726,239
Program Purposes		3,870,021				3,670,021
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(25,603,508)		(805,541)		(26,409,049)
Total Net Assets	\$	12,024,051	s	5.488,249	\$	17,492,300

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

			Procesam Revanue	19		Not (Expense) Revenue Changes in Not Asset	
		Courses for	Operating Grants and	Ceplisi Grans and	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Екрвивав	Services	Coniributions	Contrioutions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primery government:							
Governmental edivides:							
Beneral Government	3 2,595,608	\$ 1,598,290	\$ 155,160	\$ 318,282	1 (438,874)	\$ ·	\$ (438,674
Public Safety	20,420,188	510,018	1,921,532	•	(17,988,640)	•	(17,988,540
Public Works Highways and Streets	6,862,633	252,775	1,084.816	404,505	(4,140,437)	•	(4,140,437
Community Davelopment	2,129,134	1,359,420	2,933,226	=	1,304,612	•	1,304,512
Culture and Repression	837,467	90,216	•	64,500	(502,751)	•	(502,751
Health and Wallare	5,237,904	82,808	•	•	(5,155,005)	•	(6,155,095
interest on long-term deb!	892,860	<u></u>		·	(092,860)		(892,850)
Total governmental activities	37,778,892	3,984,528	5,224,834	776,287	(27,812,045)		/27,812,045
Business-type activities							
Sewer Fund	3,850,721	4,859,860	-	-		809.262	809,262
Water Fund	846.638	667.45P	•	•	•	(85,177)	(89,177
Total business-type activities	4,498,357	5,217,447	-			721.085	721,085
Total primery government	£ 42,273,049	\$ 9,181,988	\$ 6,224,834	\$ 775,287	\$ (27,812,045)	\$ 721,085	\$ (27,090,980)
	General ravenuss; Taxes:						
	raxos: Rasi Estate Ta	wns.			10.498.882		18,498,682
	Earned (spome				5,205,907	•	5,205,937
	Per Capita Tax				123,097		123,077
	Mercanille Tex	36			454,374		454,374
	Mechanical De	vices Texas			70,327	-	76,327
	EMS Taxes				745,454	•	745,454
	Amusament Ta	IX-68			4,050	•	4,050
	in Ueu of Texes				43,403	•	43,403
	Unresincted inves	lment Earnings			\$0,052	(59,828)	(20,776)
	Trunsferi				70,600 306,042	(70,000) 52,005	358,077
	Miscellaneous	evenues and transfe	_		23,551,588	(77,793)	23,473,705
			49				
	Change in r		450		(4,280,457)	643,292	(3,617,185
	-	ning, restated (Note	17)		16,284,508	4,874,957	21,109 455
	Not assets - ervin	6			\$ 12,024,051	5 5,463,740	\$ 17,492,30x

Pege 17

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

.....

		General		Streel Lights <u>Fund</u>		Cepital Reserve Fund		Rofusa <u>Fund</u>	G	Other lovernmental <u>Funds</u>	(Total Bovernmental <u>Funds</u>
еюве												
Cosh and Cosh Equivalents	\$	2,083,180	\$	1,195,484	5	1,741,536	£	1,193,886	\$	2,779,002	5	8,003,027
Residued Cash		128,061						•		•		128,051
Receivables												
Accounts		511,580						8,970		114,718		635,26B
Textes		1,970,732		42,687		45,409		432,038		178,B34		2,669,600
Due From Other Governments		3,343		4.000		. 700		- -		482,773		488,118
Due from Dine: Funds		335,227		1,823		1,789		20,759		10,845		389,623
Other Assets		171,447		·		·						171,447
Tolgi Assais		5,203,646	\$	1,239,874	\$	1,789,713	ţ.	1,055,633	\$	3,585,372	ş	13,463,132
Liabilities: Accounts Peyabin Accrued Liabilities Deferred Reveruses Escheal Liability Due to Other Funds	5	404,344 216,993 685,412 128,051	\$	67,341 • 42,587	ŧ	10,585 - 46,409	\$	421,517 440,671	\$	302,744 360,274 318,751	\$	1,208,631 218,993 1,675,363 128,051 316,751
Total Liab⊞to ■		1,435,800		109,928		55,994		802,188		881,769		3,445,676
Fund Belances.												
Reserved for:												
Capital Projects		-		•		1,732,719		•		110,734		1,843,453
Debt Service						•				726,239		726,239
Program Purposes		-		1,129,946		•		793,445		1,746,630		3,670,021
Unreserved, reported in:												
General Fund	_	3,767,740										3,767,740
Total Fund Balances (Deficil)		3,787,740		1,129,046		1,732,719		783,445		2,583,603		10,007,453
Total Liabilities and Fund Betances	٤	5,203,540	ŧ	1,239,874	•	1,789,713	5	1,855,833	\$.	3,565,372	ξ	13,463,132
LORD Manhings of in Little Completes		4,500,040		,,24,0,074		1,134,114	<u> </u>	1,1200,1889	·	210004012		10, 100, 101,

Page 18

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 10,007,45	3
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital essets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and			
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	1,580,081		
Construction in Progress	323,316		
Buildings and improvements, net of \$3,501,904 accumulated depreciation	1,554,693 883,765		
Equipment, net of \$1,413,642 accumulated depreciation Leasehold Assets, net of \$1,205,891 accumulated depreciation	1,330,373		
Infrastructure, net of \$36,025,167 accumulated depreciation	18,395,500		
Total capital assets	10,553,500	24,067,72	ç
1 ordi privitati risseria		24,001,12	u
The pension asset resulting from contributions in excess of the annual			
required contribution are not financial resources and therefore are not reported			
in the funds.		10,520.68	7
Revenue not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and			
therefore reported as deferred revenue in the funds;			
Property taxes		1,200,78	В
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore			
are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:			
Accrued interest on bonds	(306,334)		
Bonds payable	(18,613,544)		
Less Deferred interest from refunding	77,353		
Capital Leases	(444,552)		
Compensated absences	(3,061,505)		
Liability for other postemploment benefits	(12,539,886)		
Deferred refunding loss	453,493		
Unamortized bond issuance costs and bond discounts	231,245		
Combined adjustment		(34,203,730	<u>))</u>
Total net assets of governmental activities		11.592,920	<u>-</u>

Page 19

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

FOR	THE YEAR ENDED DE	CEMBER 31, 2010				
	<u>Garrenel</u>	Sireel Lighta Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Refuse Eurol	Cine: Governmentel Eurota	Total Governmental <u>Fança</u>
Revenues						
Toxee	\$ 13,949,476 S	514,595 \$	813,753 \$	5.502,413 \$	2,422,193	\$ 23,002,430
Licenses, Fees and Permis	2,518,137	•		-		2,518,137
Charges for Service	1,048,577	635		17,738	128,937	1,193,687
Court Coats, Fines and Fortelts	301,223	•		•	•	301,223
Interpoverymental	926,940	2.405	54,500	4 105	5,002,459	6,883,699
interest Other and Reimbursed Expenditures	10,658 255,237	3,40€	3,512 50,805	4,185	8,391 10,904	30,052 316,948
Ower and Kentiphasod Exbelighties	255,231		50,002		10,804	310,640
Total Rovenues	19,008,148	518,636	722,670	5,524,336	7,572,884	32,348,574
Expanditures						
Expansion of the Court of the C						
General Government	2,892,862	•			563,833	3,456,695
Public Safety	12,995,767	-		-	2,192,490	15,168,257
Public Works Highways and Streets	2,331,320	887,792			1,373,249	4,572,381
Community Development	•	•		•	2,129,134	2,129,134
Health and Walfare		•	•	5,237,904	•	5,237,904
Culture and Recreation	•	•		•	582,859	582,859
Capital Outlay	•	•	257,741	•	601,870	859,711
Ospt Service						
Principal	150,000	-	•	•	941,889	1,091,886
Interest	776,518		:	 -	301,232	1,077,750
Total Expenditures	19,116,457	657,782	257.741	6,237,904	8,685,658	34,159,660
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(108,319)	(349,155)	484,829	206,43?	(1,113,772)	(819.983)
Other Financina Sources (Uass):						
Issuance of Debi	_		•		7,868.544	7,868.644
Payment to redeem bonds					(7,550 000)	(7,550,000)
Cap Legas Proceeds					579.592	579,592
Bond Premium					14,190	14,190
Transfer in	190,000		99,958		1.654	290.512
Transfer Dut	(1,554)	(40,000)		(55,000)	(123.956)	(220,612)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	188,445	(40,000)	9R,OSU	(55,000)	780,022	052,326
Nat Change in Fund Baltances	80,127	(389,150)	583,787	231,432	(323,850)	162,340
Fund Belances - bogdonting of year	3,867,613	1,519,102	1,168,032	502,013	2,907,483	9,845,113
Fund Batances - end of year	\$ 3,767,749 \$	1.129,946 \$	1,732,710 \$	723,445 \$	2,583,803	\$ 10,007. 4 53

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL

Page 20

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

DECEMBER 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	162,340
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the current period these amounts are:			
Expenditures for capital assets	2,158,157		
Depreciation expense	(1,713,234)		
Net adjustment	(4)		444,923
Contributions in excess of the annual required contribution are reported as an other			
financing use in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the			
expense is recorded and amortized as an asset.			(402,288)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term			
debt uses current financial resources. Neither transaction has any offect			
on net assets. Also governmental funds report the effect of issuance			
costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued,			
whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement			
of activities. The net effects of these differences in the current period are:			
of activities, The first excess of friest differences in the editoric pariou are.			
Principal repayments	685,000		
Payments to redeem bonds	7,550,000		
Proceeds from capital leases	(579,592)		
Cupital lease payments	406,889		
Proceeds from refunding bonds	(7,868,544)		
Amortization of deferred refunding loss	309,009		
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(8,322)		
Amortization of Deferred Interest from Refunding	(5,525)		
Net adjustment			488,915
•			
Interest is expensed when paid in the governmental funds. However, in			
the government-wide statements interest is matched to the period in which			
It was incurred. In the current period the net effect of matching interest			
expense to the proper pariod is:			31,218
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available to provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
At the government-wide level revenue recognition is not limited by			
availability. The offects of these adjustments in the current year are:			
Taxes			99,661
			,
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the			
use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds;			
Worker's compensation liability	•		
Compensated absences	(8\$5,935)		
Other postemployment benefit expense	(4,229,291)		
Net adjustment		(5,	085,226)
	-		
Change in net assets of governmental activities	_5	<u>(4,</u>	<u> 260,457)</u>

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Businesa-type Activies - Proprietery Funds

		Pastupas-Abe WellAles - N.Lobuete			LETY FUNOS		
Annate	Wajer Fund Sewer Fund			Total			
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$	855,166	\$	1,145,360	s	2,000,535	
Restricted Cash		-		1,868,284	•	1,868,284	
Accounts Receivables, Net		48,660		505,761		564,311	
Due from Other Funds		-		1,758,928		1,758,928	
Prepaté and Other Assets		2,289		B1,414		83,703	
Total Current Assets		805,894		6,359,767		6,265,761	
Non-Current Assets:							
Capital Assets, Not Baing Depreciated		•		1,335,897		1,335,897	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated (Net)		898,418		1,983,996		2,882,416	
Total Non-Current Assets		895,418		3,319,895		4,218,313	
Total Assets	ā	1,804,412		6,679,882		40 404 077	
Ioin vaadka	-	1,604,412	\$	8,079,002	\$	19,484,074	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	124,442	\$	946,820	\$	1,071,282	
Accrued Liabilities		•		8,920		0.920	
Accrued Interest Payable		•		26,460		28,460	
Due to Other Funds		•		1,758,928		1,758,928	
General Obligation Bonds Payable		•		75,329		76,329	
Escheet Liability		•		5,652		5,652	
Esrow Deposits				74,007		74,007_	
Total Current Lightilities		124,442	_	2,898,118	_	3,020,568	
NonCurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences		-		15,119		15,119	
Note Payable		-		-			
General Obilgations Bonds Payable				1,980,148		1,880,148	
Total NonCuπent Liabilities				1,995,267		1,985,267	
Total Liabilities		124,442		4,891,383		5.015,825	
Net Assets							
invested in Capital, Net of Related Debt		B98,418		3,319,895		4,218,313	
Rostricted for Capital Projects		_		2,055,477		2,056,477	
Unrestricted		781,552		(1,587,093)		(805,541)	
Total Net Assets	\$	1.679,970	\$	3,788,279	<u>s</u>	5,468,249	

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Business-type Activities Proprietary Funds

	K	fater Fund	Sewer Fund		<u>Total</u>	
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	557,459	\$	4,411,651	Ş	4,969,110
Pensities and Interest		•		248,332		248,332
Interpovermental		•		-		-
Other		<u> </u>		52,035		62,035
Total Operating Revenues		557,459		4,712,018		6,289,477
Operating Expanses						
Administration		580,374		630,510		1,210,884
Operating		-		2.992,181		2,992,181
Depreciation		65,262		228,030		293,292
Total Operating Expenses		845,636		3,850,721		4,496,357
Operating Gatn / (Loss)		(BB, 177)		861,297		773,120
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
interes! Expense		•		(69,959)		(69,959)
Interest Income		2,752		7,379		10,131
Total Nonoparating Revenues (Expenses)		2,752		(82,580)		(59,828)
Income/Losa Before Operating Transfers		(85,425)		798,717		713,292
Operating Transfer Out		(35,000)		(35,000)		(70,000)
Change in Net Assets		(120,425)		763,717		643,292
Total Net Assets - Boginning of Year		1,800,395		3,024,562		4,824,957
Total Net Assets - End of Year	ş	1,679,970	\$	3,788,279	\$	5,468,248

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010

Business-type Activies - Proprietary Funds

	Business-lype Activies - Proprietary Funds				
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 557,460	\$ 4,483,192	\$ 5,040,852		
Other Receipts	•	62,035	52,035		
Payments to Suppliers and Operations	(732,610)	(2,782,539)	(3,515,149)		
Payments to Employees for Salaries and Banefits	(81,522)	(751,167)	(832,679)		
Internal Activity - Payments to (from) other funds		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities	(256,672)	1,007,531	744.859		
Cash Flow from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Operating Transfers (Out)	(35,000)	(35,000)	_ (70,000)		
Net Cash Used in Noncapital Financing Activities	(35,000)	(35,000)	(70,000)		
The carry description of the carry of the ca			•		
Cash Flow from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(ATA SAN)			
Purchase of Capital Assets	•	(674,818)	(674,818)		
Principal Payment on Note Payable	•	(147,000)	(147,000)		
Interest Expense	•	(41,331) 2,008,403	(41,331)		
Bond Proceeds		2,008,403	2,008,403		
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>-</u>	1,145,254	1,145,254		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			•		
Interest	2,752	7,379	10,131		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	2,752	7,379	10,131		
	(288,920)	2,119,164	1,830,244		
Not Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(280,920)	2,110,104	1,630,244		
Cash and Cosh Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,144,075	894,500	2,038,576		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 856,165	\$ 3.013,664	\$ 3,868,819		
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided by/(Used In) Operating Activities					
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ (88,177)	\$ 861,297	\$ 773,120		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss)			•		
to Net Cash Provided by Operating			•		
Activitles	65.262	228,030	ene ene		
Depreciation	65,262	220,030	293,292		
Change in Assets and Liabilities	\$	(188,433)	(166,432)		
Accounts Receivable		(10,358)	(10,358)		
Prepaid and Other Assets	(233,758)	82,062	(151,696)		
Accounts Payable	(255,100)	8,820	8,920		
Accrued Liabilities Escrow Deposits	_	(7.038)	(7,038)		
Compensated Absences		5,051	5,051		
•	\$ (250,672)	\$ 1,001,531	\$ 744,859		
Net Cash Provided by/(Used In) Operating Activities	\$ (250,672)	+ 1,001,531	v 174,038		

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Pension Trusi <u>Euno</u>		Agency <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	923,569 37,031,250	\$ 1,585,119	\$	2,508,688 37,031,250	
Interest Receivable Due from External Parties	••••	96,255	 · ·		96,255 	
Total Assets		38,021.074	\$ 1,585.119	\$	39,606,193	
Liabilities						
Accrued Liabilities Due to External Parties	\$	13,331	\$ 1,534,247 50,872	\$	1,547,578 50,872	
Total Lieblities		13,331	1,585,119		1.598,450	
Nel Assets						
Held in Trust for Employee Pension Benefits		38,007,743			38,007,743	

Page 25

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

				Pension Trust Fund
Additions:				
	Employer		8	16,221
	Employee			317,703
	Common	wealth		584,357
		Total Contributions		898,291
Investment				
		ınd Dividends		1,312,133
	Nel Appre	eciation in Fatr Value of Investments		3,193,029
		Total Investment Gain		4,505,162
	Ĺess;	Investment Expense		(92,621)
		Net Investment Gain		4,412.541
		Total Additions		5,310,832
Deductions:				
	Employee	Benefits Paid		2,458,062
		' Contributions Refunded		
		stive Expenses		
		Total Deductions		2,458,062
Net Increase	ð			2,852,770
Net Assets	Beginning	of Year		35,154,973
Nel Assets !	End of Ye	rgr	<u>\$</u>	38,007,743

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Township of Bristol (the "Township") operates under the Home Rule Charter which complies with the First Class Township Code under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The operations of the Township are vested in an executive and five member council. The Township provides the following services: general administrative services, tax collection, public improvements, public safety, water and sewer for certain areas of the Township, conservation and development, culture and recreation and maintenance and repairs of highways and streets programs. The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

A summary of the Township's significant accounting policies is as follows:

A) Reporting Entity

The Township has adopted the provisions of GASB Statements No. 51, 53 and 58. The management of the Township has determined that the only statement affecting the current year financials is GASB No. 51. See Note 17.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets, and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are effected by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1.) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2.) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements.

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>
(Continued)

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Properly taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability rather than an expenditure.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property taxes which must be received within 60 days of year end to be deemed available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating grants, capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the Township receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during the period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as another financing source rather than a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims for judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>
(Continued)

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary government's primary operating fund. It
 accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those
 required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Refuse Fund accounts for expenditures related to the collection and disposal of refuse.
- The Street Lights Fund accounts for expenditures related to the operation and maintenance of street lights.
- The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for capital expenditures of the Township.

The Township reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water Fund is used to account for the fiscal activities of the Water Distribution System.
- The Sewer Fund is used to account for fiscal activities of the Sewage Treatment Plant and Collection System.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

- The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the revenue (i.e., member contributions, Township contributions, and net investment income) and the expenses (i.e., contributions refunded, retirement allowances, and death benefits paid) of the Police Pension Trust Fund.
- The Agency Funds consist of Escrow Funds maintained with the Township for construction projects and for tax funds collected and owed to the county

The Township's enterprise funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheet. The proprietary funds type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting</u>, and <u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 31, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Based on the accounting and reporting standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Township has opted to apply only the accounting and reporting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) on or before November 30, 1989 for business-type activities and enterprise funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed for their intended purposes.

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the Township considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and Payables

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "Internal balances." All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

3. Investments

Investments for the Township are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated values.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances (Continued)

4. Prepaid Assets

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid assets in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents cash set aside for liquidation of specific obligations. At December 34, 2010, the General Fund restricted cash balance of \$128,051 represents funds to be escheated to the state and the Sewer Fund restricted cash balance of \$1,868,284 represents amounts of \$79,659 paid by property owners that are held in escrow accounts for the purpose of sewer hookup and unclaimed monies to be remitted to the state and \$1,224,739 for bond payments.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, intangible easements, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. The intangible easements have indefinite useful lives and are, therefore, not depreciated. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlay of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital asset of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreclated using the straight line method over the following intended useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	5-40 3-20 40
Water Lines Sewer Collection Lines	.40 10-50
CONTROL CONTROL	, , , , , ,

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets. Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances (Continued)

7. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable and taxes receivable for the governmental activities have been reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$293,912 and \$76,646 respectively. The Water and Sewer Funds evaluate the collectibility of individual receivables and, if necessary, records an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Sewer Department's policy is to file a lien against the respective property for delinquent sewer customers; however, the Sewer Department is required to provide continuous service to these customers,

8. Compensated Absences

Township policy permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused sick time. These benefits are payable to employees upon separation of services. All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Funds statements. The computed liability is in compliance with GASB 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Deferred/Unearned Revenues

Uneamed revenues reported in government-wide financial statements will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent revenues which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported as deferred revenues. The Township deems revenues received within 90 days of year end to be available with the exception of property taxes, which must be received within 60 days of year end to be deemed available.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets. Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances (Continued)

11. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category
 groups all capital assets into one component of net assets.
 Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that
 are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of
 these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Assets This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Assets This category represents net assets of the Township, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, reserves and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various reserves and designations are established by actions of the Township Council and management and can be increased, reduced, or eliminated by similar actions.

12. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers.

13. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual amounts may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Legal Requirements

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania statutes require that Township Governments establish budgetary systems and adopt annual operating budgets. The Township's annual budget includes the General Fund, Certain Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds, and is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures approved by the Township Council. The Township adopted the 2010 budget on the same basis of accounting as reported in the financial statements. The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Township Budget Process

- 1. During the fall, the executive of the Township prepares a preliminary budget which is submitted to the Township Council for review.
- 2. The Township Council reviews the preliminary projections of revenues and expenditures incorporating any revisions or adjustments.
- Public meetings are conducted on the proposed budget. The proposed budget is available for public Inspection for 20 days prior to final adoption.
- After the 20-day inspection period, but prior to December 31, the Township Council adopts the final budget by enacting an appropriate resolution.
- Formal budgetary process is employed as a planning device. The adopted budget is on the modified accrual basis. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Council.

Level of Control

The Township maintains budgetary control at the individual fund level.

Lapsing of Appropriations

Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management Amendment Authority

During the course of the year, departmental needs may change, emergencies may occur or additional revenue may arise. As a result, funds are transferred between line items of a department's budget or additional revenue may need to be budgeted for a specific project or grant. Adjustments to the budget are made on a line item basis during the year and approved by Township Council.

Financial analysis is provided monthly to management showing spending levels in comparison to the current budget. The budget is also reviewed by management with operating departments.

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F) Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement

The Township adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets". The adoption of this statement restated prior year net assets. See Note 17 for more detail.

The Township adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

The Township adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 58 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies". The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

G) Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

In February 2009, GASB issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The Township is required to adopt Statement No. 54 for its calendar year 2011 financial statements.

In December 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 57 "OPEB Measurement by Agent Employers and Agent Multi-Employer Plans". The Township is required to adopt statement No. 57 for its calendar year 2012 financial statements.

In November 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 60 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements". The Township is required to adopt statement No. 61 for its calendar year 2012 financial statements.

In November 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus". The Township is required to adopt statement No. 61 for its calendar year 2013 financial statements.

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements". The Township is required to adopt statement No. 61 for its calendar year 2012 financial statements.

The Township does not expect these new pronouncements to have an effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 2: DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK

Under Section 1705.1 of the Township Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Township is authorized to invest its funds in the following:

United States Treasury Bills.

NOTE 2: DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

- Short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities.
- Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits, other than certificates of deposit, or share accounts of institutions having their principal place of business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or other like insurance.
- Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.
- Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933.
- Certificates of deposit purchased from institutions having their principal place of business in or outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which are insured by the FDIC or other like insurance. For any amounts in excess of the insured maximum, such deposits shall be collateralized by a pledge or assignment of assets pursuant to Act No. 72 of the General Assembly. Certificates of deposit may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of a savings and loan's or savings bank's assets net of its liabilities.
- Commercial paper and prime commercial paper meeting certain requirements.
- Repurchase agreements which are fully collateralized by obligations of the United States of America.

For all deposits above the insured maximum, assets are pledged as collateral under Subsection (c)(3), to be pooled in accordance with the Act of August 6, 1971 (P.L. 281, No. 72).

The Township and the Police Pension Plan have no formal policy pertaining to exposure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or interest rate risk for deposits and investments.

<u>Deposits</u>

The Township's deposits including both restricted and unrestricted cash excluding the Pension Trust Fund at December 31, 2010 were as follows:

	Book Balance	Bank Balance
Governmental Funds Proprietary Fund Fiduciary Fund	\$9,121,078 3,868,819 1,585,119	\$12,998, 90 6 1,840,978 962,501
	\$14,575,016	\$15,802,385

NOTE 2:

DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

Investments

The Township's investments at December 31, 2010 were as follows:

Pension Trust Fund

	Cost	Market <u>Value</u>
Fixed Income Mutual Funds Equities Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 11,222,303 4,923,074 15,089,713	\$ 11,772,524 5,506,474 19,752,252
	\$ 31.235,090	\$ 37,031,250

As of December 31, 2010, the Township had the following debt investments and maturities within its Police Pension Plan accounts:

Average Investment Maturities (in Years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 year		
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	\$11,772,524	\$ -	\$ 2,471,684	\$ 9,300,840
	\$11,772,524	\$ -	\$ 2,471,684	\$ 9,300,840

Interest Rate Risk. The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates for the Police Pension Plan.

Credit Risk. At December 31, 2010, \$3,603,108 (31%), \$7,208,044 (61%), and \$961,372 (8%) of the Police Pension Plan fixed income mutual funds were rated AA, AA and B, respectively by Morningstar and the Police Pension Plan money market funds recorded as cash and cash equivalents were unrated. The Township does not have a formal policy that limits investments to ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations for the Police Pension Plan.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Township does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount or percent that may be invested in any one issuer for the Pension Police Plan. At December 31, 2010, no investment of the Police Pension Plan represented 5% or more of total net assets.

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2010, \$12,696,093 of the Township's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk, as they were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and uninsured. At December 31, 2010, none of the Township Police Pension Plan investments were exposed to custodial credit risk. The Township does not have a formal policy related to custodial credit risk for the Governmental Activities or the Pension Trust Fund.

NOTE 3: REAL ESTATE TAXES

Real estate taxes attach as an enforceable lisn on property on May 1. Taxes are billed on March 1, payable under the following terms: 2% discount, March 1 based on the assessed value listed as of the prior December 31 for the real property located in the Township through May 1; face amount, May 2 through July 1, and 10% penalty after July 2. The Township bills these taxes which are collected by Township Tax Office. Assessed values of real property are generally 25% of the market value as determined by the Bucks County Board of Assessment. Real estate taxes levied for 2010 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. The net receivables collected during 2010 and expected to be collected within the first sixty (60) days of 2011 are recognized as revenue in 2010. Net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to March 1, are reflected in deferred revenue. Prior years levies are recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are annually reevaluated as to collectibility.

The rate of real estate taxation in 2010 was 16.58 mills for general purposes, .9 mills for recreation purposes, 2 mills for fire purposes, 2.4575 mills for debt purposes, .55 mills for rescue purposes, .125 mills for pension purposes, and 1.5 mills for capital projects on a total Township assessed valuation of \$420,204,750.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

on the committee decomposition	12/31/2009 Ending Balance Restated (Note 17)	Increases	Deurenses	12/31/2010 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being deprecised:	\$ 1,508,980	\$ 71,103	5	\$ 1,580,081
Intangibles	u 1,500,550	431,125	•,•	431,125
Construction in progress	119,197	219,094	<u>(14,975)</u>	323,316
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,628,177	721,320	(14,975)	2,334,522
Capital essets, being depreciated:				
Easements	431,125	•	(431,125)	•
Building	3,881,639	-	•	3,881,639
Improvements	791,060	3B3,898	-	1,174,958
Equipment	2,016,229	310,038	(28,860)	2,297,407
Leases	1,956,672	\$79,592	•	2,536,264
Infrastructure	53,757,368	663,299		54,420,667
Total capital assets, being depreciated	62,834,093	1,936,827	(459,985)	64,310,935
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	(2,939,195)	(40,421)	-	(2,979,616)
Improvements	(494,808)	(27,480)	-	(522,288)
Equipment	(1,224,573)	(189,069)	•	(1,413,642)
Leases	(930,834)	(275,057)	-	(1,205,891)
Infrastructure	(34,818,930)	(1,206,237)		(36,025,167)
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,408.340)	(1,738,264)		(42,146.604)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,425,753	198,563	_(459,985)	22,164,331
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,053,930	\$ 919,883	<u>\$ (474,960)</u>	\$ 24,498,853

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continue

Previously reported accumulated depreciation for easements of \$53,890 has been reversed in the prior year via a net asset restatement in accordance with GASB 51. See Note 17 for more detail of the restatement.

Business-Type Activities

Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Ending Balance \$ 140,000	Increases	Decreases S -	Ending Balance
Lend	\$ 140,000 546,568	5 649,329	3 -	\$ 140,000 1,195,897
Construction in progress		047,323		1,173,071
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	686,568	649,329		1.335,897
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building	1,288,943	-	-	1,288,943
Tanks	1,964,174	-	-	1,964,174
Pump Stations	1,056,207	-	•	1,056,207
Land Improvements	5,970	-	•	5,970
Office Equipment	103,480	-	•	103,480
Vehicles	97,825	-	•	97,825
Equipment	3,532,923	18,995	•	3,551,918
Collection System	5,362,716	6,495	-	5,369,211
Water Lines	2,601,519	<u>:</u>		2,601,519
Total capital assets, being depreciated	16,013,757	25,490		16,039,247
Total Capital Assets	16,700,325	674,819	:	17,375,144
Less accumulated depreciation for:			•	
Buildings	(1,288,943)	-	-	(1,288,943)
Tanks	(1,382,367)	(33,735)	-	(1,416,102)
Pump Stations	(783,433)	(11,250)	•	(794,683)
Land improvements	(3,981)	(1,194)	•	(5,175)
Office Equipment	(95,901)	(4,709)	-	(100,610)
Vehicles	(96,757)	(1,068)	-	(97,825)
Equipment	(3,090,282)	(65,965)	-	(3,156,247)
Collection System	(4,484,035)	(110,110)	_	(4,594,145)
Water Lines	(1,637,839)	(65,262)	<u>-</u>	(1,703,101)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,863,538)	(293,293)	<u>:</u>	(13,156,831)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,836,787	\$ 381,526	<u>s</u> -	\$ 4,218,313

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government	\$ 124,780
Public safety	247,788
Public works highways and streets	1,286,712
Culture and recreation	53,954

Total Depreciation Expense, Governmental Activities \$ 1,713,234

Business-Type Activities

Water Fund	\$ 6	55,262
Sewer Fund	22	24,327

Total Depreciation Expense, Business-Type Activities ___\$ 289,589

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Police Pension Trust Fund

Plan Description

The Township maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for all of the full-time police officers under the provisions of ordinance 2005-02 adopted pursuant to Act 600. The plan is included in the financial statements of the Township as a pension trust fund. The financial statements of the pension trust fund are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due, in accordance with Act 205, as amended by Act 189. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Current memberships in the plan are composed of the following based on the accuarial valuation dated January 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active Employees	76
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	61
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them	1

All full-time police officers are required to participate in the plan. The plan provides for normal retirement at age 50 after 25 or more years of service or age 60 with 20 or more years of service. The amount of the pension benefit is 50% of the monthly average salary during the last thirty-six months of employment plus \$20 per month for every year's service in excess of 25 years up to a maximum additional benefit of \$100 per month. Benefits vest after 12 years of service. The plan provides survivor benefits of 50% or 100% if killed in service. Disability is provided for service injuries at 100% of annual rate of pay offset by workers' compensation. Cost of living adjustments shall be provided for all members retiring on or after January 1, 1991, based on the increase in Consumer Price Index. The pension benefit shall not exceed 75% of salary for computing the pension benefit and the total cost of living adjustment shall not exceed 30% of the original pension benefit.

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

Funding Policy

The Township's police pension plan funding policy provides for periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates, expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll that are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentages of payroll employer contributions rates are determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method as required by Pennsylvania Act 205. The plan also uses a method defined by Act 205 to amortize the compounded liability over the defined period. As a condition of participation, employees are required to contribute a portion of their salary to the plan as stipulated through Pennsylvania Act 205. Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. Interest is accumulated each year at a rate of 5%. The Township contribution to the plan is governed by Act 205, which monitors minimum actuarial funding for pension plans. Administration costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

The following schedule of funding progress presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Schedule of Funding	Progress for th	ne Bristol Township	Police Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)(c)
1/1/05	\$21,701,499	\$31,809,345	\$10,107,846	68.2%	\$4,704,683	214.9%
1/1/07	\$25,329,086	\$34,870,323	\$ 9,541,237	72.6%	\$5,062,559	188.5%
1/1/09	\$38,121,448	\$42,174,232	\$4,052,784	90.4%	5,797,453	69,9%

<u>Investments</u>

The pension trust fund investments are stated at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Annual Pension Cost

The annual required contribution was determined based on the most recent annual actuarial valuation dated as of January 1, 2009. The entry age normal method of funding was used in the valuation. Significant actuarial assumptions include: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets at 8% per year net of investment expenses and (b) projected salary increases of 6% per year.

Annual Pension Costs – Three-year Trend Information				
	Annual	Percentage of Amount	Net	
	Pension	Of Pension Costs	Pension	
Year Ended	<u>Costs</u>	Contributed	<u>Assets</u>	
December 31, 2010	\$ 564,367	- %	\$ 10,520,687	
December 31, 2009	\$ 959,642	61%	\$ 10,992,975	
December 31, 2008	\$ 499,322	124%	\$ 11,299,121	

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Police Pension Trust Fund</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Valuation Information

The Township has an actuarial valuation prepared every two years. The following methods and assumptions were used to prepare the valuation:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Asset Valuation Method:

January 1, 2009

Entry Age Normal

130% of Market Value

Amortization Method Level Dollar Remaining Amortization Period 16 Years

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 8%
Projected Salary Increases 6%

During 2008, the Township issued federally taxable general obligation bonds to fully fund the unfunded actuarial accrued pension liability in the police pension plan. The Township's contribution resulted in a net pension asset in the police pension plan. At December 31, 2010, the Township's net pension asset was:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	564,367
Interest on Net Pension Asset		(873,838)
Adjustment to ARC		1,276,126
Annual Pension Cost (Expense)		966,655
Contributions Made		(564.367)
Decrease in Net Pension Asset		402,288
Net Pension Asset - Beginning of Year	(1	0,922,975)
Net Pension Asset - End of Year	\$ (1	0,520,587)

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Act 205 of 1984, the Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, initiated actuarial funding requirements for municipal pension plans. Under Act 205 provisions, a municipal budget must provide for the full payment of the minimum municipal obligation ("MMO") to each employee pension fund of the municipality. Act 189 of 1990 amended Act 205 and redefined the calculation used to determine the MMO to employee pension funds. The MMO is now defined as the total financial requirements to the pension fund, less funding adjustments and estimated contributions. The annual required contribution for the MMO to the Pension Trust Fund was \$564,367, which was funded by the Township through a State Aid amount of \$564,367. The contribution represented 10% of covered payroll. Employee contributions in 2009 totaled \$317,703 or 5% of covered payroll.

NOTE 5: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions Required and Contributions Made (Continued)

Schedule of Contributions From Employer - Six-year Trend Information			
		Percentage of Annual	
	Annual Required	Required Contribution	
<u>Year Ended</u>	<u>Contribution</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	
December 31, 2010	\$ 564,367	100%	
December 31, 2009	\$ 543,501	107%	
December 31, 2008	\$ 499,322	124%	
December 31, 2007	\$1,984,931	100%	
December 31, 2006	\$1,951,148	100%	
December 31, 2005	\$1,901,805	100%	
December 31, 2008 December 31, 2007 December 31, 2006	\$ 543,501 \$ 499,322 \$1,984,931 \$1,951,148	107% 124% 100% 100%	

B. <u>Nonuniform Employees</u>

The Township provides a defined contribution pension plan for eligible tult-time nonuniformed employees of the Township. Members are permitted to contribute an amount up to 10% of their compensation to the Plan. The Township contributes on behalf of each member who was a participant on the last day of the plan year an amount equal to 1% above the member's contribution up to a maximum of 5%. Township and employee contributions to the plan were \$143;658 and \$150,609, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2010.

C. Bristol Township Sewer Department

The Sewer Department provides a defined contribution pension plan for eligible full-time employees. Members are required to contribute an amount equal to 1% of compensation but may elect to contribute an amount in excess of the required 1% up to a maximum of 10% of compensation. The Sewer Department contributes on behalf of each member, on a quarterly basis, a maximum of 5% of each member's compensation. The contribution of the Sewer Department shall be equal to the contribution of the member up to 4% of compensation plus 1%. The Sewer Department and employee contributions to the plan were \$20,273 and \$28,495, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2010.

NOTE 6: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Township has established and administers a deferred compensation program (the "Program") In accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) available to all full-time Township employees. Contributions to the Program are made from employee payroll deductions based on an election by the participant. Assets of the Program amounting to \$7,175,796 are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Investments are managed by the Program trustees under various investment options. The choice of the investment option is made by the participants. The Township is not responsible for any investment loss incurred in the Program or for the failure of any investment to earn a specific or expected return.

NOTE 7: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full-time employees earn vacation to be used by the end of the year or It is forfeited. Township police officers are entitled to accrue unlimited days of sick leave benefits and at termination or retirement, are entitled to payment for all unused sick time in an amount equal to the existing hourly rate. In addition, the remaining Township employees accrue sick leave benefits and at time of retirement or resignation are paid for 50% of unused sick leave as determined in the employee's contractual agreement.

For employee's of the Sewer Department, vacation time not taken at year end accrues and must be taken within the next nine months. If the employee terminates within the nine month period, accrued vacation is due to the employee. Employees' may accrue up to 150 days of sick leave and will be paid 50% of the accrued sick leave at time of termination up to a maximum of \$5,000 if the employee has 10 years of service and a maximum of \$7,500 if the employee has 20 years of service.

Applicable GASB pronouncements require accrual of sick pay that meet certain specific conditions. The Township has determined that such conditions apply to accumulated sick pay of Governmental Funds and the Proprietary Funds. To the extent sick pay liabilities in Governmental Funds are to be liquidated with available resources, they are accounted for as fund liabilities in the Fund Financial Statements; the remainder of the obligation is accounted for as a liability in the Government-wide financial statements. Proprietary Funds account for the entire amount of these liabilities.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

Other liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. A summary of changes in long-term debt obligations at December 31, 2010:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Belance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Baiance</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General Obligation Bonded Debt	\$ 18,980,000	\$ 7,868,544	\$ (8,235,000)	\$ 16.613,544	\$ 579,671
Total Bonds Payable	18,980,000	7,869,544	(8,235,000)	18,613,544	579,671
Other Llabilities;					
Compensated Absenses	2,205,570	855,935	•	3,061,505	177,807
Capital Leases	271,849	579,592	(406,889)	444,552	253,831
Liability for Other Postemployment Benefits	8,310,695	4,228,291		12,539,886	:
Total Other Liabilities	10,788,014	5,684,818	<u>(408,889</u>)	18,045,943	431.43B
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 29,768,014	\$ 13,533.362	\$ (8,841,889)	\$ 34,659,457	s 1,011,109

New Debt

In March of 2010, Bristol Township issued \$7,868,544 in General Obligation Bonds, 2010 Series, all of which is related to the Township. The Township recognized a premium of \$14,190 as a result of the issuance. The proceeds of the 2010 Bonds were used to currently refund the outstanding General Obligation Bonds of 2004 and to pay issuance costs of \$173,537. A deferred debt of \$463,000 was recognized as a result of the transaction. The bonds mature on September 1, 2030 and carry an interest rate between 2% and 4.25%.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business Type Activities:	<u>Bezinnine</u> Balance	Additions	Reductions	Enging Balance	Amounts Due Wilhin Ons Yenr
Note Payable	\$ 147,000	\$ 2,051,456	s (147,000)	\$ 2,051,456	\$ 75,320
Total Nota Payable	147,000	2,051,456		2.057,458	75.329
Other Liabilities: Compensated Absenses Total Other Liabilities	10,068 10,068	5,051 5,051	<u>-</u>	15,118 15,119	
Business Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 157,068	\$ 2,056,507	\$ (147,000)	S 2,066,576	\$ 75,329

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on these governmental activities obligations follows (with the exception of compensated absences, estimated workers' compensation liability, liability for other postemployment benefits, and capital leases):

Years Ended	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
December 31	Requirements	Requirements	Requirements
2011	579,671	1,018,227	1,597,898
2012	596,212	999,974	1,596,186
2013	619,148	974,724	1,593,872
2014	639,693	948,470	1,588,163
2015	665,783	919,858	1,585,641
2016-2020	3,770,757	4,213,235	7,983,992
2021-2025	4,047,280	3,302,268	7,349,548
2026-2030	2,185,000	2,451,724	4,636,724
2031-2035	000,080,8	1.559,774	4,639,774
2036-2038	2,430,000	<u>355,356</u>	2,785,356
	18,613,544	16,743,610	35,357,154

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on these business-type activities obligations follows (with the exception of compensated absences, estimated workers' compensation liability, liability for other postemployment benefits, and capital leases);

Years Ended December 31	Principal , <u>Requirements</u>	Interest <u>Requirements</u>	Total Debt Service Requirements
2011	75,329	76,309	151,638
2012	73,788	74,426	148.214
2013	75,852	71,474	147,326
2014	90,307	68,440	158,747
2015	94,217	64,828	159,045
2016-2020	449,243	286,989	736,232
2021-2025	507,720	207,668	715,388
2026-2030	685,000	90,100	775,100
	2,051,456	940.234	2,991,690

Balanca

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 8:

LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of general obligation debt outstanding:

<u>Year</u>	Amount of Orlginal <u>Issue</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Outstanding December 31, 2010
2010	\$9,920,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 – General obligation bonds with interest semiannually through September 1, 2030; interest rates range from 2.0% to 4.25%; principal payments due annually through September 1, 2030, for the refunding of the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2004 and for the funding of various capital projects.	\$ 9,385,000
2008	\$ 11,430,000	Federally Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 — General obligation bonds with interest semiannually through September 15, 2038; Interest rates range from 4.85% to 7,15%; principal payments due annually through September 15, 2038, for the funding of the Township's unfunded actuarial accrued liability in its Uniformed Pension Plan.	\$ 11,280,000
	Total		<u>\$ 20,665,000</u>

NOTE 9: OBLIGATION UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

Obligation under capital lease consists of the following leases payable:

- 1 Compactor in the amount of \$35,800 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an interest rate of 4.9% explring in May 2011.
- 1 Paver in the amount of \$247,645 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an interest rate of 4.9% expiring in May 2011.
- 1 Roller in the amount of \$88,150 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an interest rate of 4.9% expiring in May 2011.
- 1 Street Sweeper In the amount of \$177,053 for the Liquid Fuels Department bearing an interest rate of 4.52% expiring In May 2011.
- 2 2010 Ford F 550 in the amount of \$126,212 for the Public Works Department bearing an Interest rate of 4.7% explring in May of 2012.
- 1 Vacuum Sweeper in the amount of \$203,500 for the Public Works Department bearing an interest rate of 3.79% expliring in May of 2012.
- 6 Chevy Impalas and 1 Ford Explorer in the amount of \$249,879 for the Police Department bearing an interest rate of 4.7% expiring in May of 2012.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Δ	ce	a'	t
\sim	33	C	Ļ

Egulpment	\$2,536,264
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,205,891)
Total	\$1.330.373

NOTE 9: OBLIGATION UNDER CAPITAL LEASE (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease agreements together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2010:

Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$471,866
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(27,314)
Total Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	444,552
Less: Amounts Due within One Year	(253,831)
Long Term Capital Lease Payable	\$190,721

Future minimum capital lease payments as of December 31, 2010:

2011 \$ 253,831 2012 190,721

Total Future Minimum
Lease Payments
S 444,552

NOTE 10: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances consist of the following at December 31, 2010:

Governmental Funds:	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 335,227	\$ -
Street Lights Fund	1,823	-
Capital Reserve Fund	1,769	-
Refuse Fund	20,759	-
Other Governmental Funds	10,045	318,751
Total Governmental Funds	369,623	318,751
Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds		50,872
Total Fiduciary Funds		50,872
Proprietary Funds		
Sewer Funds	\$1,759,393	\$1,759,393
Total Interfund Receivables and Payables	\$ 2,129,016	\$ 2,129,016

NOTE 10: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The General Fund has paid expenses on behalf of other funds, therefore, a corresponding interfund receivable and payable has been recorded.

NOTE 11: INTERFUND OPERATING TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers are as a result of the requirement for the General Fund to match a portion of the expenditures or expenses of other funds as follows:

Governmental Funds:	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 190,000	\$ 1,554
Street Lights Fund	-	40,000
Refuse Fund	-	55,000
Capital Reserve	98,958	123,958
Other Governmental Funds	1,554	
Total Governmental Funds	290,512	220,512
Proprietary Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund	-	35,000 35,000
Total Proprietary Funds		70,000
Total Interfund Operating Transfers	\$ 290,512	\$ 290,512

NOTE 12: INTERAUTHORITY TREATMENT SERVICES

The Township has separate agreements with four other municipal authorities which provide for the treatment by these authorities of a portion of the wastewater collected by the Township. These agreements expire between 2004 and 2012. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the Township's expense for treatment services under these agreements was \$1,425,095.

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township maintains an insurance policy ("Policy") for workers' compensation insurance. Insurance premiums are developed based on employee job descriptions, rate factors, and payroll costs for the year. The Policy has an audit performed each year and the Township may be required to pay any additional premium as a result of the audit, or the Township may be entitled to a refund as a result of the audit. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the Township paid insurance premiums of \$751,557.

\$38,007,743

TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 14: RESERVED/RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS

The reservations/restrictions of fund balance/net assets included in the government-wide and fund financial statements represent portions of fund balances/net assets that are restricted for various purposes and are not available for payment of other subsequent expenditures. The following reservations/restrictions are included in the government-wide and fund financial statements:

Governmental Activities/Governmental Funds

Street Lights Fund

Program Purposes Reserved for future payments of the street lights program.	<u>\$.1,129,496</u>
Refuse Fund	
Program Purposes Reserved for future payments of the refuse program.	<u>\$ 793,445</u>
Capital Reserve Fund	
Reserved for construction on capital projects.	<u>\$ 1.732,719</u>
Other Governmental Funds	
<u>Capital Project Funds</u> Reserved for construction on capital projects.	<u>\$ 110.734</u>
<u>Debt Service Funds</u> Reserved for payment of principle and interest on debt	<u>\$ 726,239</u>
<u>Program Purposes</u> Reserved for future payments of the programs these funds are restricted for.	<u>\$ 1,746,630</u>
Fiduciary Funds	

This reserve represents amounts restricted for the payment of

NOTE 15: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

pension benefits.

Police Retirement Trust Fund

Plan Description. The Township administers a single-employer postemployment benefit plan (the Plan) that covers health insurance for eligible retirees. In addition, effective January 1, 1987, officers' spouses not covered by other health care benefits are covered 100% and minor children residing in the same house as the officer are covered 50% by the Township. The Plan is governed by the Collective Bargaining Agreement (the Agreement) between Bristol Township and the Bristol Township Police Benevolent Association. The Agreement provides the authority under which benefit provisions for the Plan were established and may be amended. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTE 15 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the Township are established and may be amended by the establishment of a new Agreement between Bristol Township and the Bristol Township Police Benevolent Association. The Plan does not require any contributions from Plan members. The Township funds the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For 2010, the Township contributed \$1,647,979 to the plan for current premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Township's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The Township's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 were as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of Annual	Net
Year	Annual	OPEB	OPEB
<u>Ended</u>	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
12/31/08	\$ 5,512,779	16.19%	\$ 4,620,063
12/31/09	\$ 5,680,999	35.04%	\$ 8,310,595
12/31/10	\$5,877,270	28.04%	\$12,539,886

The Township adopted GASB 45 on a prospective basis in 2008; therefore only three years are presented in the above schedule.

The following table shows the components of the Township's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Township's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

	Governmental Activities	Total Primary <u>Governmen</u> t
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 6,043,590	\$ 6,043,590
Interest on net OPEB obligation	332,424	332,424
Adjustment to ARC	(498.744)	(498,744)
Annual OPEB costs (expense)	5,877.270	5,877,270
Contributions made	(1,647,979)	(1,647,979)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	4,229,291	4,229,291
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	8,310,595	8,310,595
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 12,539,886	\$ 12,539,886

NOTE 15 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of January 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$66,917,267 and there were no assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$66,917,267. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4.8 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 1383.1%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the plan members), and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% Investment rate of return, which is the expected long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payments of benefits, a salary increase of 6% per year, a health care cost trend rate of 12% initially, reduced by 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% in 2022 and later years. The actuarial assumptions also include a vision cost trend rate increase of 5.0% per year. The actuarial valuation assumes 100% participant election and 80% of retiring member's spouses will elect coverage under the plan. The UAAL is being amortized using the level dollar method over a period of 30 years on a closed basis.

NOTE 16: LITIGATION

In the normal course of business, there are various claims and suits pending against the Township and Its elected officials. Management is of the opinion that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Township's financial position at December 31, 2010.

NOTE 17: RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Governmental Funds:

The following restatement of net assets was necessary to properly reflect the fair value of intangible assets due to the Township adopting GASB 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets."

Net assets, beginning of year, as previously stated	\$ 16,230,618
GASB 51 Implementation Accumulated amortization of intangible assets	53,890
Net assets, beginning of year, as restated	\$ 16.284,508

NOTE 18: REFUNDED DEBT

In February 2010 the Township issued General Obligation Bonds Series of 2010 for \$9,920,000. The proceeds were used to refund the Township's General Obligation Bonds Series of 2004 to fund certain capital projects.

At December 31, 2010, the principal amount outstanding relative to refunded debt was \$9,385,000.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Buaget Am <u>Original</u>	nounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Varience with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	14,301,741 \$	14,301,741 S	13,949,476 S	(352,285)
Licenses, Fees and Permits	•	2,503,100	2,503,100	2,518,137	15,037
Charges for Service		1,148,229	1,148,229	1,048,577	(101,652)
Court Costs, Fines and Forfalts		291,000	291,000	301,223	10,223
intergovernmental		460,386	450,386	926,940	466,554
interest		40,000	40,000	10,558	(29,442)
Miscellaneous		254,662	254,682	285,237	576
Total Ravanues		18,999,118	18,999,118	19,008,148	9,030
Expenditures					
Current					
General Government		3,145,957	3,146,957	2,892,882	253,095
Public Safety		13,742,617	13,742,917	12,985,767	777,160
Public Works Highways and Streets		2,300,144	2,300,144	2,331,320	(31,176)
Health and Weltare		•	-	•	•
Debt Service					
Principal		•	•	150,000	(150,000)
Interest	-			778,518	(776,516)
Total Expenditures		19,180,016	19,189,018	19,116,467	72,551
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures		(189,900)	(189,900)	(106,319)	81,581
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers In		190,000	190,000	180,000	•
Operating Transfers Out			<u> </u>	(1,554)	(1,554)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		190,000	190,000	188,448	(1,654)
Nei Change in Fund Balances		100	100	80,127	80,027
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		<u> </u>	-	3,687,613	3,887,613
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	100 S	100 \$	3,767,740_\$	3,787,840

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP REFUSE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budget Amounts <u>Ortoinal</u> <u>Final</u>				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budgel Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$		\$ 5	,288,332	\$	5,502,413	\$	214,081
Charges for Service Intergovernmental		5,000 100,000		5,000		17,738		12,738 (100,000)
Interest		6.000		6.000		4,185		(1,815)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		5,55				.,,,,,,		(1,010)
Total Revenues		5,399,332	. 5	399,332		5,524,336		125,004
Expenditures								
Current:								
Health and Wellare		5.344,332	5	,344,332		5,237,904		106,428
Total Expenditures		5,344,332	5	344,332		5,237,904		106,428
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		55,000	 .	55,000		286,432		231,432
Other Financing (Uses):								
Operating Transfers Ou!		(55,000)		(55,000)	_	(55,000)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(55,000)		(55,000)		(55,000)		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		p.		-		231,432		231,432
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>	•••	•		562,013		562,013
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	793,445	\$	793,445

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP STREET LIGHTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Bu <u>Orialnal</u>	rdget Amounts <u>Fina</u>	Ŋ	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budgel Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Taxes	S 488	,868 \$ 4	86,888 \$	514,695	
Charges for Service	5	,000	3,000	835	535 (3,000)
intergovernmental Interest		,000	5,000	3,496	(1,594)
Miscellaneous					•
Total Revenues	494	,868 4	94,888	518,836	23,768
Expenditures					
Current:		ana o	uc 200	867,792	Int has
Public Works Highways and Streets	146	.000 8	46,000	867,792	(21,792)
Total Expanditures	846	,000 64	46,000	867,792	(21,792)
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(351	,132) (36	61,132)	(349,156)	1,978
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers in		•	91,132	•	(391,132)
Operating Transfers Out	(40	(000) (40,000)	(40,000)	······················
Total Othe: Financing (Uses)	351	,132 39	51,132	(40,000)	(391,192)
Net Change in Fund Belances				(389,158)	(369,156)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		·		1,519,102	1,619,102
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	- \$	- \$	1,129,946	\$ 1,129,946

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP BCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date	Astu Valu Ass	e of	 Actuariel Acerued Liebility AAL.) - Entry Age [b]	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-e)	Funded Ratio (a/a)	 Covered Payroll	WAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([[ba]]o)
1/1/2010	\$		\$ 68,917,267	\$ 66,917,267	0%	\$ 4,838,136	1383.1¥

The Township adopted GASB 45 on a prospective basis in 2008; therefore only one year is presented in the above schoolife.

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-5

Provide the most current detailed depreciation schedule showing the plant-in-service, dates of installation, accrued depreciation etc., for the Bristol Township water system facilities.

Response:

As noted in the response to A-2, the plant in service on the books of Bristol Township may be understated. Additionally, as noted in the response to A-2, Aqua plans to conduct an original cost study for the assets acquired from Bristol Township. A Depreciation Schedule (for some but not all) of the water system assets, requested and received by Aqua in the bidding process with Bristol Township, is included with this response.

SECRETARY'S BUREAU

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 19

RECEIVED

2010 Water Assets

Assets	Description	Department	Cost	Date Acquired	Estimated Useful Life	Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2009	Net Book Value 12/13/2009	Depreciation Expense 2010	Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2010	Net Book Value 12/13/2010
	Equipment								·	
Total Equipmen	nt .		3,417			3,417	-		3,417	•
Water	Infrastructure									
	=						~	1		
Infrastructure	Piping Water/Ductile	Water Departmer	656,135	1984	40	426,488	229,6,47	16 403	442,891	213,244
Infrastructure	Piping Water/Ductile	Water Departmer	514,178	1984	40	334,215	179,962	12,854	347,070	167,108
Infrastructure	Piping Water/Ductile	Water Departmer	635,456	1984	40	413,047	222,410	15,886	428,933	206,523
nfrastructure	Piping Water/Ductile	Water Departmer	146,998	2001	40	33,074	113,923	3,675	36,749	110,248
Infrastructure	Fire Hydrant	Water Departmer	134,538	1984	40	87,450	47,088	3,363	90,813	43,725
Infrastructure	Canal Manmade	Water Departmer	140,379	1954	40	140,379	-	3,509	143,888	(3,509)
infrastructure	Piping Water/Ductile	Water Departmer	368,450	1988	40	202,648	165,803	9,211	211,859	156,591
Infrastructure	hydrants	Water Departmer	5,385	2008	15	539	4,847	359	898	4,488
Total infrastru	cture		2,601,519		295,00	1,637,839	963,680	65,262	1,703,101	898,417
		-								
Total			2,604,936	-	295.00	1,641,256	963,680	65, 26 2	1,706,518	898,417

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-6

Provide an explanation of how you came up with the purchase price and the justification for the water system assets purchase price of \$3,428,000.

Response:

The purchase price of \$3,428,000 is the price negotiated, at armslength, by Bristol Township, a willing seller, and Aqua, a willing buyer, of the water system assets. As stated in paragraph 10 of the Application, Aqua and Bristol Township are not affiliated with each other.

SECOCIADAS DISEAN

RECEIVED

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-7 Provide a detailed description of system improvements planned following closing with Bristol Township. Include a timeframe and

related cost estimates.

Response: Aqua is not presently aware of any significant improvements needed

for this system. Possible improvements <u>may</u> include meter replacements on customer service lines, but actual improvements would not be determined as necessary until after Closing and Aqua

has been actually operating the system.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 2

RECEIVED

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 21

SECRETARY'S BUREAU

Respondent's Name:
Keith E. Gabage
Director Corporate Development
Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.
February 7, 2012

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-8 Regarding operation of Bristol Township system:

- a) State if Aqua will use the Township's employees.
- b) Indicate if Aqua will hire additional personnel for the system operations.
- c) State which of Aqua's existing systems will provide the resources to operate the system.
- d) Provide the name and a copy of the operator's certificate for the Certified Operator that will be assigned to this system.

Response:

- a) Aqua will not use Township employees to operate the Bristol Township system.
- b) Aqua is not planning to hire additional personnel for system operations.
- c) Aqua will operate the system out of its Willow Grove Operations Center with the support of water professionals throughout its organization.
- d) Aqua has not identified a Certified Operator that will be assigned to the Bristol Township system. Aqua has a number of licensed operators that will likely support the needs of the customers and the Bristol Township system.

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-9 Provide a letter from Bucks County in support of the acquisition.

Response: Aqua has no letter from Bucks County expressing support for the

acquisition. Copies of the Application were served upon the County Supervisors and County Planning Commission. The County has not filed a protest or objection to the Application. The protest period

closes on February 13, 2012.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 2

RECEIVED

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-10 Provide the estimated annual revenue and expenses for Aqua for the

Bristol Township water system.

Response: It is currently estimated that annual operating revenues may be

\$570,100 or less and operating expenses (excluding depreciation,

interest expense and taxes) may be \$180,497.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 2

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-11 Provide an explanation of what entity or entities provide wastewater

service to the 596 customers of Bristol Township.

Response: It is believed that Bucks County Water and Sewer Authority provides

wastewater service to the 596 customers.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2:

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-12 Provide reasons why Bristol Township is selling its water system to Aqua.

Response: Aqua is not aware of the specific reasons why Bristol Township is selling its water system. Aqua assumes that Bristol Township desires to exit the water business and that the Township believes it has negotiated an acceptable arrangement with Aqua, an established

provider of public water service, for doing so.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 2

RECEIVED

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES
Water/Wastewater Industry Group
Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.
Responses to Discovery Set I
Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-13 Provide information on how Aqua intends to provide water service to

the 596 customers of Bristol Township.

Response: Aqua intends to provide service through the facilities and system

configuration that presently exist, the new circumstance being that

Aqua will now own the Bristol Township distribution facilities.

2012 FEB - T PH 2: 2

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-14 Provide a breakdown of the 596 customers by class.

Response: Residential Customers – 424

Commercial Customers – 128 Industrial Customers – 18 Public Customer – 26

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 2

RECEIVED

RECEIVED

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 2]

Respondent's Name: Keith E. Gabage Director Corporate Development Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. February 7, 2012

PA P.U.C. SECRETARY'S BUREAU

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES
Water/Wastewater Industry Group
Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.
Responses to Discovery Set I
Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-15 The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection has identified several violations by Aqua in the southeast region of the state including in Bristol Township.

- a) Provide updates on the associated enforcement actions related to these violations.
- b) Indicate what measures Aqua has put in place or intends to put in place to prevent future reoccurrence.

Response:

The question does not identify the violations to be addressed in response. However, in discussion with Staff of the Bureau of Technical Utility Services, Aqua understands that the matters of interest are: i) Consent Assessment of Civil Penalty ("CACP"), dated August 17, 2011, between DEP and Aqua; ii) Consent Order and Agreement "(CO&A"), dated August 17, 2011, between DEP and Aqua; and iii) a Notice of Violation letter ("NOV"), dated October 20, 2011, and authored by Mr. Thomas Caufield with DEP.

Aqua inquired of DEP about the status of each of the above matters and, on January 30, 2012, was advised by Mr. Mark Johnson of DEP that both the CACP and CO&A are final documents and are considered to be closed and that no other actions on the part of Aqua are anticipated or needed as related to those two documents. Mr. Johnson also advised that the NOV referenced an overfeed of a treatment chemical that, in the view of DEP, necessitated a one hour notification to DEP and that no other additional actions were requested by DEP as a result of the issuance of that NOV.

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-16 Provide a comprehensive description of the Bristol Township water

system (sources, treatment, distribution, storage, etc.).

Response: Please refer to Schedule 1.1 of the Assets Purchase Agreement attached

as Exhibit C to the Application filed on December 28, 2011.

2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 21

BUREAU OF TECHNICAL UTILITY SERVICES

Water/Wastewater Industry Group Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. Responses to Discovery Set I Docket No. A-2012-2282704

A-17 Indicate if the fire hydrant rate of \$10.91/fire hydrant Aqua intends to

charge the Township will be implemented in phases.

Response: The fire hydrant rate will not be implemented in phases. Paragraph

6.c of the Assets Purchase Agreement between Aqua and Bristol Township provides that the initial fire hydrant rate will be Aqua's Bensalem Division rate for public fire hydrants of \$10.91/fire hydrant,

which will be charged after closing.

RECEIVED 2012 FEB -7 PM 2: 21

Before The PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application of Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. for approval of the acquisition of the water system assets of Bristol Township situated in a portion of Bristol Township, Bucks County,
PA, and 2) the right of Aqua Pa to begin to offer, render, furnish or supply water service to the public in an additional portion of Bristol Township, Bucks County, PA

Application Docket No. A-2012-2282704

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true copy of the above referenced Application of Aqua

Pennsylvania, Inc. was served upon the persons and in the manner listed below:

First Class Mail, Postage Prepaid, on December 28, 2011

Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Commonwealth Keystone Building 400 North Street P. O. Box 3265 Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

Office of Small Business Advocate Suite 1102, Commerce Building 300 North Second Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 Office of Consumer Advocate 555 Walnut Street Forum Place, 5th Floor Harrisburg, PA 17101-1923

Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, on January 19, 2012

Bucks County Board of Commissioners 55 East Court Street Doylestown, PA 18901

Bristol Township Council 2501 Bath Road Bristol, PA 19007

Bristol Township Sewer Department 2501 Bath Road Bristol, PA 19007 Bucks County Planning Commission 1260 Almshouse Doylestown, PA 18901

Bristol Township Planning Commission 2501 Bath Road Bristol, PA 19007

Lower Bucks County Joint Municipal Authority 7811 New Falis Road Levittown, PA 19055 Bucks County Water & Sewer Authority 1275 Almshouse Road Warrington, PA 18976 Joseph Feola, Regional Director PA Department of Environmental Protection Southeast Region Office 2 East Main Street Norristown, PA 19401

Thomas T. Niesen

PA Attorney ID No. 31379

Dated this 2nd day of February, 2012