

**Application of Pennsylvania-American Water Company for Acquisition of Assets of  
The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
66 Pa. C.S. §1329  
Application Filing Checklist – Water/Wastewater  
Docket No. A-2017-\_\_\_\_\_**

20. Proof of Compliance. Provide proof of compliance with applicable design, construction and operation standards of DEP or of the county health department, or both, including:
- b. For **wastewater** system acquisitions, provide copies of the water quality management and National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits for the utility plant.

**RESPONSE:**

- b. See enclosed water quality management and National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit (Nos. PA0026913, PA0028401, and PA0026981).



**pennsylvania**  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM  
DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR PUBLICLY OWNED  
TREATMENT WORKS (POTWs)**

**NPDES PERMIT NO: PA0026913**

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Section 1251 *et seq.* ("the Act") and Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, as amended, 35 P.S. Section 691.1 *et seq.*,

**Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
100 Atlantic Avenue  
McKeesport, PA 15132**

is authorized to discharge from a facility known as **McKeesport Water Pollution Control Plant**, located in **City of McKeesport, Allegheny County**, to **Monongahela River** in Watershed(s) **19-A** in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts A, B and C hereof.

**THIS PERMIT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON** MAR 01 2016

**THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT ON** FEB 28 2021


The authority granted by this permit is subject to the following further qualifications:

1. If there is a conflict between the application, its supporting documents and/or amendments and the terms and conditions of this permit, the terms and conditions shall apply.
2. Failure to comply with the terms, conditions or effluent limitations of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. (40 CFR 122.41(a))
3. A complete application for renewal of this permit, or notice of intent to cease discharging by the expiration date, must be submitted to DEP at least 180 days prior to the above expiration date (unless permission has been granted by DEP for submission at a later date), using the appropriate NPDES permit application form. (40 CFR 122.41(b), 122.21(d))

In the event that a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted and DEP is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to reissue the permit before the above expiration date, the terms and conditions of this permit, including submission of the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs), will be automatically continued and will remain fully effective and enforceable against the discharger until DEP takes final action on the pending permit application. (25 Pa. Code 92a.7(b), (c))

4. This NPDES permit does not constitute authorization to construct or make modifications to wastewater treatment facilities necessary to meet the terms and conditions of this permit.

**DATE PERMIT ISSUED** FEB 09 2016

**ISSUED BY**   
**Christopher Kriley, P.E.  
Clean Water Program Manager  
Southwest Regional Office**

I. A. For Outfall 001, Latitude 40° 21' 11.00", Longitude 79° 52' 20.00", River Mile Index 15.72, Stream Code 37185

Receiving Waters: Monongahela River

Type of Effluent: Treated Sewage

1. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date.
2. Based on the anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply (see also Additional Requirements and Footnotes).

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrations (mg/L)				Minimum <sup>(2)</sup> Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Instant. Maximum		
Flow (MGD)	Report	Report	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Continuous	Recorded
pH (S.U.)	XXX	XXX	6.0	XXX	XXX	9.0	1/day	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine	XXX	XXX	XXX	0.5	XXX	1.6	1/day	Grab
BOD5 Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/day	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	Report	Report	XXX	Report	XXX	XXX	1/day	24-Hr Composite
CBOD5	2,710	4,120 Wkly Avg	XXX	25	38 Wkly Avg	50	1/day	24-Hr Composite
Total Suspended Solids	3,252	4,878 Wkly Avg	XXX	30	45 Wkly Avg	60	1/day	24-Hr Composite
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) May 1 - Sep 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	200 Geo Mean	XXX	1,000	1/day	Grab
Fecal Coliform (CFU/100 ml) Oct 1 - Apr 30	XXX	XXX	XXX	2,000 Geo Mean	XXX	10,000	1/day	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	XXX	XXX	4.0	XXX	XXX	XXX	1/day	Grab

**Outfall 001, Continued (from Permit Effective Date through Permit Expiration Date)**

Parameter	Effluent Limitations						Monitoring Requirements	
	Mass Units (lbs/day) <sup>(1)</sup>		Concentrations (mg/L)			Minimum <sup>(2)</sup> Measurement Frequency	Required Sample Type	
	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Average Monthly	Daily Maximum			Instant. Maximum
UV Transmittance (%)	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	Report Wkly Avg	XXX	1/shift	Measured
Ammonia-Nitrogen	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	Report	XXX	1/week	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
Total Nitrogen	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	Report	XXX	1/quarter	24-Hr Composite

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s):

at Outfall 001

**I. B IDENTIFICATION OF COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW DISCHARGES**

The outfalls identified below serve as combined sewer overflows necessitated by storm water entering the sewer system and exceeding the hydraulic capacity of the sewers and/or the treatment plant and are permitted to discharge only for this reason. Dry weather discharges from these outfalls are prohibited. Each discharge shall be monitored for cause, frequency, duration, and quantity of flow. The data must be recorded on the CSO Supplemental Reports (3800-FM-BPNPSM0441 and 0442) and shall be reported monthly as an attachment to the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) or as otherwise authorized in the permit.

Outfall	Name	Receiving Stream	Latitude/Longitude
003	Long Run Pump Station	Long Run	40° 19' 35" / 79° 52' 54"
004	Rebecca Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 15" / 79° 52' 30"
005	Erie Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 00" / 79° 52' 40"
006	Ann Street	Monongahela River	40° 20' 50" / 79° 52' 30"
007	Dale Street	Monongahela River	40° 20' 40" / 79° 52' 20"
008	Perry Street	Monongahela River	40° 20' 30" / 79° 52' 10"
009	Windsor Street	Monongahela River	40° 20' 20" / 79° 52' 00"
010	Morgan Alley	Monongahela River	40° 20' 05" / 79° 51' 55"
012	Fourth Avenue	Youghioghenny River	40° 21' 05" / 79° 52' 12"
013	Fifth Avenue	Youghioghenny River	40° 21' 03" / 79° 51' 10"
014	Sixth Avenue	Youghioghenny River	40° 21' 00" / 79° 52' 08"
015	Seventh Avenue	Youghioghenny River	40° 20' 57" / 79° 52' 06"

## PART A

## 1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTFALLS 004 THROUGH 033 (CONTINUED):

Permit PA0026913

018	Ninth Avenue (017 combined with 018)	Youghiogheny River	40° 20' 47.6" / 79° 52' 06.2"
020	Eleventh Avenue	Youghiogheny River	40° 20' 42" / 79° 52' 55"
021	Twelfth Avenue	Youghiogheny River	40° 20' 33" / 79° 52' 52"
022	Thirteenth Avenue	Youghiogheny River	40° 20' 30" / 79° 51' 46"
023	Twenty-Eighth Avenue	Youghiogheny River	40° 19' 50" / 79° 51' 20"
024	Eden Park Boulevard	Youghiogheny River	40° 19' 53" / 79° 50' 22"
025	Walnut Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 52' 05"
026	Walnut Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 51' 50"
027	Huey Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 51' 50"
028	Martin Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 51' 42"
029	Center Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 51' 52"
030	Evans Avenue	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 51' 20"
031	White Street	Monongahela River	40° 21' 20" / 79° 51' 25"
032	Cliff Street	Crooked Run	40° 20' 55" / 79° 51' 15"
033	Cliff Street	Crooked Run	40° 20' 55" / 79° 51' 15"

The permittee shall eliminate or capture for treatment, or storage and subsequent treatment, no less than 85 percent by volume of the combined sewage collected in the Combined Sewer System (CSS) during precipitation events on a system-wide annual average basis.

### Additional Requirements

1. The permittee may not discharge:
  - a. Floating solids, scum, sheen or substances that result in observed deposits in the receiving water. (25 Pa Code 92a.41(c))
  - b. Oil and grease in amounts that cause a film or sheen upon or discoloration of the waters of this Commonwealth or adjoining shoreline, or that exceed 15 mg/l as a daily average or 30 mg/l at any time (or lesser amounts if specified in this permit). (25 Pa. Code 92a.47(a)(7) and 95.2(2))
  - c. Substances in concentration or amounts sufficient to be inimical or harmful to the water uses to be protected or to human, animal, plant or aquatic life. (25 Pa Code 93.6(a))
  - d. Foam or substances that produce an observed change in the color, taste, odor or turbidity of the receiving water, unless those conditions are otherwise controlled through effluent limitations or other requirements in this permit. (25 Pa Code 92a.41(c))
2. The monthly average percent removal of BOD<sub>5</sub> or CBOD<sub>5</sub> and TSS must be at least 85% for POTW facilities on a concentration basis except where 25 Pa. Code 92a.47(g) and (h) are applicable to facilities with combined sewer overflows (CSOs) or as otherwise specified in this permit. (25 Pa. Code 92a.47(a)(3))
3. If the permit requires the reporting of average weekly statistical results, the maximum weekly average concentration and maximum weekly average mass loading shall be reported, regardless of whether the results are obtained for the same or different weeks.
4. The permittee shall monitor the sewage effluent discharge(s) for the effluent parameters identified in the Part A limitations table(s) during all bypass events at the facility, using the sample types that are specified in the limitations table(s). Where the required sample type is "composite", the permittee must commence sample collection within one hour of the start of the bypass, wherever possible. The results shall be reported on the Daily Effluent Monitoring supplemental form (3800-FM-BPNPSM0435) and be incorporated into the calculations used to report self-monitoring data on Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).

### Footnotes

- (1) When sampling to determine compliance with mass effluent limitations, the discharge flow at the time of sampling must be measured and recorded.
- (2) This is the minimum number of sampling events required. Permittees are encouraged, and it may be advantageous in demonstrating compliance, to perform more than the minimum number of sampling events.

### Supplemental Information

- (1) The hydraulic design capacity of 13.0 million gallons per day for the treatment facility is used to prepare the annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report to help determine whether a "hydraulic overload" situation exists, as defined in Title 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94.
- (2) The effluent limitations for Outfall 001 were determined using an effluent discharge rate of 13.0 MGD.
- (3) The organic design capacity of 19,950 lbs BOD<sub>5</sub> per day for the treatment facility is used to prepare the annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report to determine whether an "organic overload" condition exists, as defined in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94.

## II. DEFINITIONS

~~At Outfall (XXX)~~ means a sampling location in outfall line XXX below the last point at which wastes are added to outfall line (XXX), or where otherwise specified.

~~Average~~ refers to the use of an arithmetic mean, unless otherwise specified in this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(4)(iii))

~~Best Management Practices~~ (BMPs) means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution to surface waters of the Commonwealth. BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

~~Bypass~~ means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(1)(i))

~~Calendar Week~~ is defined as the seven consecutive days from Sunday through Saturday, unless the permittee has been given permission by DEP to provide weekly data as Monday through Friday based on showing excellent performance of the facility and a history of compliance. In cases when the week falls in two separate months, the month with the most days in that week shall be the month for reporting.

~~Clean Water Act~~ means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C.A. §§1251 to 1387).

~~Composite Sample~~ (for all except GC/MS volatile organic analysis) means a combination of individual samples (at least eight for a 24-hour period or four for an 8-hour period) of at least 100 milliliters (mL) each obtained at spaced time intervals during the compositing period. The composite must be flow-proportional; either the volume of each individual sample is proportional to discharge flow rates, or the sampling interval is proportional to the flow rates over the time period used to produce the composite. (EPA Form 2C)

~~Composite Sample~~ (for GC/MS volatile organic analysis) consists of at least four aliquots or grab samples collected during the sampling event (not necessarily flow proportioned). The samples must be combined in the laboratory immediately before analysis and then one analysis is performed. (EPA Form 2C)

~~Daily Average Temperature~~ means the average of all temperature measurements made, or the mean value plot of the record of a continuous automated temperature recording instrument, either during a calendar day or during the operating day if flows are of a shorter duration.

~~Daily Discharge~~ means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2, 40 CFR 122.2)

~~Daily Maximum Discharge Limitation~~ means the highest allowable "daily discharge."

~~Discharge Monitoring Report~~ (DMR) means the DEP or EPA supplied form(s) for the reporting of self-monitoring results by the permittee. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2 and 40 CFR 122.2)

~~Estimated Flow~~ means any method of liquid volume measurement based on a technical evaluation of the sources contributing to the discharge including, but not limited to, pump capabilities, water meters and batch discharge volumes.

~~Geometric Mean~~ means the average of a set of n sample results given by the n<sup>th</sup> root of their product.

~~Grab Sample~~ means an individual sample of at least 100 mL collected at a randomly selected time over a period not to exceed 15 minutes. (EPA Form 2C)



**Hauled In Wastes** means any waste that is introduced into a treatment facility through any method other than a direct connection to the sewage collection system. The term includes wastes transported to and disposed of within the treatment facility or other entry points within the collection system.

**Hazardous Substance** means any substance designated under 40 CFR Part 116 pursuant to Section 311 of the Clean Water Act. (40 CFR 122.2)

**Immersion Stabilization** (i-s) means a calibrated device is immersed in the wastewater until the reading is stabilized.

**Indirect Discharger** means a non-domestic discharger introducing pollutants to a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) or other treatment works. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2 and 40 CFR 122.2)

**Industrial User** means a source of Indirect Discharge. (40 CFR 403.3)

**Instantaneous Maximum Effluent Limitation** means the highest allowable discharge of a concentration or mass of a substance at any one time as measured by a grab sample. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

**Measured Flow** means any method of liquid volume measurement, the accuracy of which has been previously demonstrated in engineering practice, or for which a relationship to absolute volume has been obtained.

**Monthly Average Discharge Limitation** means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

**Municipality** means a city, town, borough, county, township, school district, institution, authority or other public body created by or pursuant to State law and having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

**Publicly Owned Treatment Works** (POTW) means a treatment works as defined by §212 of the Clean Water Act, owned by a state or municipality. The term includes any devices and systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling and reclamation of municipal sewage or industrial wastes of a liquid nature. The term also includes sewers, pipes or other conveyances if they convey wastewater to a POTW providing treatment. The term also means the municipality as defined in section 502(4) of the Clean Water Act, which has jurisdiction over the indirect discharges to and the discharges from such a treatment works. (25 Pa Code 92a.2 and 40 CFR 122.2)

**Severe Property Damage** means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities that causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources that can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(1)(ii))

**Stormwater** means the runoff from precipitation, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

**Stormwater Associated With Industrial Activity** means the discharge from any conveyance that is used for collecting and conveying stormwater and that is directly related to manufacturing, processing or raw materials storage areas at an industrial plant, and as defined at 40 CFR §122.26(b)(14)(i) – (ix) and (xi) and 25 Pa. Code 92a.2.

**Toxic Pollutant** means those pollutants, or combinations of pollutants, including disease-causing agents, which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains may, on the basis of information available to DEP cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions, including malfunctions in reproduction, or physical deformations in these organisms or their offspring. (25 Pa. Code 92a.2)

**Weekly Average Discharge Limitation** means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that week.

### III. SELF-MONITORING, REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING

#### A. Representative Sampling

1. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity (40 CFR 122.41(j)(1)). Representative sampling includes the collection of samples, where possible, during periods of adverse weather, changes in treatment plant performance and changes in treatment plant loading. If possible, effluent samples must be collected where the effluent is well mixed near the center of the discharge conveyance and at the approximate mid-depth point, where the turbulence is at a maximum and the settlement of solids is minimized. (40 CFR 122.48 and 25 Pa. Code § 92a.61)
2. Records Retention (40 CFR 122.41(j)(2))

Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sludge use and disposal activities which shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years, all records of monitoring activities and results (including all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation and calibration and maintenance records), copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit shall be retained by the permittee for 3 years from the date of the sample measurement, report or application, unless a longer retention period is required by the permit. The 3-year period shall be extended as requested by DEP or the EPA Regional Administrator.

3. Recording of Results (40 CFR 122.41(j)(3))

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- a. The exact place, date and time of sampling or measurements.
  - b. The person(s) who performed the sampling or measurements.
  - c. The date(s) the analyses were performed.
  - d. The person(s) who performed the analyses.
  - e. The analytical techniques or methods used; and the associated detection level.
  - f. The results of such analyses.
4. Test Procedures (40 CFR 122.41(j)(4))

Facilities that test or analyze environmental samples used to demonstrate compliance with this permit shall be in compliance with laboratory accreditation requirements of Act 90 of 2002 (27 Pa. C.S. §§4101-4113) and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 252, relating to environmental laboratory accreditation. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall be those approved under 40 CFR Part 136 (or in the case of sludge use or disposal, approved under 40 CFR Part 136, unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 503 or Subpart J of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 271), or alternate test procedures approved pursuant to those parts, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.

5. Quality/Assurance/Control

In an effort to assure accurate self-monitoring analyses results:

- a. The permittee, or its designated laboratory, shall participate in the periodic scheduled quality assurance inspections conducted by DEP and EPA. (40 CFR 122.41(e), 122.41(j)(3))
- b. The permittee, or its designated laboratory, shall develop and implement a program to assure the quality and accurateness of the analyses performed to satisfy the requirements of this permit, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 136. (40 CFR 122.41(j)(4))

B. Reporting of Monitoring Results

1. The permittee shall effectively monitor the operation and efficiency of all wastewater treatment and control facilities, and the quantity and quality of the discharge(s) as specified in this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(e), 122.44(i)(1))
2. Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) must be completed in accordance with DEP's published DMR Instructions (3800-BPNPSM-0463). DMRs are based on calendar reporting periods. DMR(s) must be received by the agency(ies) specified in paragraph 3 below in accordance with the following schedule:
  - Monthly DMRs must be received within 28 days following the end of each calendar month.
  - Quarterly DMRs must be received within 28 days following the end of each calendar quarter, i.e., January 28, April 28, July 28, and October 28.
  - Semiannual DMRs must be received within 28 days following the end of each calendar semiannual period, i.e., January 28 and July 28.
  - Annual DMRs must be received by January 28, unless Part C of this permit requires otherwise.
3. The permittee shall complete all Supplemental Reporting forms (Supplemental DMRs) provided by DEP in this permit (or an approved equivalent), and submit the signed, completed forms as an attachment to the DMR(s). If the permittee elects to use DEP's electronic DMR (eDMR) system, one electronic submission may be made for DMRs and Supplemental DMRs. If paper forms are used, the completed forms shall be mailed to:

Department of Environmental Protection  
Clean Water Program  
400 Waterfront Drive  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

NPDES Enforcement Branch (3WP42)  
Office of Permits & Enforcement  
Water Protection Division  
U.S. EPA - Region III  
1650 Arch Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Allegheny County Health Department  
Frank B. Clack Health Center  
Water Pollution Control Program  
Building #5  
40th Street & Penn Avenue  
Pittsburgh, PA 15224-1347

4. If the permittee elects to begin using DEP's eDMR system to submit DMRs required by the permit, the permittee shall, to assure continuity of business operations, continue using the eDMR system to submit all DMRs and Supplemental Reports required by the permit, unless the following steps are completed to discontinue use of eDMR:
  - a. The permittee shall submit written notification to the regional office that issued the permit that it intends to discontinue use of eDMR. The notification shall be signed by a principal executive officer or authorized agent of the permittee.
  - b. The permittee shall continue using eDMR until the permittee receives written notification from DEP's Central Office that the facility has been removed from the eDMR system, and electronic report submissions are no longer expected.

5. The completed DMR Form shall be signed and certified by either of the following applicable persons, as defined in 25 Pa. Code 92a.22:
- For a corporation - by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or an authorized representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the NPDES form originates.
  - For a partnership or sole proprietorship - by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.
  - For a municipality, state, federal or other public agency - by a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

If signed by a person other than the above, written notification of delegation of DMR signatory authority must be submitted to DEP in advance of or along with the relevant DMR form. (40 CFR 122.22(b))

6. If the permittee monitors any pollutant at monitoring points as designated by this permit, using analytical methods described in Part A III.A.4. herein, more frequently than the permit requires, the results of this monitoring shall be incorporated, as appropriate, into the calculations used to report self-monitoring data on the DMR. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(4)(II))

### C. Reporting and Notification Requirements

1. **Planned Changes to Physical Facilities** – The permittee shall give notice to DEP as soon as possible but no later than 30 days prior to planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. A permit under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 91 may be required for these situations prior to implementing the planned changes. A permit application, or other written submission to DEP, can be used to satisfy the notification requirements of this section.

Notice is required when:

- a. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR §122.29(b). (40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(i))
  - b. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(ii))
  - c. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(iii))
  - d. The planned change may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(2))
  - e. The facility is proposing an expansion or modifications to its treatment processes.
2. **Planned Changes to Waste Stream** – Under the authority of 25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a) and 40 CFR 122.42(b), the permittee shall provide notice to DEP and EPA as soon as possible but no later than 45 days prior to any changes in the volume or pollutant concentration of its influent waste stream as a result of indirect discharges or hauled-in wastes, as specified in paragraphs 2.a. and 2.b., below. Notice shall be provided on the "Planned Changes to Waste Stream" Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0482), available on DEP's website. The permittee shall provide information on the quality and quantity of waste introduced into the POTW, and any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW (40 CFR 122.42(b)(3)). The Report shall be sent via Certified Mail or other means to confirm DEP's receipt of the notification. DEP will determine if the submission of an application and receipt of an amended permit is required.
- a. **Introduction of New Pollutants** (25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a), 40 CFR 122.42(b)(1))

New pollutants are defined as parameters that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- (i) Were not detected in the facilities' influent waste stream as reported in the permit application, or were otherwise not analyzed in the influent and reported to DEP prior to permit issuance;
- (ii) Have not been previously approved to be included in the permittee's influent waste stream by DEP and/or EPA in writing;
- (iii) Are previously unapproved pollutants introduced into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants (40 CFR 122.42(b)(1)).

The permittee shall provide notification of the introduction of new pollutants in accordance with paragraph 2 above. The permittee may not authorize the introduction of new pollutants until the permittee receives DEP's and/or EPA's written approval.

b. Increased Loading of Approved Pollutants (25 Pa. Code 92a.24(a), 40 CFR 122.42(b)(2))

Approved pollutants are defined as parameters that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- (i) Were detected in the facilities' influent waste stream as reported in the permittee's permit application or were otherwise analyzed and reported to DEP prior to permit issuance;
- (ii) Have an effluent limitation or monitoring requirement in this permit;
- (iii) Have been previously approved for the permittee's influent waste stream by DEP in writing.

The permittee shall provide notification of the introduction of increased influent loading (lbs/day) of approved pollutants in accordance with paragraph 2 above when (1) the cumulative increase in influent loading (lbs/day) exceeds 10% of the maximum loading reported in the permit application, or a loading previously approved by DEP, or (2) may cause an exceedance in the effluent of Effluent Limitation Guidelines (ELGs) or limitations in Part A of this permit, or (3) may cause interference or pass through at the POTW, or (4) may cause exceedances of the applicable water quality standards in the receiving stream. Unless specified otherwise in this permit, if DEP and/or EPA does not respond to the notification within 30 days of its receipt, the permittee may proceed with the increase in loading. The acceptance of increased loading of approved pollutants may not result in an exceedance of ELGs or effluent limitations, may not result in a hydraulic or organic overload condition as defined in 25 Pa. Code 94.1, and may not cause exceedances of the applicable water quality standards in the receiving stream.

c. New Information on Existing Discharges

The permittee shall notify DEP and EPA where it discovers new information, not reported previously, on the quality and quantity of the effluent introduced into the POTW by an industrial user or an indirect discharger and the anticipated impact of the change in the quality and quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW. (40 CFR 122.41(h) and 122.62)

3. Reporting Requirements for Hauled-In Wastes

a. Receipt of Residual Waste

- (i) The permittee shall document the receipt of all hauled-in residual wastes (including but not limited to wastewater from oil and gas wells, food processing waste, and landfill leachate) received for processing at the treatment facility. The permittee shall report hauled-in residual wastes on a monthly basis to DEP on the "Hauled In Residual Wastes" Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0450) as an attachment to the DMR. If no residual wastes were received during a month, submission of the Supplemental Report is not required.

The following information is required by the Supplemental Report. The information used to develop the Report shall be retained by the permittee for five years from the date of receipt and must be made available to DEP or EPA upon request.

- (1) The dates that residual wastes were received.
- (2) The volume (gallons) of wastes received.
- (3) The license plate number of the vehicle transporting the waste to the treatment facility.
- (4) The permit number(s) of the well(s) where residual wastes were generated, if applicable.
- (5) The name and address of the generator of the residual wastes.
- (6) The type of wastewater.
- (7) Documentation of whether or not a chemical analysis of the residual wastes were reported on a Residual Waste Form 26R, or a separate waste characterization using the parameters from Form 26R.

The transporter of residual waste must maintain these and other records as part of the daily operational record (25 Pa. Code 299.219). If the transporter is unable to provide this information, the residual wastes shall not be accepted by the permittee until such time as the transporter is able to provide the required information.

- (ii) The following conditions apply to the characterization of residual wastes received by the permitted treatment facility:
  - (1) The permitted facility must receive and maintain on file a characterization of the residual wastes it receives from the generator, as required by 25 Pa. Code 287.54. The characterization shall conform to the Bureau of Waste Management's Form 26R except as noted in paragraph (2), below. Each load of residual waste received must be characterized accordingly.
  - (2) For wastewater generated from hydraulic fracturing operations ("frac wastewater") within the first 30 production days of a well site, the characterization may be a general frac wastewater characterization approved by DEP. Thereafter, the characterization must be waste-specific and reported on the Form 26R.

b. Receipt of Municipal Waste

- (i) The permittee shall document the receipt of all hauled-in municipal wastes (including but not limited to septage and liquid sewage sludge) received for processing at the treatment facility. The permittee shall report hauled-in municipal wastes on a monthly basis to DEP on the "Hauled In Municipal Wastes" Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0437) as an attachment to the DMR. If no municipal wastes were received during a month, submission of the Supplemental Report is not required.

The following information is required by the Supplemental Report:

- (1) The dates that municipal wastes were received.
- (2) The volume (gallons) of wastes received.
- (3) The BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration (mg/l) and load (lbs) for the wastes received.
- (4) The location(s) where wastes were disposed of within the treatment facility.

- (ii) Sampling and analysis of hauled-in municipal wastes must be completed to characterize the organic strength of the wastes, unless composite sampling of influent wastewater is performed at a location downstream of the point of entry for the wastes. The influent BOD<sub>5</sub> characterization for the treatment facility, as reported in the annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report per 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, must be representative of the hauled-in municipal wastes received.

4. Unanticipated Noncompliance or Potential Pollution Reporting

- a. Immediate Reporting - The permittee shall immediately report any incident causing or threatening pollution in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Sections 91.33 and 92a.41(b).
  - (i) If, because of an accident, other activity or incident a toxic substance or another substance which would endanger users downstream from the discharge, or would otherwise result in pollution or create a danger of pollution or would damage property, the permittee shall immediately notify DEP by telephone of the location and nature of the danger. Oral notification to the Department is required as soon as possible, but no later than 4 hours after the permittee becomes aware of the incident causing or threatening pollution.
  - (ii) If reasonably possible to do so, the permittee shall immediately notify downstream users of the waters of the Commonwealth to which the substance was discharged. Such notice shall include the location and nature of the danger.
  - (iii) The permittee shall immediately take or cause to be taken steps necessary to prevent injury to property and downstream users of the waters from pollution or a danger of pollution and, in addition, within 15 days from the incident, shall remove the residual substances contained thereon or therein from the ground and from the affected waters of this Commonwealth to the extent required by applicable law.
- b. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 122.41(l)(6). These requirements include the following obligations:
  - (i) 24 Hour Reporting - The permittee shall orally report any noncompliance with this permit which may endanger health or the environment within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph (40 CFR 122.41(l)(6)(ii)):
    - (1) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
    - (2) Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit; and
    - (3) Violation of the maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in the permit as being subject to the 24-hour reporting requirement.
  - (ii) Written Report - A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
  - (iii) Waiver of Written Report - DEP may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the associated oral report has been received within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances which may endanger health or the environment. Unless such a waiver is expressly granted by DEP, the permittee shall submit a written report in accordance with this paragraph. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(6)(iii))

5. Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraph C.4 of this section or specific requirements of compliance schedules, at the time DMRs are submitted, on the Non-Compliance Reporting Form (3800-FM-BPNPSM0440). The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph C.4.b.(ii) of this section. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(7))



## I. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

### A. Compliance Schedules (25 Pa. Code 92a.51, 40 CFR 122.47(a))

1. The permittee shall achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit within the time frames specified in this permit.
2. The permittee shall submit reports of compliance or noncompliance, or progress reports as applicable, for any interim and final requirements contained in this permit. Such reports shall be submitted no later than 14 days following the applicable schedule date or compliance deadline. (40 CFR 122.47(a)(4))

### B. Permit Modification, Termination, or Revocation and Reissuance

1. This permit may be modified, terminated, or revoked and reissued during its term in accordance with 25 Pa. Code 92a.72 and 40 CFR 122.41(f).
2. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition. (40 CFR 122.41(f))
3. In the absence of DEP action to modify or revoke and reissue this permit, the permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time specified in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions. (40 CFR 122.41(a)(1))

### C. Duty to Provide Information

1. The permittee shall furnish to DEP, within a reasonable time, any information which DEP may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(h))
2. The permittee shall furnish to DEP, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(h))
3. Other Information - Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to DEP, it shall promptly submit the correct and complete facts or information. (40 CFR 122.41(l)(8))
4. The permittee shall provide the following information in the annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report, required under the provisions of Title 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94:
  - a. The requirements identified in 25 Pa. Code 94.12.
  - b. The identity of any indirect discharger(s) served by the POTW which are subject to pretreatment standards adopted under Section 307(b) of the Clean Water Act; the POTW shall also specify the total volume of discharge and estimate concentration of each pollutant discharged into the POTW by the indirect discharger.
  - c. A "Solids Management Inventory" if specified in Part C of this permit.
  - d. The total volume of hauled-in residual and municipal wastes received during the year, by source.
  - e. The Annual Report requirements for permittees required to implement an industrial pretreatment program listed in Part C, as applicable.

#### D. General Pretreatment Requirements

1. Any POTW (or combination of POTWs operated by the same authority) with a total design flow greater than 5 million gallons per day (MGD) and receiving from industrial users pollutants which pass through or interfere with the operation of the POTW or are otherwise subject to Pretreatment Standards will be required to establish a POTW Pretreatment Program unless specifically exempted by the Approval Authority. A POTW with a design flow of 5 MGD or less may be required to develop a POTW Pretreatment Program if the Approval Authority finds that the nature or volume of the industrial influent, treatment process upsets, violations of effluent limitations, contamination of sludge, or other circumstances warrant in order to prevent interference or pass through. (40 CFR 403.8)
2. Each POTW with an approved Pretreatment Program pursuant to 40 CFR 403.8 shall develop and enforce specific limits to implement the prohibitions listed in 40 CFR 403.5(a)(1) and (b), and shall continue to develop these limits as necessary and effectively enforce such limits. This condition applies, for example, when there are planned changes to the waste stream as identified in Part A III.C.2. If the permittee is required to develop or continue implementation of a Pretreatment Program, detailed requirements will be contained in Part C of this permit.
3. For all POTWs, where pollutants contributed by indirect dischargers result in interference or pass through, and a violation is likely to recur, the permittee shall develop and enforce specific limits for indirect dischargers and other users, as appropriate, that together with appropriate facility or operational changes, are necessary to ensure renewed or continued compliance with this permit or sludge use or disposal practices. Where POTWs do not have an approved Pretreatment Program, the permittee shall submit a copy of such limits to DEP when developed. (25 Pa. Code 92a.47(d))

#### E. Proper Operation and Maintenance

1. The permittee shall employ operators certified in compliance with the Water and Wastewater Systems Operators Certification Act (63 P.S. §§1001-1015.1).
2. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes, but is not limited to, adequate laboratory controls including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision also includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems that are installed by the permittee, only when necessary to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. (40 CFR 122.41(e))

#### F. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge, sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment. (40 CFR 122.41(d))

#### G. Bypassing

1. Bypassing Not Exceeding Permit Limitations - The permittee may allow a bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions in paragraphs two, three and four of this section. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(2))
2. Other Bypassing - In all other situations, bypassing is prohibited and DEP may take enforcement action against the permittee for bypass unless:
  - a. A bypass is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or "severe property damage." (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(A))
  - b. There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed in the exercise

of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(B))

- c. The permittee submitted the necessary notice required in paragraph G.4 below. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(C))
3. DEP may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if DEP determines that it will meet the conditions listed in paragraph G.2 above. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(ii))
4. Notice
  - a. Anticipated Bypass -- If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible, at least 10 days before the bypass. (40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)(i))
  - b. Unanticipated Bypass
    - (i) The permittee shall submit immediate notice of an unanticipated bypass causing or threatening pollution. The notice shall be in accordance with Part A III.C.4.a.
    - (ii) The permittee shall submit oral notice of any other unanticipated bypass within 24 hours, regardless of whether the bypass may endanger health or the environment or whether the bypass exceeds effluent limitations. The notice shall be in accordance with Part A III.C.4.b.

#### H. Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs)

An SSO is an overflow of wastewater, or other untreated discharge from a separate sanitary sewer system (which is not a combined sewer system), which results from a flow in excess of the carrying capacity of the system or from some other cause prior to reaching the headworks of the sewage treatment facility. SSOs are not authorized under this permit. The permittee shall immediately report any SSO to DEP in accordance with Part A III.C.4 of this permit.

## II. PENALTIES AND LIABILITY

### A. Violations of Permit Conditions

Any person violating Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Clean Water Act or any permit condition or limitation implementing such sections in a permit issued under Section 402 of the Act is subject to civil, administrative and/or criminal penalties as set forth in 40 CFR §122.41(a)(2).

Any person or municipality, who violates any provision of this permit; any rule, regulation or order of DEP; or any condition or limitation of any permit issued pursuant to the Clean Streams Law, is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties as set forth in Sections 602, 603 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

### B. Falsifying Information

Any person who does any of the following:

- Falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit, or
- Knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit (including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance)

Shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine and/or imprisonment as set forth in 18 Pa.C.S.A § 4904 and 40 CFR §122.41(j)(5) and (k)(2).

C. Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance pursuant to Section 309 of the Clean Water Act or Sections 602, 603 or 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or to relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under the Clean Water Act and the Clean Streams Law.

D. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. 40 CFR 122.41(c)

III. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Right of Entry

Pursuant to Sections 5(b) and 305 of Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, and Title 25 Pa. Code Chapter 92a and 40 CFR §122.41(i), the permittee shall allow authorized representatives of DEP and EPA, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law:

1. To enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit; (40 CFR 122.41(i)(1))
2. To have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit; (40 CFR 122.41(i)(2))
3. To inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit; and (40 CFR 122.41(i)(3))
4. To sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act or the Clean Streams Law, any substances or parameters at any location. (40 CFR 122.41(i)(4))

B. Transfer of Permits

1. Transfers by modification. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if this permit has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act. (40 CFR 122.61(a))
2. Automatic transfers. As an alternative to transfers under paragraph 1 of this section, any NPDES permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
  - a. The current permittee notifies DEP at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date in paragraph 2.b. of this section; (40 CFR 122.61(b)(1))
  - b. The notice includes the appropriate DEP transfer form signed by the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between them; and (40 CFR 122.61(b)(2))
  - c. DEP does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue this permit, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2.b. of this section. (40 CFR 122.61(b)(3))
  - d. The new permittee is in compliance with existing DEP issued permits, regulations, orders and schedules of compliance, or has demonstrated that any noncompliance with the existing permits

has been resolved by an appropriate compliance action or by the terms and conditions of the permit (including compliance schedules set forth in the permit), consistent with 25 Pa. Code 92a.51 (relating to schedules of compliance) and other appropriate Department regulations. (25 Pa. Code 92a.71)

3. In the event DEP does not approve transfer of this permit, the new owner or controller must submit a new permit application.

C. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (40 CFR 122.41(g))

D. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for a new permit. (40 CFR 122.41(b))

E. Other Laws

The issuance of this permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of state or local law or regulations.

**IV. ANNUAL FEE**

Permittees shall pay an annual fee in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 92a.62. Annual fee amounts are specified in the following schedule and are due on each anniversary of the effective date of the most recent new or reissued permit. All flows identified in the schedule are annual average design flows. (25 Pa. Code 92a.62)

Small Flow Treatment Facility (SRSTP and SFTF)	\$0
Minor Sewage Facility < 0.05 MGD (million gallons per day)	\$250
Minor Sewage Facility ≥ 0.05 and < 1 MGD	\$500
Minor Sewage Facility with CSO (Combined Sewer Overflow)	\$750
Major Sewage Facility ≥ 1 and < 5 MGD	\$1,250
Major Sewage Facility ≥ 5 MGD	\$2,500
Major Sewage Facility with CSO	\$5,000

As of the effective date of this permit, the facility covered by the permit is classified in the following fee category: **Major Sewage Facility with CSO.**

Invoices for annual fees will be mailed to permittees approximately three months prior to the due date. In the event that an invoice is not received, the permittee is nonetheless responsible for payment. Throughout a five year permit term, permittees will pay four annual fees followed by a permit renewal application fee in the last year of permit coverage. Permittees may contact the DEP at 717-787-6744 with questions related to annual fees. The fees identified above are subject to change in accordance with 25 Pa. Code 92a.62(e).

Payment for annual fees shall be remitted to DEP at the address below by the anniversary date. Checks should be made payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

PA Department of Environmental Protection  
 Bureau of Point and Non-Point Source Management  
 Re: Chapter 92a Annual Fee  
 P.O. Box 8466  
 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8466

**I. OTHER REQUIREMENTS**

- A. No storm water from pavements, area ways, roofs, foundation drains or other sources shall be directly admitted to the sanitary sewers associated with the herein approved discharge.
- B. The approval herein given is specifically made contingent upon the permittee acquiring all necessary property rights by easement or otherwise, providing for the satisfactory construction, operation, maintenance or replacement of all sewers or sewerage structures associated with the herein approved discharge in, along, or across private property, with full rights of ingress, egress and regress.
- C. Collected screenings, slurries, sludges, and other solids shall be handled and disposed of in compliance with 25 Pa. Code, Chapters 271, 273, 275, 283, and 285 (related to permits and requirements for landfilling, land application, incineration, and storage of sewage sludge), Federal Regulation 40 CFR 257, Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, Pennsylvania Solid Waste Management Act of 1980, and the Federal Clean Water Act and its amendments. The permittee is responsible to obtain or assure that contracted agents have all necessary permits and approvals for the handling, storage, transport, and disposal of solid waste materials generated as a result of wastewater treatment.
- D. The permittee shall optimize chlorine dosages used for disinfection or other purposes to minimize the concentration of Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) in the effluent, meet applicable effluent limitations, and reduce the possibility of adversely affecting the receiving waters. Optimization efforts may include an evaluation of wastewater characteristics, mixing characteristics, and contact times, adjustments to process controls, and maintenance of the disinfection facilities. If DEP determines that effluent TRC is causing adverse water quality impacts, DEP may reopen this permit to apply new or more stringent effluent limitations and/or require implementation of control measures or operational practices to eliminate such impacts.

Where the permittee does not use chlorine for primary or backup disinfection, but proposes the use of chlorine for cleaning or other purposes, the permittee shall notify DEP prior to initiating use of chlorine and monitor TRC concentrations in the effluent on each day in which chlorine is used. The results shall be submitted as an attachment to the DMR.

- E. In the event that the Department determines that the permittee's batch discharges are causing impairment to the aquatic life of the receiving stream due to the magnitude and frequency of the discharges, the permittee shall submit a Corrective Action Plan to equalize decant flows prior to discharge with a schedule to complete the improvements. The Corrective Action Plan and schedule shall be submitted within 60 days of the Department's written notification. Upon approval of the Plan, the Department will issue an amendment to the facility's Water Quality Management Permit.
- F. The permittee shall develop a High Flow Management Plan (HFMP) to be used to address the impact of high flows to the treatment plant during wet weather. The HFMP shall contain a process for treating the maximum amount of flow through the plant while protecting the components of the treatment plant and minimizing the potential impact to the receiving stream. The HFMP shall include measures to be taken when wet weather is predicted to prepare the plant for the high flow conditions as well as operational activities to be undertaken when high flows actually occur. The HFMP shall identify peak instantaneous flow that can be handled by the limiting plant unit and indicate how long that flow can be maintained without a bypass or overflow. The HFMP shall be submitted to DEP within one year of the effective date of this permit for DEP approval. Thereafter, the HFMP shall be reviewed and updated as part of each NPDES permit renewal application.
- G. The permittee shall not accept hauled-in wastes at the treatment facility under the following conditions, unless otherwise approved by DEP in writing:
  - When acceptance of hauled-in wastes would cause a hydraulic or organic overload as defined in Chapter 94.1 of the DEP's regulations.

- When the treatment facility is considered to be in an existing hydraulic or organic overload condition, as determined by the permittee or DEP, as defined in Chapter 94.1 of the DEP's regulations.
- When the instantaneous flow at the treatment facility exceeds 39.0 MGD (the Chapter 94 hydraulic design capacity of the facility multiplied by a peaking factor of three), and for 24 hours following exceedance of this threshold.

## II. MAXIMIZING TREATMENT AT THE EXISTING POTW

A CSO-related bypass of the secondary treatment portion of the POTW treatment plant is authorized only when (1) the permittee is implementing Nine Minimum Controls and a Long Term Control Plan and the bypass is part of the operational plan for implementing Nine Minimum Controls and the Long Term Control Plan, (2) it is in accordance with the provision of 40 CFR 122.41 (m) and (3) the flow rate to the POTW treatment plant, as a result of a precipitation or snow-melt events, exceeds 56 MGD. Bypasses that occur when the flow at the time of the bypass is less than the above specified flow rate are not authorized under this condition.

In the event of a CSO-related bypass authorized under this condition, the permittee shall minimize the discharge of pollutants to the receiving water. At a minimum, the CSO-related bypass flows must receive primary clarification, solids and floatables removal, and disinfection. The bypass may not cause the effluent from the POTW either to exceed the effluent limits contained in its permit or to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. The permittee shall report any substantial changes in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW or that may be present in the CSO-related bypass. Authorization of CSO-related bypasses under this provision may be modified or terminated when there is a substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced to the POTW or in the bypassed flow. The permittee shall provide notice to the permitting authority of bypasses authorized under this condition within 24 hours of occurrence of the bypass.

## III. COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOWS

### A. Management and Control of Combined Sewer Overflows

1. Combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are allowed to discharge only in compliance with this permit when flows in combined sewer systems exceed the design capacity of the conveyance or treatment facilities of the system. Overflows that occur without an accompanying precipitation event or snowmelt are termed "dry weather overflows" and are prohibited. CSOs are point source discharges that must be provided with control measures in accordance with the Federal Clean Water Act and the 1994 National CSO Policy.
2. The point source discharge locations (outfalls) identified in the application submitted by the permittee serve as known combined sewer overflow locations on the permittee sewer system.

### B. Continued Implementation of Technology-Based Nine Minimum Controls

1. Upon issuance of this permit, the permittee shall continue the implementation of the NMCs, demonstrate system wide compliance with the NMCs and submit discharge monitoring reports and annual reports to the Department with appropriate documentation. The permittee's NMC documentation report is incorporated in this permit by reference.
2. The Department will use the EPA guidance document entitled "Guidance For Nine Minimum Controls" (EPA 832-B-95-003), dated May 1995, and specific comments provided during review of the NMC documentation reports to determine continued compliance with the CSO permit requirements.

### C. Implementation of Water Quality-Based Long Term Control Plan (LTCP)

1. The long term goal of the LTCP requirements in this permit is to achieve compliance with the state water quality standards upon completion of the LTCP implementation. The CSO discharge(s) shall comply with the performance standards of the selected CSO controls and shall comply with the water quality standards found in Chapter 93. When additional CSO-related information and data becomes

available to revise water quality-based effluent limitations, the permit should be revised, as appropriate, to reflect the new effluent limitations.

2. The permittee shall continue the implementation of the approved LTCP, demonstrate system-wide compliance with the LTCP's installed alternatives and submit with the Annual Report referenced in paragraph D.2 below, annual progress reports on implementation.
3. The permittee shall continue to implement its approved long term control plan (LTCP). The LTCP, at a minimum, shall incorporate the following requirements:
  - a. Continued implementation of the nine minimum controls;
  - b. Protection of sensitive areas (recreation areas, public water supply, unique ecological habitat, etc.);
  - c. Public participation in developing the LTCP;
  - d. The selected CSO controls should include a post-construction monitoring program plan adequate to verify compliance with water quality standards and protection of designated uses as well as to ascertain the effectiveness of CSO controls. This water quality compliance monitoring program should include a plan to be approved by the Department that details the monitoring protocols to be followed.
4. The LTCP is described in the EPA's guidance document entitled "Guidance For Long Term Control Plan" (EPA 832-B-95-002), dated September 1995. Using a compliance monitoring program, the permittee shall periodically review the effectiveness of the LTCP and propose any changes or revisions to the LTCP to the Department for review and approval before its implementation. This shall be done at each permit renewal and as needed during the permit term.
5. The permittee shall implement, inspect, monitor and effectively operate and maintain the CSO controls identified in the LTCP pursuant to the LTCP implementation schedule, which is incorporated herein by reference. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this permit, the permittee will achieve the interim steps or milestones identified in the LTCP and any subsequent approved revisions.

#### D. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

##### 1. Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Supplemental Reports for Combined Sewer Overflows

The permittee shall record data on CSO discharges in the format specified in DEP's DMR Supplemental Reports for CSOs attached to this permit. The data shall be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the Department within 28 days of the end of the month. For CSOs that are part of a permitted POTW, the DMR Supplemental Reports for CSOs must be submitted with the Permittee's regular DMR. Copies of DMR Supplemental Reports for CSOs must be retained at the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) site or municipality for at least three (3) years.

##### 2. Annual CSO Status Report

On March 31 of each year, an Annual CSO Status Report shall be submitted to the Department with the annual "Municipal Wasteload Management Report" required by 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, Section 94.12. For a satellite CSO system, a copy of the annual report shall also be provided to the POTW providing treatment for its wastewater.

##### a. The Annual CSO Status Report shall:

- (1) Provide a summary of the frequency, duration and volume of the CSO discharges for the past calendar year,
- (2) Provide the operational status of overflow points,



- (3) Provide an identification of known in-stream water quality impacts, their causes, and their effects on downstream water uses,
  - (4) Summarize all actions taken to implement the NMCs and the LTCP and their effectiveness, and
  - (5) Evaluate and provide a progress report on implementing and necessary revisions to the NMC and LTCP.
- b. Specifically, the following CSO-related information shall be included in the report:

(1) Rain gauge data - total inches (to the nearest 0.01 inch) that caused each CSO discharge being reported in the DMR Supplemental Reports for CSOs.

(2) Inspections and maintenance.

- Total number of regulator inspections conducted during the period of the report (reported by drainage system).
- A list of blockages (if any) corrected or other interceptor maintenance performed, including location, date and time discovered, date and time corrected, and any discharges to the stream observed and/or suspected to have occurred.

(3) Dry weather overflows

Dry weather CSO discharges are prohibited. Immediate telephone notification to DEP of such discharges is required in accordance with 25 Pa. Code, Section 91.33. Indicate location, date and time discovered, date and time corrected/ceased, and action(s) taken to prevent their reoccurrence. A plan to correct this condition and schedule to implement the plan must be submitted with the DMR Supplemental Reports for CSOs.

(4) Wet weather overflows

- For all locations that have automatic level monitoring of the regulators, report all exceedances of the overflow level during the period of the report, including location, date, time, and duration of wet weather overflows.
- For all locations at which flows in the interceptors can be controlled by throttling and/or pumping, report all instances when the overflow level was reached or the gates were lowered. For each instance, provide the location, date, time, and duration of the overflow.

#### E. Area-Wide Planning/Participation Requirement

Where applicable, the permittee shall cooperate with and participate in any interconnected CSO system's NMCs and LTCP activities being developed and/or carried out by the operator(s) of these systems, and shall participate in implementing applicable portions of the approved NMC and LTCP for these systems.

#### F. Permit Reopener Clause

The Department reserves the right to modify, revoke and reissue this permit as provided pursuant to 40 CFR 122.62 and 124.5 and for the following reasons:

1. To include new or revised conditions developed to comply with any State or Federal law or regulation that addresses CSOs and that is adopted or promulgated subsequent to the effective date of this permit.
2. To include new or revised conditions if new information indicates that CSO controls imposed under the permit have failed to ensure the attainment of State Water Quality Standards.

3. To include new or revised conditions based on new information resulting from implementation of the LTCP or other plans or data.

G. Combined Sewer Overflow Compliance Schedule

The permittee shall complete the above CSO activities in accordance with the following compliance schedule:

<u>Schedule Activity Description</u>	<u>Compliance Due Date</u>
Continue Implementation of the NMCs	Permit effective date
Continue Implementation of the LTCP	Permit effective date
Submit Annual CSO Status Report to Department with Chapter 94 Report	March 31 of each year
Submit DMR Supplemental Reports for CSOs	Within 28 days of the end of a month

<u>Scheduled Interim Milestones</u>	<u>Compliance Due Date</u>
Submit Post Construction Compliance Monitoring Plan	December 31, 2016
Implement Post Construction Compliance Monitoring Plan	Upon Department Approval
Complete collection system assessments and I&I reduction	December 31, 2016

**IV. POTW PRETREATMENT PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION**

- A. General Requirement – The permittee shall operate and implement a POTW pretreatment program in accordance with the federal Clean Water Act, the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, and the federal General Pretreatment Regulations at 40 CFR Part 403. The program shall also be implemented in accordance with the permittee's approved pretreatment program and any modifications thereto submitted by the permittee and approved by the Approval Authority.
- B. Annual Report and Other Requirements – The permittee shall submit a Pretreatment Annual Report by March 31 of each year to EPA that describes the permittee's pretreatment activities for the previous calendar year. The Pretreatment Annual Report shall include a description of pretreatment activities in all municipalities from which wastewater is received at the permittee's POTW. The Pretreatment Annual Report shall include the following information, at minimum:
  1. Industrial Listing – The Annual Report shall contain an updated industrial listing providing the names and addresses of all current Significant Industrial Users (SIUs) and Non-Significant Categorical Industrial Users (NSCIUs), as defined in 40 CFR 403.3, and the categorical standard, if any, applicable to each. The listing must: (1) identify any users that are subject to reduced reporting requirements under 40 CFR 403.12(e)(3); (2) identify which users are NSCIUs; (3) identify any users that have been granted a monitoring waiver in accordance with 40 CFR 403.12(e)(2) as well as the pollutants for which the waiver was granted and the date of the last POTW sampling event for each pollutant; and (4) identify any categorical industrial users that have been given mass-based limits in place of concentration-based categorical limits in accordance with 40 CFR 403.6(c)(5) or concentration-based limits in place of mass-based categorical limits in accordance with 40 CFR 403.6(c)(6).

In addition, the Annual Report shall contain a summary of any hauled-in wastes accepted at the POTW including the source of the wastes (domestic, commercial or industrial) and the receiving location for acceptance of the wastes. For each industrial source (whether or not classified as an SIU), the report shall indicate (1) the name and address of the industrial source; (2) the average daily amount of

wastewater received; (3) a brief description of the type of process operations conducted at the industrial facility; (4) whether the source facility is a categorical Industrial user (including NSCIU), significant industrial users, or non-significant industrial user; and (5) any controls imposed on the user.

2. **Control Mechanism Issuance** – The Annual Report shall contain a summary of SIU control mechanism issuance, including a list of issuance, effective, and expiration dates for each SIU control mechanism. For each general control mechanism issued, provide the names of all SIUs covered by the general control mechanism and an explanation of how the users meet the criteria of 40 CFR 403.8(f)(1)(iii)(A) for issuance of a general control mechanism.
3. **Sampling and Inspection** – The Annual Report shall contain a summary of the number and types of inspections and sampling events of SIUs by the permittee, including a list of all SIUs either not sampled or not inspected, and the reason that the sampling and/or inspection was not conducted. For any user subject to reduced reporting under 40 CFR 403.12(e)(3), the list shall include the date of the last POTW sampling event and the date of the last POTW inspection of the user. In addition, the report shall include a summary of the number of self-monitoring events conducted by each SIU and the number required to be conducted, including a list of all SIUs that did not submit the required number of reports and the reason why the reports were not submitted. For NSCIUs, the report shall provide the date of the compliance certification required under 40 CFR 403.12(q).
4. **Industrial User Compliance and POTW Enforcement** – The Annual Report shall contain a summary of the number and type of violations of pretreatment standards and requirements, including local limits, and the actions taken by the permittee to obtain compliance, including compliance schedules, penalty assessments and actions for injunctive relief. The report shall state whether each SIU was in significant noncompliance, as that term is defined in 40 CFR Section 403.8(f)(2)(viii), and include the parameter(s) in violation, the period of violation, the actions taken by the POTW in response to the violations, and the compliance status at the end of the reporting period. A copy of the publication of users meeting the significant noncompliance criteria shall be included. In addition, the report shall provide a list of users previously designated as NSCIUs that have violated (to any extent) any pretreatment standard or requirement during the year and the date and description of the violation(s).
5. **Summary of POTW Operations** – The Annual Report shall contain a summary of any interference, pass-through, or permit violations by the POTW and indicate the following: (1) which, if any, permit violations may be attributed to industrial users; (2) which IU(s) are responsible for such violations; and (3) the actions taken to address these events. The report shall also include all sampling and analysis of POTW treatment plant influent, effluent, and sludge conducted during the year for local limit and priority pollutants identified pursuant to Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1313(d).
6. **Pretreatment Program Changes** – The Annual Report shall contain a summary of any changes made or proposed to the approved program during the period covered by the report and the date of submission to the Approval Authority.

A summary of pretreatment activities shall be incorporated into the permittee's Annual Municipal Wasteload Management Report required by 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94 and referenced in Part B I.C.4 of this permit.

- C. **Routine Monitoring** – The permittee shall conduct monitoring at its treatment plant that, at a minimum, includes quarterly influent, effluent, and sludge analysis for all pollutants for which local limits have been established, and an annual priority pollutant scan for influent and sludge.
- D. **Notification of Pass Through or Interference** – The permittee shall notify EPA and DEP, in writing, of any instance of pass through or interference, as defined at 40 CFR 403.3(p) and (k), respectively, known or suspected to be related to a discharge from an IU into the POTW. The notification shall be attached to the DMR submitted to EPA and DEP and shall describe the incident, including the date, time, length, cause (including responsible user if known), and the steps taken by the permittee and IU (if identified) to address the incident. A copy of the notification shall also be sent to the EPA at the address provided below.
- E. **Headworks Analysis** – The permittee has reported that it currently has no significant industrial users in its system and therefore a reevaluation of the local limits is not being required at this time. Prior to accepting discharges from any user that meets the definition of significant industrial user in 40

CFR 403.3(v)(1), the permittee shall obtain approval from EPA of a reevaluation of its local limits based on a headworks analysis of its treatment plant. In order to ensure that the permittee's discharge complies with water quality standards, the reevaluation of local limits shall consider, at a minimum, all water quality standards under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93 applicable to the pollutants included in the reevaluation, unless the POTW is subject to an effluent limitation for the pollutant in Part A of this permit. Unless otherwise approved in writing, the list of pollutants shall include arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, cyanide, lead, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, silver, zinc, BOD5, TSS, ammonia, any pollutants for which a local limit currently exists, any pollutant limited in this permit, as well as any other pollutants that have been identified in the POTW in significant quantities through monitoring or the receipt of indirect discharges and hauled-in wastes. For example, facilities receiving residual waste from oil and gas operations should include pollutants such as Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), specific ions such as chlorides and sulfates, specific radionuclides, metals such as barium and strontium, and other pollutants that could reasonably be expected to be present."

- F. Changes to Pretreatment Program – EPA and DEP may require the permittee to submit for approval changes to its pretreatment program if any one or more of the following conditions is present:
1. The program is not implemented in accordance with 40 CFR Part 403;
  2. Problems such as interference, pass through or sludge contamination develop or continue;
  3. The POTW proposes to introduce new pollutants or an increased loading of approved pollutants as described in Part A III.C.2 of this permit;
  4. Federal, State, or local requirements change;
  5. Changes are needed to assure protection of waters of the Commonwealth.

Program modification is necessary whenever there is a significant change in the operation of the pretreatment program that differs from the information contained in the permittee's submission, as approved under 40 CFR 403.11.

- G. Procedure for Pretreatment Program Changes – Upon submittal by the permittee, and written notice of approval by the Approval Authority to the permittee of any changes to the permittee's approved pretreatment program, such changes are effective and binding upon the permittee unless the permittee objects within 30 days of receipt of the written notice of approval. Any objection must be submitted in writing to EPA and DEP.
- H. Correspondence – The Approval Authority shall be EPA at the following address:

Pretreatment Coordinator (3WP41)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
1650 Arch Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

## V. SOLIDS MANAGEMENT

- A. The permittee shall manage and properly dispose of sewage sludge and/or biosolids, produced by the system, by balancing the amount of solids maintained within the treatment system. The permittee shall develop a scheduled sludge wasting rate that maintains an appropriate mass balance for the specific treatment process type and system loadings and maintains compliance with permit effluent conditions. Holding excess sludge within clarifiers or in the disinfection process is not acceptable. The permittee shall compute and set the wasting rate and time so as to maintain an appropriate balance of sludge in the system. Seasonal variations shall be considered in developing sludge wasting rates.
- B. The permittee shall submit the Supplemental Reports entitled, "Supplemental Report – Sewage Sludge/Biosolids Production and Disposal" (Form No. 3800-FM-WSFR0438) and "Supplemental Report – Influent & Process Control" (Form No. 3800-FM-WSFR0436), as attachments to the DMR on a monthly basis. When applicable, the permittee shall submit the Supplemental Reports entitled, "Supplemental

Report – Hauled In Municipal Wastes” (Form No. 3800-FM-WSFR0437) and “Supplemental Report – Hauled In Residual Wastes” (Form No. 3800-FMWSFR0450), as attachments to the DMR.

- C. By March 31 of each year, the permittee shall submit a “Sewage Sludge Management Inventory” that summarizes the amount of sewage sludge and/or biosolids produced and wasted during the calendar year from the system. The “Sewage Sludge Management Inventory” may be submitted with the Municipal Wasteload Management Report required by Chapter 94. This summary shall include the expected sewage sludge production (estimated using the methodology described in the U.S. EPA handbook, “Improving POTW Performance Using the Composite Correction Approach” (EPA-625/6-84-008), compared with the actual amount disposed during the year. Sludge quantities shall be expressed as dry weight in addition to gallons or other appropriate units.

## VI. WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET)

### A. General Requirements

1. The permittee shall conduct chronic WET tests as specified in this section. The permittee shall collect discharge samples and perform WET tests to generate chronic survival and reproduction data for the cladoceran, *Ceriodaphnia dubia* and chronic survival and reproduction data for the fathead minnow, *Pimephales promelas*.
2. Samples shall be collected at Outfall 001 in accordance with paragraph E.
3. The permittee shall perform testing using the following dilution series: 100%, 60%, 30%, 8%, and 4% effluent, with a control, where 8% is the facility-specific Target In-Stream Waste Concentration (TIWC).
4. The determination of whether a test endpoint passes or fails shall be made using DEP's WET Analysis Spreadsheet (available at [www.depweb.state.pa.us/wett](http://www.depweb.state.pa.us/wett)) by comparing replicate data for the control with replicate data for the TIWC dilution or any dilution greater than the TIWC.
5. The permittee shall submit only valid WET test results to DEP.

### B. Test Frequency and Reporting

1. WET testing shall be conducted quarterly, beginning within 30 days of the permit effective date and continuing until four tests have been completed. Tests shall be completed within calendar quarters, i.e., one test each during the periods of January 1 – March 31, April 1 – June 30, July 1 – September 30, and October 1 – December 31.
2. A complete WET test report shall be submitted to the DEP regional office that issued the permit within 45 days of test completion. A complete WET test report submission shall include the information contained in paragraph H, below.
3. If a test failure is determined for any endpoint during the monitoring, the permittee shall initiate a re-test for the species with the failure within 30 days of test completion. All endpoints for the species shall be evaluated in the re-test. The results of the re-test shall be submitted to the DEP regional office that issued the permit.
4. If no endpoint failures occur in the initial four quarterly tests, the permittee may reduce WET monitoring to annually during the period January 1 – December 31. This minimum WET monitoring frequency will remain in place until the permit is reissued, unless more frequent monitoring is triggered in accordance with paragraph B.5. The permittee must continue annual WET monitoring, at a minimum, during the permit renewal review period and during any period of administrative extension of this permit.
5. If there is a failure for one or more endpoints in a re-test, the permittee shall initiate or continue quarterly WET testing for both species until there are four consecutive passing results for all endpoints. The results of all tests shall be submitted to the DEP regional office that issued the permit. In addition, the permittee shall initiate a Phase I Toxicity Reduction Evaluation (TRE) as specified in paragraph C, below.

6. The permittee shall attach the WET Analysis Spreadsheet for the latest four consecutive WET tests to the NPDES permit renewal application that is submitted to DEP at least 180 days prior to the permit expiration date.

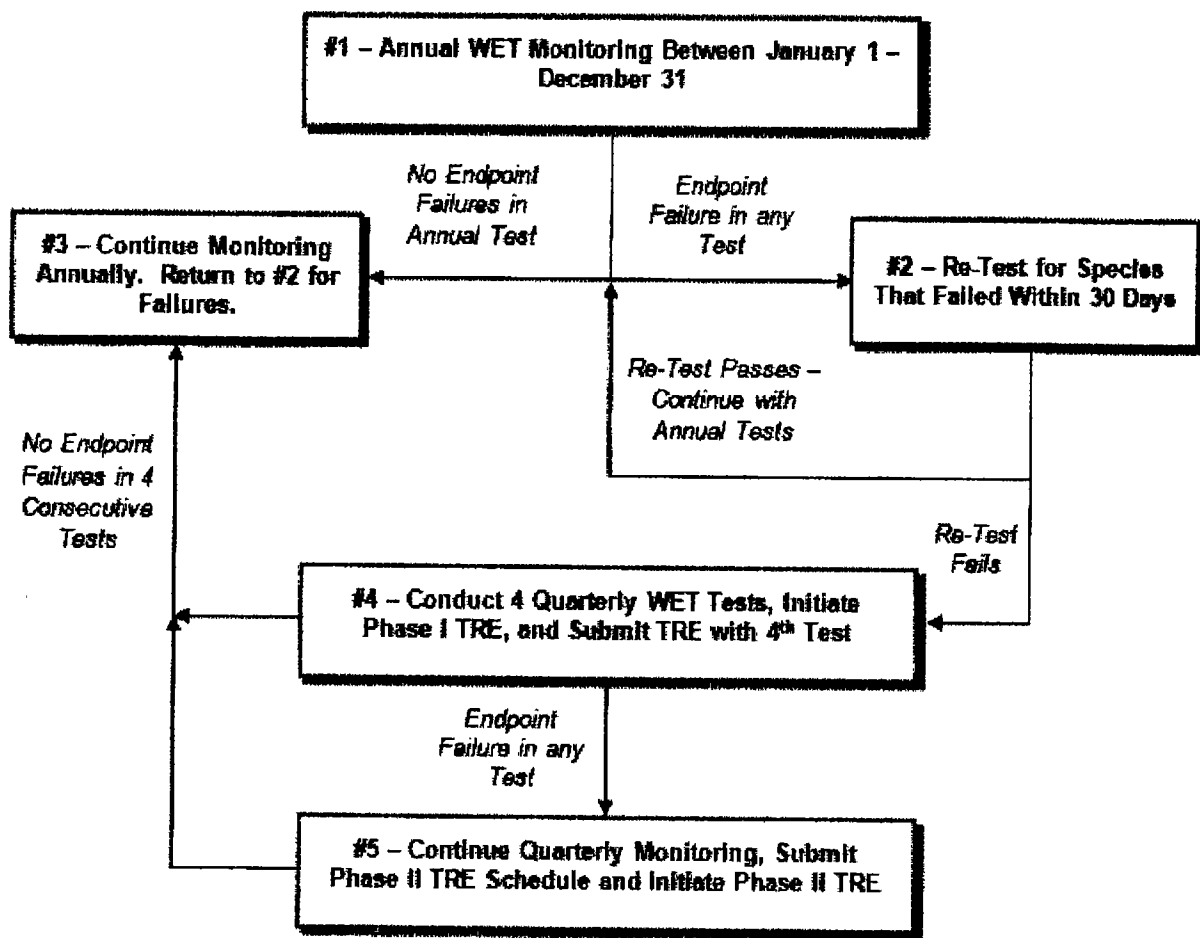
C. Phase I Toxicity Reduction Evaluation (TRE)

1. The Phase I TRE trigger is one WET endpoint failure followed by a re-test that confirms the failure for the same species. When the TRE process is triggered, quarterly WET testing shall be initiated for both species until there are four consecutive passing results for all endpoints. The Phase I TRE may include a Toxicity Identification Evaluation (TIE) if the permittee cannot immediately identify the possible causes of the effluent toxicity and the possible sources of the causative agents.
2. The permittee shall, within one year following the Phase I TRE trigger, submit a Phase I TRE report to the DEP regional office that issued the permit. The Phase I TRE shall be conducted in accordance with EPA's guidance, "Toxicity Reduction Evaluation for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants" (EPA/833B-99/002), "Generalized Methodology for Conducting Industrial Toxicity Reduction Evaluations" (EPA/600/2-88/070), and other relevant EPA guidance, as applicable. If a TIE is conducted as part of the Phase I TRE, it shall conform to EPA's guidance, "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations Phase I" (EPA/600/6-91/003), "Phase II" (EPA/600/R-92/080), "Phase III" (EPA/600/R-92/081) and other relevant EPA guidance. The Phase I TRE report shall be submitted with the fourth quarterly WET test report that is completed following the Phase I TRE trigger. The TRE shall include all activities undertaken to identify the cause(s) and source(s) of toxicity and any control efforts.
3. If all four quarterly WET tests produce passing results for all endpoints during the Phase I TRE process, performance of a Phase II TRE is not required, and annual WET testing in accordance with paragraph B.1 may resume.
4. If the four WET tests produce at least one failing result during the Phase I TRE process, the permittee shall continue quarterly WET monitoring for both species and initiate a Phase II TRE in accordance with paragraph D. In this case, the Phase I TRE must include a schedule for completion of the Phase II TRE. The schedule must include interim milestones and a final completion date not to exceed two years from the initiation of the Phase II TRE. The permittee shall implement the Phase II TRE in accordance with the schedule unless DEP issues written approval to modify the schedule or cease performance of the Phase II TRE.
5. Re-tests during the TRE process are required for invalid tests but are optional and at the discretion of the permittee for valid tests. The results of all re-tests must be submitted to the DEP regional office that issued the permit along with the required elements in paragraph H.

D. Phase II Toxicity Reduction Evaluation (TRE)

1. The Phase II TRE trigger is one WET endpoint failure during performance of the Phase I TRE. A Phase II TRE, if required, shall conform to EPA's guidance, "Toxicity Reduction Evaluation for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants" (EPA/833B-99/002), "Generalized Methodology for Conducting Industrial Toxicity Reduction Evaluations" (EPA/600/2-88/070), and other relevant EPA guidance, as applicable. A Phase II TRE evaluates the possible control options to reduce or eliminate the effluent toxicity and the implementation of controls.
2. Once initiated, the Phase II TRE must continue until the source(s) of toxicity are controlled as evidenced by four consecutive WET test passing results for all endpoints, and a final TRE report must be submitted on or before the date specified in the schedule, unless otherwise approved by DEP in writing.
3. If four consecutive quarterly WET tests produce passing results for all endpoints during the Phase II TRE process, annual WET testing in accordance with paragraph B.1 may be initiated or resume.

An overview of the process described in paragraphs B, C and D is presented below:



#### E. Sample Collection

For each acute testing event, a 24-hour flow-proportioned composite sample shall be collected. For each chronic testing event, three 24-hour flow-proportioned, composite samples shall be collected over a seven day exposure period. The samples must be collected at a frequency of not greater than every two hours and must be flow-proportioned. The samples must be collected at the permit compliance sampling location. Samples must be analyzed within 36 hours from the end of the compositing period and must be placed on ice and held at  $\leq 6^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Refer to the sample handling and preservation regulations set forth in 40 CFR 136, 25 Pa. Code Chapter 252, The NELAC Institute (TNI) Standard, and the appropriate EPA methods.

#### F. Test Conditions and Methods

Laboratories must be accredited by the DEP Laboratory Accreditation Program in order to perform and report WET tests for NPDES permit compliance. Laboratories must be either State or NELAP accredited.

1. Acute tests shall be completed in accordance with EPA's "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" (EPA-821-R-02-012, latest edition). Forty eight (48) hour static non-renewal tests shall be used.
2. Chronic tests shall be completed in accordance with EPA's "Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms" (EPA-821-R-02-013, latest edition). Seven (7) day tests shall be used with renewal every 24 hours.

3. The quality assurance and control (QA/QC) requirements and test acceptability standards specified in EPA's test methods and the requirements set forth in 25 Pa Code Chapter 252 or the TNI Standard must be followed.
4. If the permittee or its accredited laboratory determines that QA/QC requirements and/or test acceptability standards have not been met, a re-test shall be initiated within 30 days. Original test data must be maintained by the laboratory and be submitted to DEP upon request. The justification for a re-test must be clearly documented and kept on file with the sample results.

#### G. Chemical Analyses

Chemical analyses must follow the requirements of the EPA methods and applicable State and/or Federal regulations.

1. Chemical analysis on effluent samples shall include pH, Conductivity, Total Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Total Residual Chlorine, Total Ammonia (Unionized Ammonia), Dissolved Oxygen and temperature. Chemical analyses as described in the EPA Methods (above) shall be performed for each sampling event, including each new batch of dilution water and each testing event.
2. In addition to the chemical analyses required above, those parameters listed in Part A of the NPDES permit for the outfall(s) tested shall be analyzed concurrently with the WET test by using the method(s) specified in the permit.

#### H. WET Report Elements

WET test reports that are submitted to DEP must include the requirements identified in 25 Pa. Code § 252.401(j)(1) – (15) or in the TNI Standard, or equivalent, as well as the following information:

1. A general test description, including the origin and age of test organisms, dates and results of reference toxicant tests, light and temperature regimes, and other documentation that QA and test acceptability criteria as specified in EPA's methods and DEP's QA Summaries have been met.
2. A description of sample collection procedures and sampling location.
3. Name(s) of individual(s) collecting and transporting samples, including sample renewals, and the date(s) and time(s) of sample collection.
4. All chemical and physical data including laboratory quantitation limits and observations made on the species. The hardness shall be reported for each test condition.
5. Copies of raw data sheets and/or bench sheets with data entries and signatures.
6. When effluents are de-chlorinated, dechlorination procedures must be described and if applicable a thiosulfate control used in addition to the normal dilution water control. If the thiosulfate control results are significantly different from the normal control, as determined using DEP's WET Analysis Spreadsheet, the thiosulfate control shall be used in the spreadsheet for comparison with the TIWC condition. The WET report must specify which control was used to determine whether the test result is pass or fail.
7. A description of all observations or test conditions that may have affected the test outcome.
8. Control charts for the species tested regarding age, temperature test range, mortality data and all reference toxicant tests.
9. A completed WET test summary report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0485).



10. A DEP WET Analysis Spreadsheet printout that provides control and TIWC replicate data and displays the outcome of the test (pass or fail) for each endpoint tested.

WETT reports shall be submitted to the DEP regional office that issued the permit and, for discharges to the Delaware River basin, the Delaware River Basin Commission (DRBC).

**Supplemental Form Inventory**

The following supplemental forms (indicated in the check box column) are attached to this permit and must be completed and submitted to DEP in accordance with the permit and the supplemental form instructions. If the eDMR system is used to submit DMR reports, the spreadsheet versions of these supplemental forms, where applicable, should be used and attached to the eDMR submissions. A link to DEP's supplemental form website is available when logging into the eDMR system.

<b>Check Box</b>	<b>Supplemental Form Name and No.</b>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Daily Effluent Monitoring (3800-FM-BPNPSM0435)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Influent & Process Control (3800-FM-BPNPSM0436)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hauled in Municipal Wastes (3800-FM-BPNPSM0437)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sewage Sludge/Biosolids Production and Disposal (3800-FM-BPNPSM0438)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Chemical Additives Usage (3800-FM-BPNPSM0439)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Non-Compliance Reporting Form (3800-FM-BPNPSM0440)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CSO Monthly Summary Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0441)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CSO Detailed Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0442)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Groundwater Monitoring Data Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0443)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Nutrient Monitoring (3800-FM-BPNPSM0444)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Nitrogen Budget (3800-FM-BPNPSM0445)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Phosphorus Budget (3800-FM-BPNPSM0446)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Annual Nutrient Summary (3800-FM-BPNPSM0447)
<input type="checkbox"/>	TMDL Annual Load Summary (3800-FM-BPNPSM0448)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Land Application Systems (3800-FM-BPNPSM0449)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hauled in Residual Wastes (3800-FM-BPNPSM0450)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Surface Water Monitoring Data Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0461)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Lab Accreditation Form (3800-FM-BPNPSM0189)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Summary Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0485)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Storm Water Annual Inspection Form (3800-FM-WSFR0083v)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Storm Water Additional Information (3800-FM-WSFR0083t)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other: ████████

**SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT**  
**SEWAGE SLUDGE / BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION AND DISPOSAL**

Facility Name: Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
 Municipality: McKeesport City County: Allegheny  
 Watershed: 19-A

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913  
 Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
 This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

**SEWAGE SLUDGE/BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION INFORMATION (Identify each off-site removal event and incineration event)**

Check here if there were no off-site removal events during the month

Date	Liquid Sewage Sludge/Biosolids Hauled Off-site			Dewatered Sewage Sludge/Biosolids Hauled Off-site			Sewage Sludge/Biosolids Dewatered and Incinerated On-site		
	Gallons	% Solids	Dry Tons	Tons Dewatered	% Solids	Dry Tons	Tons Dewatered	% Solids	Dry Tons
	<b>TOTAL:</b>			<b>TOTAL:</b>			<b>TOTAL:</b>		

**SEWAGE SLUDGE/BIOSOLIDS AND INCINERATOR ASH DISPOSAL AND BENEFICIAL USE INFORMATION**  
 (Identify all sites where sewage sludge/biosolids or ash were disposed or land applied)

Site Name			
Municipality			
County			
DEP Permit No.			
Type of Material*			
Dry Tons Applied/Disposed			
Type of Disposal/Use*			
Hauler Name			

\*See Instructions for explanation

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SEWAGE SLUDGE / BIOSOLIDS SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., and Permit Expiration Date.

### Biosolids Production Information

2. For each off-site removal event for liquid sewage sludge or biosolids and for dewatered sewage sludge or biosolids, and for each event where dewatered sewage sludge or biosolids are incinerated on-site, list the date of the event, identify the gallons (liquid) or tons (dewatered) removed or incinerated and the percent solids (e.g., 10%, 20%, etc.) Report only sewage sludge or biosolids that have been removed from the plant digesters and other solids which have been **permanently** removed from the treatment process. Do not include sewage sludge or biosolids from other facilities that are processed at your facility. (If there were no off-site removal events during the month, check the box above the table).

Calculate dry tons for liquid sewage sludge or biosolids by multiplying the volume (gallons) by the percent solids and by a conversion factor of 0.0000417. For example, if 2,500 gallons of liquid biosolids is removed, and the percent solids is 3.0%, dry tons is calculated as:

$$2,500 \text{ gallons} \times 3.0\% \times 0.0000417 = 0.31 \text{ dry tons}$$

Calculate dry tons for dewatered sewage sludge or biosolids by multiplying the tons dewatered by the percent solids and by a conversion factor of 0.01. For example, if 5 tons of dewatered biosolids is removed, and the percent solids is 50%, dry tons is calculated as:

$$5 \text{ tons} \times 50\% \times 0.01 = 2.5 \text{ dry tons}$$

The **% Solids** of liquid or dewatered sewage sludge or biosolids must be determined periodically through laboratory testing. Do not estimate or guess this value. An acceptable test method is method 2540B in *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*, 18th edition, where samples are dried at 103-105°C. Other references such as ASTM may have equivalent tests which are also acceptable.

### Biosolids and Incinerator Ash Disposal and Beneficial Use Information

3. Report sewage sludge, biosolids, and ash disposal and beneficial use information by disposal/application site. There are columns for four possible sites per month - if more sites are needed, attach additional pages. For each Site Name, listed at the top of the column, enter the Municipality and County of the site, the DEP Permit No. (i.e., Biosolids permit number for land application, landfill waste management permit number, etc.), Type of Material (sewage sludge, biosolids, or incinerator ash), Dry Tons Applied/Disposed at the site for the month, Type of Disposal/Use (e.g., reed beds, agricultural utilization, composting, landfill, other treatment plant, etc.) and the name of the hauler (company or individual name).
4. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
 BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT  
 DAILY EFFLUENT MONITORING**

Facility Name: Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
 Municipality: McKeesport City County: Allegheny  
 Watershed: 19-A  
 Laboratories: \_\_\_\_\_

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913 Outfall No.: 001  
 Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
 This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

Day	Effluent Parameters																	
	Flow		pH		DO		TRC		CBOD5		BOD5		TSS		Fecal Coliform		UV Transmittance	
	Q	MGD	Q	S.U.	Q	mg/L	Q	mg/L	Q	mg/L	Q	mg/L	Q	mg/L	Q	CFU/100 ml	Q	%
1																		
2																		
3																		
4																		
5																		
6																		
7																		
8																		
9																		
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25																		
26																		
27																		
28																		
29																		
30																		
31																		
Avg																		

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
 BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT  
 DAILY EFFLUENT MONITORING**

Facility Name: Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
 Municipality: McKeesport City County: Allegheny  
 Watershed: 19-A  
 Laboratories: \_\_\_\_\_

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913 Outfall No.: 001  
 Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
 This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

Day	Effluent Parameters															
	Total Nitrogen		Ammonia		Total Phosphorus											
	Q	mg/L	Q	mg/L	Q	mg/L	Q		Q		Q		Q		Q	
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
9																
10																
11																
12																
13																
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30																
31																
Avg																

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Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING DAILY EFFLUENT MONITORING SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

Use this form to report daily monitoring results for the parameters that must be monitored in effluent for compliance with the permit. Results for influent parameters are normally reported on Form 3800-FM-BPNPSM0436.

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Laboratories, Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., Outfall No., and Permit Expiration Date (it is noted that this information may be pre-populated if you have received this form with your permit). For Laboratories, list the names of all laboratories where samples were analyzed during the month, including on-site analysis.
2. In the column headers, below "Effluent Parameters," enter the names of parameters in the permit. Since limited space is provided, abbreviation may be necessary. If there are more parameters for an outfall than columns provided on the form, attach an additional sheet.
3. Below parameter names, and to the right of "Q" (Qualifier) column headers, enter the units associated each parameter (it is noted that this information may be pre-populated if you have received this form with your permit).
4. Enter monitoring results for parameters in the rows corresponding to the day of the month in which samples were collected. Enter results exactly as reported by the laboratory, or if measured with on-site equipment, to the level of precision recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Enter data qualifiers such as "<," ">," "J," and others in the "Q" column.
5. Calculate and report average values at the bottom of the table in accordance with the DMR Instructions (3800-FM-BPNPSM0463) and DEP guidance (3800-BK-DEP3047). Note – for bacteria, calculate and report the geometric mean value.
6. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
 BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT – INFLUENT & PROCESS CONTROL**

Facility Name: McKeesport Water Pollution Control Plant  
 Municipality: City of McKeesport County: Allegheny  
 Watershed: 19-A

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913  
 Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
 This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

Day	Influent				Process Control					
	Flow (MGD)	BOD5 (mg/l)	BOD5 (lbs)	TSS (mg/l)	TSS (lbs)	Aeration MLSS (mg/l)	Aeration DO (mg/l)	Sludge Wasted (gallons)		
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
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28										
29										
30										
31										
Avg										
Max										

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_





## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING INFLUENT & PROCESS CONTROL SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., and Permit Expiration Date.
2. For **Influent**, enter daily average Influent Flow (MGD) (if an influent flow meter is in use), daily influent BOD<sub>5</sub> or BOD<sub>5</sub> concentrations (mg/l) and loads (lbs), and daily influent TSS concentrations (mg/l) and loads (lbs). Calculate loads by multiplying daily average flow (MGD) by daily average concentration (mg/l) and a conversion factor of 8.34. If an influent flow meter is not in use, you may use results from an effluent flow meter.
3. For **Process Control**, enter daily average Mixed Liquor Suspended Solids (MLSS) (mg/l) and daily average Aeration Dissolved Oxygen (DO) for aerobic biological treatment systems, and total daily Sludge Wasted (removed from biological treatment), in gallons, for all treatment system types. If a parameter does not apply to your facility, leave the column blank. Information for other parameters such as Return Activated Sludge (RAS) Rate, Recirculation Rate (for fixed media treatment systems), Sludge Blanket Thickness, Sludge Volume Index, and others may be requested by the DEP office that issued the permit.
4. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.





## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING HAULED IN RESIDUAL WASTES SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

Use this form to document receipt of residual wastes at your treatment facility (e.g., food processing waste, landfill leachate, oil and gas wastewaters). Municipal wastes such as sewage sludge and septage should be documented on the Hauled in Municipal Wastes Supplemental Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0437).

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., and Permit Expiration Date.
2. Enter the date for each day in which the facility receives residual wastes. If wastewater is received from more than one generator on the same day, repeat the date in a separate row.
3. Report the total volume received each day from each generator (source), in whole gallons.
4. Report the license plate number of the vehicle hauling the wastewater to the treatment facility. If more than one vehicle is used by a generator, report the date and total volume hauled by each vehicle daily (use separate rows as necessary).
5. For oil and gas wastewaters, enter the permit number of the well from which the wastewater was generated. For other wastewaters, this column may remain blank.
6. Report the source of each load of residual waste, including the generator name, address, and state. For oil and gas wastewaters, report the location of the well(s) generating the wastewater.
7. Enter Wastewater Type, typically frac water, drilling fluids or production water for oil and gas wastewaters, or other types such as food processing waste or leachate.
8. If the wastewater has been analyzed and reported on a Residual Waste Form 26R, or a separate waste characterization using the parameters from Form 26R, enter "Yes" under the column "Chemical Analysis", otherwise enter "No".
9. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**NON-COMPLIANCE REPORTING FORM**

Use this supplemental form to report all permit violations and any other non-compliance that may endanger health or the environment, in accordance with your permit. Complete all sections that apply. If you are reporting violations of permit limits, monitoring requirements or schedules that do not pose an immediate threat to health or the environment, you may attach this form to the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR). Title 25, Pa. Code §§ 91.33 and 91.34 (regarding incidents causing or threatening pollution and activities utilizing pollutants, respectively), in part requires immediate notification by telephone to the Department of pollution incidents, remediation, and may require an additional report on the incident or plan of pollution prevention measures. If you are reporting other non-compliance events, and the reporting deadline does not coincide with your submission of the DMR, it should be submitted separately to the Department by the reporting deadline set forth in the permit. See instructions for more information.

Facility Name: McKeesport WPCP  
Municipality: City of McKeesport County: Allegheny

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
Permit No.: PA0026913

**Violations of Permit Effluent Limitations\***

Date	Parameter	Permit Limit	Units	Statistical Code	Result	Units	Cause of Violation	Corrective Action Taken

**Sanitary Sewer Overflows and Other Unauthorized Discharges\***

Event Date	Substance Discharged	Location	Volume (gals)	Duration (hrs)	Receiving Waters	Impact on Waters	Cause of Discharge	Date DEP Notified

**Other Permit Violations\***

- Sample collection less frequent than required Explain \_\_\_\_\_
- Sample type not in compliance with permit Explain \_\_\_\_\_
- Violation of permit schedule Explain \_\_\_\_\_
- Other Explain \_\_\_\_\_
- Other Explain \_\_\_\_\_

\* If the space provided is not sufficient to record all information, please attach additional sheets.

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING NON-COMPLIANCE REPORTING FORM

Use this supplemental form to report all permit violations and any other non-compliance that may endanger health or the environment, in accordance with your permit. Complete all sections that apply. If you are reporting violations of permit limits, monitoring requirements or schedules that do not pose an immediate threat to health or the environment, you may attach this form to the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR). If you are reporting other non-compliance events, and the deadline for a written report (e.g., 5 days) does not coincide with your submission of the DMR, this form should be submitted separately to the Department by the reporting deadline set forth in the permit.

**If you are unsure of whether an incident constitutes non-compliance that may endanger health or the environment, it is recommended that you notify the Department verbally as soon as possible after you become aware of the incident. Title 25, Pa. Code §§ 91.33 and 91.34 (regarding incidents causing or threatening pollution and activities utilizing pollutants, respectively), in part requires immediate notification by telephone to the Department of pollution incidents, remediation, and may require an additional report on the incident or plan of pollution prevention measures.**

### Instructions:

1. Enter the name of the facility, the municipality and county where it is located, the month and year when violations occurred, and the NPDES or WQM permit number for the facility.
2. If there were violations of permit effluent limitations during the month, check the box next to "Violations of Permit Effluent Limitations." (Note – if using the electronic version of this form, check the boxes first, and then select Tools – Unprotect Document to enter additional information). Enter the date of the violation (if a violation of a minimum or maximum limit, the date of sample collection, or if a violation of an average limit, the end of the monitoring period), the parameter name, the permit limit and units, the statistical code (e.g., "MIN", "MAX", "MO AVG", etc.), the measured result and units, the cause of the violation and the corrective action taken. **If there are more than two violations during the monitoring period and/or if the space provided is insufficient to explain the cause or corrective action, please attach additional pages.**
3. If there are Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) discharges or other unauthorized discharges from the facility (e.g., spills, leaks, etc.) that enter or have the potential to enter waters of the Commonwealth, including groundwater, notify DEP by phone as soon as possible, and document the discharge on this form by checking the box next to "Sanitary Sewer Overflows and Other Unauthorized Discharges." Record the event (discharge) date, the substance discharged (e.g., sewage, on-site chemicals, etc.), the location where the discharge occurred (e.g., manhole number, pump station name, equipment description, etc.), the volume discharged (gallons), the approximate duration of the discharge (hours), the receiving waters (name of stream or groundwater), the impact on the receiving waters, if observed (e.g., solids deposition, foam, fish kill, etc.), the cause of the discharge, and the date on which the Department was verbally notified. **If there are more than two discharge events during the monitoring period and/or if the space provided is insufficient to explain the discharge, please attach additional pages.**
4. If there are other violations of the permit, check the box next to "Other Permit Violations," and check the appropriate box that describes the violation type. If not identified on the form, check the box next to "Other" and provide a written explanation. **If the space provided is insufficient to explain the violation, please attach additional pages.**
5. Type your name and title and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.

If you have questions about completing this form, contact the Clean Water Program Operations Section of the Department in your region:

Southeast Region – (484) 250-5970  
Northeast Region – (570) 826-2553  
Southcentral Region – (717) 705-4707

Northcentral Region – (570) 327-0532  
Southwest Region – (412) 442-4060  
Northwest Region – (814) 332-6942



**pennsylvania**  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA**  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**SUPPLEMENTAL LABORATORY ACCREDITATION FORM<sup>1</sup>**

**Permittee Name:** Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport

**Address:** 100 Atlantic Avenue  
McKeesport, PA 15132

PERMIT NUMBER	MONITORING PERIOD			
	Year/Month/Day			
PA0026913			TO	


I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

**Name/Title Principal Executive Officer** \_\_\_\_\_ **Phone:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Signature of Principal Executive Officer or Authorized Agent** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>1</sup> Submit this form with the first Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) or Annual Report, where sample results are submitted to the Department for compliance purposes. You do not need to send this form to the Department again UNLESS there has been a change to the lab(s), parameter(s) or method(s) of analysis.

<sup>2</sup> For parameter(s) covered under accreditation-by-rule, submit the lab's registration number in lieu of an accreditation number.



## WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST SUMMARY REPORT

NPDES Permit Number: **PA0026913**

Facility Name: **McKeesport WPCP**

Species Tested:  *Ceriodaphnia dubia*     *Pimphales promelas*    Test Type:  Chronic     Acute  
 Re-Test?  Yes     No (If Yes, indicate the date of original test completion:    )

SAMPLE INFORMATION						
	Date/Time	Sample Source	Temperature	Holding Time	Chlorine	Dechlorinated?
1.	_____	_____	_____ °C	_____	_____ mg/L	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2.	_____	_____	_____ °C	_____	_____ mg/L	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
3.	_____	_____	_____ °C	_____	_____ mg/L	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
TEST CONDITIONS						
Date/Time of Test Initiation:			Date/Time of Test Termination:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Renewal Test <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Renewal Test			Frequency of Renewals:			
Dilution Series:			Instream Waste Concentration (IWC):			
Age of Organisms at Start of Tests:			Number of Organisms per Replicate:			
Number of Replicates:			Feeding Regimen:			
Source of Organisms:			Photoperiod:			
Light Intensity:			Temperature measurements made at least once per 24-hour period? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (attach log sheet)			
DO measured daily in at least one replicate of each concentration? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (attach log sheet)			Were the test chambers aerated? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No    Rate:			
pH measured daily in at least one replicate of each concentration? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (attach log sheet)			Were test acceptability criteria in the EPA method met? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			
DILUTION / REAGENT WATER						
Date of Last Test for Chemistry:			Conductivity:    µmhos/cm			
pH:			Chlorine:    mg/L			
CONTROL RESULTS						
<b><i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i></b>			<b><i>Pimphales promelas</i></b>			
Survival:			Survival:			
Percent that produced 3 broods (if applicable):    %			Mean Dry Weight of Survivors (if applicable):			
Young per Surviving Female (if applicable):						
REFERENCE TOXICITY TESTS						
Date of most recent test:			Same conditions as test? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			
Were test acceptability criteria in the EPA method met? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No						
TEST RESULTS						
Control compared to: <input type="checkbox"/> IWC Dilution <input type="checkbox"/> Other:						
Survival: <input type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail		Growth: <input type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail		Reproduction: <input type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail		

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted herein; and based on my inquiry of the individuals personally responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the attached information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment as provided by 18 Pa. C.S. §4904.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Laboratory Manager                      Signature of Laboratory Manager                      Date                      DEP Lab ID No.



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

CSO SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT  
MONTHLY INSPECTION REPORT

Facility Name: Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
Municipality: McKeesport City County: Allegheny  
Watershed: 19-A

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913  
Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

CSO Outfall No.	Outfall Location	Discharge?	Comments

\*See instructions for explanation.

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_





## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CSO MONTHLY INSPECTION SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., and Permit Expiration Date.
2. List all CSO outfalls associated with the facility, as listed in the NPDES permit, in the column labeled "CSO Outfall No.," using additional sheets as needed.
3. Specify the location of the CSO (e.g., street or other identification information) in the column labeled "Outfall Location."
4. In the column labeled "Discharge?" enter "Yes" or "No" for each outfall to report whether a discharge was identified at any time during the calendar month. **If you respond Yes for any outfall, a separate "Detailed Outfall Report" must be submitted for that outfall (3800-FM-BPNPSM0442).**
5. Add any additional outfall-specific information as needed in the "Comments" column.
6. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.

**CSO SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT  
 DETAILED OUTFALL REPORT**

Facility Name: Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
 Municipality: McKeesport City County: Allegheny  
 Watershed: 19-A

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913 Outfall No. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
 This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

Day	Identification	Discharge Volume (MG)	Duration (hrs)	Cause	Precipitation (in)	Comments
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
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21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						

\*See instructions for explanation.

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CSO DETAILED OUTFALL SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

This report is used to provide details of any discharge identified on the CSO Monthly Inspection Report (3800-FM-BPNPSM0441).

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., CSO Outfall No., and Permit Expiration Date.
2. Explain how the discharge was identified (e.g., inspection, complaint, alarm) in the column labeled "Identification."
3. In the column labeled "Discharge Volume," specify the volume of the discharge in million gallons, and (in parentheses) identify the method used to determine the volume by selecting one of the following codes:
  - O = Observed duration and rate of flow to approximate overflow volume.
  - C = Calculated overflow volume utilizing a model or empirical analysis.
  - M = Measured overflow volume from data collected by a calibrated flow monitor.
  - U = Unable to determine.
4. In the column labeled "Duration (hrs)," specify the total discharge period. If you estimate the discharge period, explain how you arrived at the estimate in the Comments column.
5. In the column labeled "Cause," identify the cause of the overflow (e.g., line or gate blockage, malfunction, hydraulic load).
6. In the column labeled "Precipitation," report the total precipitation for the day, in inches (in), as measured using an on-site rain gauge, or use local airport data.
7. Add any additional outfall-specific information as needed in the "Comments" column.
8. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
 BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT

**SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT – HAULED IN MUNICIPAL WASTES**

Facility Name: Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
 Municipality: McKeesport City County: Allegheny  
 Watershed: 19-A

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NPDES Permit No.: PA0026913  
 Renewal application due **180 days** prior to expiration  
 This permit will expire on \_\_\_\_\_

Day	SEPTAGE				SLUDGE				OTHER (specify):				DAILY TOTALS		
	Gallons	BOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/l)	BOD <sub>5</sub> (lbs)	Disposal Location	Gallons	BOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/l)	BOD <sub>5</sub> (lbs)	Disposal Location	Gallons	BOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/l)	BOD <sub>5</sub> (lbs)	Disposal Location	Gallons	BOD <sub>5</sub> (lbs)	
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
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24															
25															
26															
27															
28															
29															
30															
31															
Avg													Monthly Totals:		

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING HAULED IN MUNICIPAL WASTES SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

This form is intended for documenting the receipt of municipal wastes including sewage sludge, septage and other municipal wastewaters hauled in from other facilities for processing and/or disposal at your facility. This form should not be used for reporting receipt of residual wastes (e.g., food processing wastes, oil and gas wastewater, landfill leachate, etc.) - please use Form 3800-FM-BPNPSM0450 for reporting this information.

1. Enter Facility Name, Municipality, County, Watershed No., Month, Year, NPDES Permit No., and Permit Expiration Date.
2. For septage, sludge and other wastewaters (specify type in the space provided), record the daily volume received in gallons, the daily BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration (average), the daily BOD<sub>5</sub> load in lbs (average), and the disposal location. For disposal location, specify the plant location or tank receiving hauled in wastes (e.g., headworks, primary clarifier, digester, etc.).
3. Determine daily BOD<sub>5</sub> concentrations in mg/l by sampling loads in accordance with the permit or otherwise as determined by the facility. Periodic sampling of loads is encouraged to improve confidence in reported results.
4. Calculate the average, daily total and monthly total values and report the values in the spaces provided.
5. Type the name of the person who prepared the form, the person's job title, and sign and date the form after reading the certification statement.



**BYPASS REPORT FORM**

**Permittee Name:** Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
**Permit No.:** PA0026913

**Month/Year:** \_\_\_\_\_

[REDACTED]				

I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Name and Title of Principal Executive Officer**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Signature**



**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES)  
DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (DMR)**

**PERMITTEE NAME/ADDRESS**

**NAME** Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
**ADDRESS** 100 Atlantic Avenue  
 McKeesport, PA 15132  
 McKeesport Water Pollution Control Plant  
**FACILITY** Control Plant  
**LOCATION** City of McKeesport  
 Allegheny County  
**WATERSHED** 19-A

**PA0026913**  
PERMIT NUMBER

**001**  
OUTFALL NUMBER

**Reporting Frequency:** Monthly  
**DMR Effective From:** Permit Effective Date  
**DMR Effective To:** Permit Expiration Date  
**Permit Expires:** FEB 28 2021  
**Permit Application Due:** MAY 31 2020

MONITORING PERIOD						
YEAR	MO	DAY	TO	YEAR	MO	DAY

Check Here if No Discharge  
 NOTE: Read Instructions before completing this form

PARAMETER		QUANTITY OR LOADING			QUALITY OR CONCENTRATION				NO. EX	FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS	SAMPLE TYPE
		VALUE	VALUE	UNITS	VALUE	VALUE	VALUE	UNITS			
Flow	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT				****	****	****				
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	Report Avg Mo	Report Daily Max	MGD	****	****	****	****		Continuous	Recorded
pH	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	****	****			****					
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	****	****	****	6.0 Min	****	9.0 Max	S.U.		1/shift	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	****	****			****	****				
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	****	****	****	Report Minimum	****	****	mg/L		1/week	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	****	****		****						
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	****	****	****	****	0.5 Avg Mo	1.6 MAX	mg/L		1/day	Grab
CBOD5	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT				****						
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	2.710 Avg Mo	4.120 Wkly Avg	lbs/day	****	25 Avg Mo	38 Wkly Avg	mg/L		1/day	24-Hr Composite
BOD5 Raw Sewage Influent	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT				****						
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	Report Avg Mo	Report Daily Max	lbs/day	****	Report Avg Mo	****	mg/L		1/day	24-Hr Composite
NAME/TITLE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER	I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).				TELEPHONE		DATE				
TYPED OR PRINTED					SIGNATURE OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR AUTHORIZED AGENT		AREA CODE	NUMBER	YEAR	MO	DAY
COMMENTS (Report all violations on the "Non-Compliance Reporting Form")											



**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES)  
DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (DMR)**

PERMITTEE NAME/ADDRESS

NAME Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
 ADDRESS 100 Atlantic Avenue  
McKeesport, PA 15132  
McKeesport Water Pollution Control Plant  
 FACILITY Control Plant  
 LOCATION City of McKeesport  
Allegheny County  
 WATERSHED 19-A

**PA0028913**  
PERMIT NUMBER

**001**  
OUTFALL NUMBER

Reporting Frequency: Monthly  
 DMR Effective From: Permit Effective Date  
 DMR Effective To: Permit Expiration Date  
 Permit Expires: FEB 28 2021  
 Permit Application Due: 11/6 3 1 2020

MONITORING PERIOD						
YEAR	MO	DAY	TO	YEAR	MO	DAY

Check Here if No Discharge

NOTE: Read Instructions before completing this form

PARAMETER		QUANTITY OR LOADING			QUALITY OR CONCENTRATION				NO. EX	FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS	SAMPLE TYPE
		VALUE	VALUE	UNITS	VALUE	VALUE	VALUE	UNITS			
Total Suspended Solids Raw Sewage Influent	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT			lbs/day	*****		*****	mg/L		1/day	24-Hr Composite
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	Report Avg Mo	Report Daily Max		*****	Report Avg Mo	*****				
Total Suspended Solids	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT			lbs/day	*****		*****	mg/L		1/day	24-Hr Composite
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	3,252 Avg Mo	4,878 Wkly Avg		*****	30 Avg Mo	45 Wkly Avg				
Fecal Coliform May 1 - Sep 30	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	CFU/100 ml		1/day	Grab
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	*****	*****		*****	200 Geo. Mean	1,000 IMAX				
Fecal Coliform Oct 1 - Apr 30	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	CFU/100 ml		1/day	Grab
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	*****	*****		*****	2,000 Geo. Mean	10,000 IMAX				
UV Transmittance	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	%		1/shift	Measured
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	*****	*****		*****	Report Avg Mo	Report Wkly Avg				
Ammonia-Nitrogen	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	mg/L		1/week	24-Hr Composite
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	*****	*****		*****	Report Avg Mo	Report Daily Max				
NAME/TITLE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER	I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4604 (relating to unsworn falsification).				TELEPHONE		DATE				
TYPED OR PRINTED					SIGNATURE OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR AUTHORIZED AGENT		AREA CODE	NUMBER	YEAR	MO	DAY
COMMENTS (Report all violations on the "Non-Compliance Reporting Form")											





**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BUREAU OF POINT AND NON-POINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES)  
DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (DMR)**

**PERMITTEE NAME/ADDRESS**

**NAME** Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport  
**ADDRESS** 100 Atlantic Avenue  
McKeesport, PA 15132  
McKeesport Water Pollution Control Plant  
**FACILITY** Control Plant  
**LOCATION** City of McKeesport  
Allegheny County  
**WATERSHED** 19-A

**PA0026913**  
PERMIT NUMBER

**001**  
OUTFALL NUMBER

MONITORING PERIOD						
YEAR	MO	DAY	TO	YEAR	MO	DAY

Reporting Frequency: Quarterly  
 DMR Effective From: Permit Effective Date  
 DMR Effective To: Permit Expiration Date  
 Permit Expires: FEB 28 2021  
 Permit Application Due: AUG 31 2020  
 Check Here if No Discharge

NOTE: Read Instructions before completing this form

PARAMETER		QUANTITY OR LOADING			QUALITY OR CONCENTRATION				NO. EX	FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS	SAMPLE TYPE
		VALUE	VALUE	UNITS	VALUE	VALUE	VALUE	UNITS			
Total Nitrogen	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	*****	*****		*****	*****					
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	Report Daily Max	mg/L		1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
Total Phosphorus	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	*****	*****		*****	*****					
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	Report Daily Max	mg/L		1/quarter	24-Hr Composite
	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT										
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT										
	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT										
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT										
	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT										
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT										
	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT										
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT										
	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT										
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT										

NAME/TITLE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER	I certify under penalty of law that this document was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification).	TELEPHONE		DATE		
		AREA CODE	NUMBER	YEAR	MO	DAY
TYPED OR PRINTED	SIGNATURE OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR AUTHORIZED AGENT					

COMMENTS (Report all violations on the "Non-Compliance Reporting Form")



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORTS (DMRs)

### General

One or more Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) are attached to your permit for reporting the results of self-monitoring activities as required by your permit. You should make copies of the DMRs for your ongoing use, unless you elect to participate in the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP's) electronic DMR (eDMR) program (see [www.dep.state.pa.us/edmr](http://www.dep.state.pa.us/edmr)).

- Reporting frequencies will vary depending on the monitoring frequencies listed in your permit, and are generally monthly, quarterly semi-annually and annually.
- Your reports must be received by DEP on the 28<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the end of the reporting period, unless otherwise specified in Part C of your permit.
- Your permit may require submission of DMRs to other agencies, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- If you receive DMRs in the mail from EPA, please discontinue use of DMR Form No. 3800-FM-BPNPSM0462 and begin using EPA's DMRs.
- DMRs will generally include pre-populated information for permittee name and address, facility location, permit number, outfall number, permit expiration date, parameter names, and permit requirements. If you identify any errors on a DMR issued by DEP, please contact the DEP regional office that issued your permit. If you identify any errors on a DMR issued by EPA, please contact DEP's Central Office at 717-787-6744. **DO NOT make changes to DMRs issued to you.**
- You may use computer-generated replicas of Form No. 3800-FM-BPNPSM0462 or of EPA's DMR if you receive prior approval from DEP and EPA. **DEP reserves the right to instruct you to discontinue the submission of computer-generated DMRs if the permit requirements you entered on the form are inaccurate.**

### Instructions

1. Enter statistical results into each blank field below the "VALUE" column headers. Results must be reported in the same units shown on the DMR.
2. Sum the total number of excursions or exceedances of permit limits across the row for each parameter and enter the value into the "NO. EX" field. For example, if the permit contains limits of 6.0 S.U. (Minimum) and 9.0 S.U. (Maximum) for pH, and the Minimum and Maximum results are 5.9 S.U. and 9.1 S.U., respectively, enter "2" into the "NO. EX" field.
3. Report the actual sampling frequency and sample type utilized during the reporting period in the fields corresponding to "Frequency of Analysis" and "Sample Type", respectively.
4. Type the name of the principal executive officer (or an authorized agent designated by a principal executive officer) who is taking responsibility for the report, sign the report (should be in ink), enter the telephone number of the responsible individual, and record the date that the report was signed. Mail only original, signed copies of DMRs.
5. In the Comments section at the bottom of the DMR, you may write a brief summary of violations in this section; however, DEP requests that all violations during the monitoring period be reported in more detail on DEP's **Non-Compliance Reporting Form** (3800-FM-BPNPSM0440) and be submitted as an attachment to the DMR. Other uses of the Comments Section include explanations of attachments to the DMR, explanations for the unavailability of data, and brief summaries of issues that have affected operations or effluent quality during the monitoring period. Always consider attaching a letter or separate document to explain your situation in more detail.

**No Discharge or No Data Available**

If there was no discharge at all from an outfall during the monitoring period, check the "No Discharge" box on the top of the DMR. Complete the information above and below the table and mail the DMR to the appropriate agencies. Be sure to sign and date the DMR.

If there was no discharge of a specific parameter (e.g., if a chlorine limit is in the permit but chlorine was not used for disinfection during the entire reporting period), or if data are not available for a specific parameter for the entire reporting period, do not leave the DMR blank. Instead, report one of the following No Data Indicator (NODI) codes that apply to your situation in the appropriate value field, and **provide an explanation as an attachment to the DMR:**

- A** Use if you are exempted from monitoring the parameter because of a General Permit condition.
- E** Use if all samples or results are not available for the reporting period due to equipment failure or because sample collection was overlooked or samples could not be collected for the parameter.
- GG** Use if your permit requires sample collection and analysis only under certain conditions and those conditions were not met during the reporting period (e.g., report chlorine results only when chlorination system is used).
- FF** Other: use if there is any reason for the absence of data that is not covered by those above.

If you have at least one result for a parameter, the value should be reported and not a NODI code.

**Calculations**

The following explains how to calculate statistical values that are commonly required by permits:

**Monthly Average** – For Loading (lbs/day), sum the total of daily loadings and divide by the number of samples during the month. To calculate the daily loading, multiply the daily concentration (mg/l) by the flow (MGD) on the date of sampling and a conversion factor of 8.34. For Concentration, sum the total of daily concentrations and divide by the number of samples.

**Weekly Average** – For Loading (lbs/day), sum the total of average daily loadings during each week of the reporting period (beginning on a Sunday and ending on a Saturday) and divide by the number of samples during the week. For Concentration, sum the total of daily concentrations each week and divide by the number of samples. Report the maximum weekly average on the DMR.

**Maximum Daily ("Daily Max")** – Report the maximum concentration or load measured during a 24-hour period during the reporting period; if multiple measurements are taken daily, include all data in the analysis.

**Instantaneous Maximum ("IMAX")** – Report the maximum result obtained by a grab sample for a specific pollutant over the entire reporting period covered by a DMR.

**Instantaneous Minimum ("Minimum")** – Report the minimum result obtained by a grab sample for a specific pollutant over the entire reporting period covered by a DMR.

**Total Monthly Load (lbs)** – Sum the total of average daily loadings, divide by the number of samples during the month, and multiply by the number of days in the month.

**Geometric Mean** – Report the average of a set of *n* sample results given by the *n*th root of their product. If any result is zero (0), substitute 1 for the calculation. For example, five samples were analyzed with the following results: 20, 300, 400, 500, and 0. The calculation of geometric mean is as follows (note that you will need to use the power function on a calculator):

$$\sqrt[5]{20 \cdot 300 \cdot 400 \cdot 500 \cdot 1} = \sqrt[5]{1,200,000,000} = (1,200,000,000)^{1/5} = 65$$

## **Non-Detect Data**

### **Conventional and Toxic Parameters**

For calculating average values of data sets in which there are some "detections" (results at or above the laboratory reporting limit) and some "non-detect" data (results reported below the laboratory reporting limit), use the reporting limit for non-detect data. In other words, ignore the less than (<) symbol for statistical calculations and include the < symbol with the statistical result if there is at least one non-detect result in the data set. For example, four samples were analyzed with the following results: < 1.0, 2.0, < 1.0, and 1.0. The average statistical result is < 1.3.

Where the permit includes an effluent limitation for a parameter that is less than the most sensitive detection limit available, and the laboratory reports a value at or below the lowest level specified by the permit, you may use zero (0) in the calculation in lieu of the reporting limit, if the parameter is identified in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 16, Appendix A, Tables 2A and 2B. In general, parameters with limitations that are less than the most sensitive detection limit will be identified in Part C of the permit, if applicable.

### **Bacteria Parameters**

Report all "non-detect" (e.g., < 2) and "too numerous to count" (TNTC) (e.g., > 2,000) results on DMR supplemental forms as reported by the laboratory. Do not report "TNTC" on supplemental forms, but instead report a value qualified with the ">" symbol. Where a data set includes one or more "non-detect" and/or TNTC results, calculate the geometric mean by ignoring qualifying symbols, but report the value with the symbol. If a data set includes both ">" and "<" qualifiers, the ">" qualifier takes precedence for reporting. For all "non-detect" values, specify in the Comments section of the DMR the maximum volume filtered at the laboratory.

*Example 1* – For results are determined, < 2, 10, 20, and 30. The geometric mean should be reported as  $(2 \bullet 10 \bullet 20 \bullet 30)^{0.25} = < 10$ . Specify the maximum volume filtered for the < 2 result in the DMR Comments.

*Example 2* – Three results are determined, < 2, 1,000, and > 2,000. The geometric mean should be reported as  $(2 \bullet 1,000 \bullet 2,000)^{0.333} = > 158$ .

### **Rounding and Precision**

Statistical values reported on the DMR should be rounded to the same number of decimal places as the limit for the parameter as set forth in the permit. If the permit does not contain a limit but requests monitoring only, statistical values for concentration results should be rounded to the maximum number of decimal places in the data set as reported by the laboratory or the instrument used for analysis. If mass loads must be reported and there is no limit, round statistical values to the nearest whole number, unless the calculated number is less than one, in which case the value should be rounded to one significant figure (e.g., 0.1, 0.05, etc.). If the number you are rounding is followed by 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, round the number up, otherwise round down.

The documents "Discharge Monitoring Reports Overview and Summary" (3800-BK-DEP3047) and "Management of Non-Detect Results for Discharge Monitoring Reports" (3800-FS-DEP4262) contain more information and are incorporated by reference. These documents are available on DEP's website.



Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

400 Waterfront Drive  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

DEC 28 1999

Southwest Regional Office

412-442-4000  
Fax 412-442-4328

**CERTIFIED MAIL # Z 144 436 215**

Borough of Dravosburg  
226 Maple Avenue  
Dravosburg, PA 15034

Re: NPDES Permit PA0028401  
Dravosburg Borough Sewage Treatment Plant  
Dravosburg Borough  
Allegheny County

Gentlemen:

Your NPDES permit is enclosed. Please study it carefully, and if you have any questions, please contact me.

For the first time, your permit contains an effluent limitation for total residual chlorine (TRC). Regulations at Title 25 of the Pa Code, Chapter 93, Section 93.5(f) concerning the control of TRC were adopted as part of Pennsylvania's Water Quality Standards effective February 12, 1994. The numerical TRC effluent limitations in Part A of your permit are based on the technology aspects of the regulation.

Part A of your permit contains both INTERIM and FINAL TRC effluent limitations. For the first three (3) years of the permit, the INTERIM period, you are required to only monitor and report the TRC concentrations of your effluent. Thereafter, a FINAL technology-based effluent limitation will apply along with the same monitoring and reporting requirements.

Also attached for your use is a form entitled "Combined Sewer Overflow Discharge Monitoring Report". In accordance with Page 2b of 14 of your permit, the monitoring data for your combined sewers shall be recorded on this form, and submitted monthly with the DMR for your treatment plant.

The discharge limitations and monitoring requirements in your NPDES permit are also typed on the original Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) that is attached to the permit. That original DMR is provided as a master, so do not write on it but rather: (1) make copies of it; (2) after doing the sample analyses and flow measurements required by the permit, fill out all the empty blocks on one of the copies by following the instructions on the back of the original DMR; and (3) make copies of the filled out copy and send one to each of the addresses listed in Part C of the permit.

A copy of an original "Discharge Monitoring Report - Supplemental Sewage Sludge Report" is enclosed. You should make a supply of copies for future use. Please follow the instructions and submit copies of the completed form (2 sided) to each of the addresses listed in Part C of the permit but not EPA as an attachment to the DMR.

Please note that this approval does not constitute authorization to construct or make modifications to wastewater treatment facilities necessary to meet the terms and conditions of this permit. This authorization is obtained through a Water Management (Part II) Permit. An application and filing information for the Part II Permit can be obtained by contacting the Water Quality Management Permits Clerk, at the above number. You are urged to make application within six (6) months of the date of this notice.

During the comment period we have modified the Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Condition including the CSO Compliance Schedule in Part C of your permit. We realize that a plan was submitted in January, 1998 outlining how you would proceed to implement the Nine Minimum Controls (NMCs), but the plan is not a documentation that the NMCs have been implemented. The Compliance Schedule was changed to provide 12 months for you to submit the necessary documentation.

Sincerely,



Deborah Caramellino  
Sanitary Engineer  
Water Management

Enclosures

cc: ✓ Donald M. Glenn, P.E., Glenn Engineering and Associates, Ltd.  
ACHD

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

**AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM**

**NPDES PERMIT NO. PA0028401**

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Section 1251 et seq. (the "Act") and Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, as amended, 35 P.S. Section 691.1 et seq.,

Borough of Dravosburg  
226 Maple Avenue  
Dravosburg, PA 15034

is authorized to discharge from a facility located at

Dravosburg Borough Sewage Treatment Plant  
Dravosburg Borough  
Allegheny County

to receiving waters named Monongahela River

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts A, B, and C hereof.

**THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT, DEC 23 2004.**

The authority granted by this permit is subject to the following further qualifications:

1. If there is a conflict between the application, its supporting documents and/or amendments and the terms and conditions of this permit, the terms and conditions shall apply.
2. Failure to comply with the terms, conditions, or effluent limitations of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal.
3. Complete application for renewal of this permit, or notification of intent to cease discharging by the expiration date, must be submitted to the Department at least 180 days prior to the expiration date (unless permission has been granted by the Department for submission at a later date), using the appropriate NPDES permit application form.

In the event that a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to reissue the permit before the expiration date, the terms and conditions of this permit, including submission of the Discharge Monitoring Reports, will be automatically continued and will remain fully effective and enforceable pending the grant or denial of the application for permit renewal.

4. This NPDES permit does not constitute authorization to construct or make modifications to wastewater treatment facilities necessary to meet the terms and conditions of this permit.

DATE PERMIT ISSUED

DEC 18 2003

ISSUED BY



DATE EFFECTIVE

JAN - 1 2004

Tim V. Dreier, P.E.

Water Management Program Manager

1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTFALL 001 WHICH RECEIVES WASTE FROM:  
the sewage treatment plant

at Latitude 40° 20' 59" Longitude 79° 53' 03" Stream Code 37185 River Mile Index (RMI) 16.4

- a. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from effective date through expiration date.
- b. Based on the production data and/or anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply. Total (dissolved plus suspended fraction) is implied for each parameter unless otherwise indicated.

Discharge Parameter	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS (gross unless otherwise indicated)						MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
	Mass Units (lbs/day except flow)			Concentrations (mg/l unless otherwise indicated)			Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	
	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Max. Daily	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Max. Daily			Instant. Max.
Flow (mgd)	Monitor and Report		3 Month Average = 0.48 Mgd					continuous	recorded
CBOD-5 Day	100	150		25	37.5		50	1/week	8 hour composite
Suspended Solids	120	180		30	45		60	1/week	8 hour composite
Total Residual Chlorine 1st month - 36th month 37th month - expiration				1.0	Monitor and Report		3.3	30/month 30/month	grab grab
% Removal (BOD-5 Day & SS)	refer to Part C								
Fecal Coliform Organisms	refer to Part C for effective disinfection							1/week	grab
pH	not less than 6.0 nor greater than 9.0 standard units							1/week	grab

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location: at the discharge pipe of the chlorine contact tank



1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTFALLS 002 WHICH RECEIVE WASTE FROM:  
combined sewer overflows, CSO

- a. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from effective date through expiration date.
- b. The outfalls listed below serve as combined sewer overflows necessitated by storm water entering the sewer system and exceeding the hydraulic capacity of the sewers and/or the treatment plant and are permitted to discharge only for such reason. There are at this time no specific effluent limitations on the outfalls. Each discharge shall be monitored for cause, frequency, duration, and quantity of flow. The data must be reported monthly as an attachment to the discharge monitoring report (DMR). Refer also to Part C - Other Requirements for Combined Sewer Overflows.

Outfall	Name	Receiving Stream	Latitude/Longitude
002	McClure Avenue	Monongahela River	40° 20' 59"/79° 53' 03"

Monitoring in compliance with the requirements specified above shall be performed at the diversion chamber of the combined sewer overflow prior to combining with the effluent from the treatment plant.

## 2. DEFINITIONS

- a. "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- b. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. "Daily discharge" means the "discharge of a pollutant" measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.
- d. "Average" refers to the use of an arithmetic mean, unless otherwise specified in this permit.
- e. "Geometric average (mean)" means the average of a set of n sample results given by the n<sup>th</sup> root of their product.
- f. "Average monthly discharge limitation" means the highest allowable average of "daily discharge" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharge" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharge" measured during that month.
- g. "Average weekly discharge limitation" means the highest allowable average of "daily discharge" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharge" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharge" measured during that week.
- h. "Maximum daily discharge limitation" means the highest allowable "daily discharge."
- i. "Maximum any time" (or instantaneous maximum) means the concentration not to be exceeded at any time in any grab sample.
- j. "Composite sample" (for all except GC/MS volatile organic analysis) means a combination of at least 8 individual samples of at least 100 milliliters collected manually or automatically at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period. The composite must be flow-proportional; either the volume of each individual sample is proportional to discharge flow rates, or the sampling interval (for constant volume samples) is proportional to the flow rates over the time period used to produce the composite.

"Composite sample for GC/MS volatile organic analysis" consists of at least four (rather than eight) aliquots or grab samples collected during actual hours of discharge over a 24 hour period and need not be flow proportioned. The four samples are composited in the laboratory immediately before analysis, and only one analysis performed.

The maximum time period between individual samples used for any "composite sample" shall not exceed two hours, except that for wastes of a uniform nature the samples may be collected on a frequency of at least twice per working shift and shall be equally spaced over a 24-hour period (or over the operating day if flows are of a shorter duration).

- k. "Grab sample" means an individual sample of at least 100 milliliters collected at a randomly-selected time over a period not to exceed 15 minutes.
- l. "i-s" means immersion stabilization - in which a calibrated device is immersed in the wastewater until the reading is stabilized.
- m. "Daily average temperature" means the average of all temperature measurements made, or the mean value plot of the record of a continuous automated temperature recording instrument, either during a calendar day or during the operating day if flows are of a shorter duration.
- n. "Measured flow" means any method of liquid volume measurement, the accuracy of which has been previously demonstrated in engineering practice, or for which a relationship to absolute volume has been obtained.
- o. "At outfall XXX" means a sampling location in outfall line XXX below the last point at which wastes are added to outfall line XXX, or where otherwise specified.
- p. "Estimated flow" means any method of liquid volume measurement based on a technical evaluation of the sources contributing to the discharge including, but not limited to, pump capabilities, water meters and batch discharge volumes.
- q. "Non-contact cooling water" means water used to reduce temperature which does not come in direct contact with any raw material, intermediate product, waste product (other than heat), or finished product.

Such water may on occasion, as a result of corrosion, cooling system leakage or similar cooling system failures contain small amounts of process chemicals: provided, that all reasonable measures have been taken to prevent, reduce, eliminate and control to the maximum extent feasible such contamination: and provided further, that all reasonable measures have been taken that will mitigate the effects of such contamination once it has occurred.

- r. "Toxic pollutant" means those pollutants, or combinations of pollutants, including disease-causing agents, which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, will, on the basis of information available to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions, including malfunctions in reproduction, or physical deformations in such organisms or their offspring.
- s. "Hazardous substance" means any substance designated under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 116 (40 CFR 116) pursuant to Section 311 of the Clean Water Act.
- t. "Publicly Owned Treatment Works" or "POTW" means a facility as defined by Section 212 of the Clean Water Act which is owned by a State or Municipality, as defined by Section 502(4) of the Clean Water Act, including any sewers that convey wastewater to such a treatment works, but not including pipes, sewers or other conveyances not connected to a facility providing treatment. The term also means the municipality as defined in Section 502(4) of the Clean Water Act which has jurisdiction over the indirect discharges to and the discharges from such a treatment works.

- u. "Industrial User" means an establishment which discharges or introduces industrial wastes into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW).
- v. "Total Dissolved Solids" means the total dissolved (filterable) solids as determined by use of the method specified in 40 CFR 136.
- w. "Storm water associated with industrial activity" means the discharge from any conveyance which is used for collecting and conveying storm water and which is directly related to manufacturing, processing, or raw materials storage areas as defined at 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14).
- x. "Storm water" means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.
- y. "Best Management Practices ("BMPs")" means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of "Waters of the United States". BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.

### 3. SELF-MONITORING, REPORTING, AND RECORDS KEEPING

#### a. Representative Sampling

(1) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.

#### (2) Records Retention

Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities which shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years, all records of monitoring activities and results (including all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation and calibration and maintenance records), copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit shall be retained by the permittee for three (3) years from the date of the sample measurement, report, or application. The three year period shall be extended as requested by the Department or the EPA Regional Administrator.

#### (3) Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- (i) The exact place, date, and time of sampling or measurements;
- (ii) The person(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- (iii) The date(s) the analyses were performed;
- (iv) The person(s) who performed the analyses;

- (v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and the associated detection level; and
- (vi) The results of such analyses.

(4) Test Procedures

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall be those contained in 40 CFR 136 (or in the case of sludge use or disposal, approved under 40 CFR 136 unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR 503), or alternate test procedures approved pursuant to those parts, unless other test procedures have been specified in the permit.

(5) Quality Assurance/Control

In an effort to assure accurate self-monitoring analyses results:

- (a) Permittee or its designated laboratory shall participate in the periodic scheduled quality assurance inspections conducted by the Department and EPA.
- (b) The permittee or its designated laboratory shall develop and implement a program to assure the quality and accurateness of the analyses performed to satisfy the requirements of this permit in accordance with 40 CFR 136, Appendix A

b. Reporting of Monitoring Results

- (1) The permittee shall effectively monitor the operation and efficiency of all wastewater treatment and control facilities, and the quantity and quality of the discharge(s) as specified in this permit.
- (2) Unless instructed otherwise in Part C of this permit, monitoring results obtained each month shall be summarized for that month and reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).
- (3) The completed DMR Form shall be signed and certified either by the following applicable person (as defined in 40 CFR 122.22(a)) or by that person's duly authorized representative (as defined in 40 CFR 122.22(b)):
  - For a corporation - by a responsible corporate officer
  - For a Partnership or Sole Proprietorship - by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively
  - For a Municipality, State, Federal or other public agency - by a principle executive officer or ranking elected official.

If signed by other than the above, written notification of delegation of DMR signatory authority must be submitted to the Department. The DMR and any other reports required herein shall be submitted to the appropriate agency at the address listed in Part C of this permit and postmarked no later than the 28th day of the following month.

- (4) If the permittee monitors any pollutant, using analytical methods described in A.3.a(4) above, more frequently than the permit requires, the results of this monitoring shall be incorporated, as appropriate, into the calculations used to report self-monitoring data on the DMR.

c. Reporting Requirements

- (1) Planned Changes - The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when:
  - (a) The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
  - (b) The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42(a)(1).
  - (c) The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;

(2) Anticipated Non-Compliance

The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

(3) Compliance Schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.

(4) Twenty-Four Hour Reporting

- (a) The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
- (b) The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
  - (i) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - (ii) Any catastrophic event which causes the discharge to exceed effluent limitations in this permit.

(iii) Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit to be reported within 24 hours.

(c) The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph c (4)(a) of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

(5) Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs c (3), (4) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph c (4) of this section.

Compliance with reporting requirements under A.3.c. above shall not excuse a person from immediate notification of incidents causing or threatening pollution pursuant to 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 101.2.

d. Specific Toxic Substance Notification Levels (for Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, and Silvicultural Dischargers) The permittee shall notify the Department as soon as it knows or has reason to believe the following:

(1) That any activity has occurred, or will occur, which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge on a routine or frequent basis will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels".

- (a) One hundred micrograms per liter.
- (b) Two hundred micrograms per liter for acrolein and acrylonitrile.
- (c) Five hundred micrograms per liter for 2,4-dinitrophenol and 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol.
- (d) One milligram per liter for antimony.
- (e) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application.
- (f) Any other notification level established by the Department.

(2) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":

- (a) Five hundred micrograms per liter;
- (b) One milligram per liter for antimony;
- (c) Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application;
- (d) Any other notification level established by the Department.

## 1. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

a. Compliance Schedules

- (1) The permittee shall achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit within the time frames specified in Part C of this permit.
- (2) The permittee shall submit reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or progress reports as applicable, any interim and final requirements contained in this permit. Such reports shall be submitted no later than 14 days following the applicable schedule date or compliance deadline.

b. Permit Modification, Termination, or Revocation and Reissuance

- (1) This permit may be modified, terminated, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, any of the causes specified in 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 92.
- (2) The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- (3) In the absence of a Departmental action to modify or revoke and reissue this permit, the permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time specified in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions.

c. Duty to Provide Information

- (1) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit.
- (2) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- (3) Other Information - Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information to the Department.
- (4) Where the permittee is a POTW, the permittee shall provide adequate notice to the Department of the following:
  - (a) Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were otherwise discharging those pollutants.
  - (b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW by an Industrial User which was discharging into the POTW at the time of issuance of this permit.



- (c) Adequate notice shall include information on:
- (i) the quality and quantity of the effluent introduced into the POTW, and
  - (ii) any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of the effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

The submission of the above information in the POTW's Annual Wasteload Management Report, required under the provisions of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, will normally be considered as providing adequate notice to the Department, unless a more stringent time period is required by law, regulation, or permit condition in which case the more stringent submission date shall apply.

- (d) The identity of Industrial Users served by the POTW which are subject to pretreatment standards adopted under Section 307(b) of the Clean Water Act; the POTW shall also specify the total volume of discharge and estimated concentration of each pollutant discharged into the POTW by the Industrial Users.
- (e) The POTW shall require all Industrial Users to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act and any regulations adopted thereunder, and the Clean Streams Law and any regulations adopted thereunder.

d. Facilities Operation

The permittee shall at all times maintain in good working order and properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes, but is not limited to, adequate laboratory controls including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision also includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by the permittee, only when necessary to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The permittee shall develop, install, and maintain Best Management Practices to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve the effluent limitations and standards in this permit or to carry out the purposes and intent of the Clean Water Act, or when required to do so by the Department.

e. Adverse Impact

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

f. Bypassing

- (1) Bypassing Not Exceeding Permit Limitations - The permittee may allow a bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be violated, but only if the bypass is essential for maintenance to assure efficient operation. This type of bypassing is not subject to the reporting and notification requirements of Part A.3.c.

- (2) Other Bypassing - In all other situations bypassing is prohibited unless all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) A bypass is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or "severe property damage";
  - (b) There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed (in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment) to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance;
  - (c) The permittee submitted the necessary reports required under Part A.3.c.
- (3) The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three conditions (a through c) listed above.

## 2. PENALTIES AND LIABILITY

### a. Violations of Permit Conditions

Any person violating Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Clean Water Act or any permit condition or limitation implementing such sections in a permit issued under Section 402 of the Act is subject to civil, administrative, and/or criminal penalties as set forth in 40 CFR 122.41(a)(2).

Any person or municipality who violates any provision of this permit, any rule, regulation, or order of the Department, or any condition or limitation of any permit issued pursuant to the Clean Streams Law is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties as set forth in Sections 602, 603 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

### b. Falsifying Information

Any person who does any of the following:

Falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit; or

Knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit (including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance);

shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine and/or imprisonment as set forth in 18 P.S. §4904 and 40 CFR 122.41(j)(5) and (k)(2).

c. Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance pursuant to Section 309 of the Clean Water Act or Sections 602, 603 or 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or to relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under the Clean Water Act and the Clean Streams Law.

d. Enforcement Proceedings

- (1) It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

## 3. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

a. Right of Entry

Pursuant to Sections 5(b) and 305 of Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law and 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 92, the permittee shall allow the head of the Department, the EPA Regional Administrator, and/or their authorized representatives, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law:

- (1) To enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (2) To have access to and copy at reasonable times any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) To inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) To sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

b. Transfer of Permits

- (1) *Transfers by modification.* Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act.
- (2) *Automatic transfers.* As an alternative to transfers under paragraph (1) of this section, any NPDES permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
  - (a) The current permittee notifies the Department, at least 30 days in advance, of the proposed transfer date in paragraph (2)(b) of this section;

- (b) The notice includes the appropriate Department transfer form signed by the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and
  - (c) The Department does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue the permit. A modification under this subparagraph may also be a minor modification. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph (2)(b) of this section.
- (3) In the event the Department does not approve transfer of the permit, the new owner or controller must submit a new permit application.

c. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

d. Other Laws

The issuance of a permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of State or local law or regulations.

## OTHER REQUIREMENTS

1. In accordance with Part A.3.b of this permit, the permittee shall submit a copy of the Discharge Monitoring Reports to each of the following:

Department of Environmental Protection  
Water Management  
400 Waterfront Drive  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

Allegheny County Health Department  
Frank B. Clack Health Center  
Water Pollution Control Program  
Building #5  
40th Street & Penn Avenue  
Pittsburgh, PA 15224

2. In accordance with Part B.1.c of this permit, the permittee shall submit a copy of the attached Supplemental Sewage Sludge Report to accompany each copy of the monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports to the addresses as specified above. This form must be submitted even if sewage sludge is not hauled in a given month, in this event enter "no sludge hauled."
3. Effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other standard and special conditions which relate to the discharge of pollutants authorized by this permit and which are contained in Water Quality Management Permit(s)

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or any subsequent amendments or transfers are superseded by the terms and conditions of this permit, unless specifically noted otherwise herein.

4. Collected screenings, slurries, sludges and other solids shall be handled and disposed of in compliance with 25 Pa. Code, Chapters 271, 273, 275, 283, and 285 (related to permits and requirements for landfilling, land application, incineration and storage of sewage sludge) Federal Regulations 40 CFR 257, and the Federal Clean Water Act and its amendments.
5. All discharges of floating materials, oil, grease, scum and substances which produce tastes, odors, turbidity or settle to form deposits shall be controlled at levels which will not be inimical or harmful to the water uses to be protected or to human, animal, plant or aquatic life.

6. Effective disinfection to control disease producing organisms shall be the production of an effluent which will contain a concentration of fecal coliform organisms not greater than
  - a. 200/100 ml as a monthly geometric mean, nor greater than 1000/100 ml in more than ten percent of the samples examined during any month from May through September inclusive.
  - b. 2000/100 ml as a monthly geometric mean based on five consecutive samples collected on different days during any month from October through April inclusive.
7. In no case shall the arithmetic means of the effluent values of the biochemical oxygen demand (BOD-5 Day) and suspended solids discharged during a period of 30 consecutive days exceed 15 percent of respective arithmetic means of the influent values for those parameters during the same time period except as specifically authorized by the Department.

8. Management and Control of Combined Sewer Overflows

Combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are allowed to discharge only when flows in combined sewer systems exceed conveyance or treatment capacities of the system during wet weather periods. Overflows which occur without an accompanying precipitation event or snow-melt are termed "dry weather overflows" which are prohibited. CSOs are point source discharges which must be provided control measures in accordance with the Federal Clean Water Act. At a minimum, technology-based controls must include EPA's Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) to minimize CSO discharges and water quality impacts. Additional control measures will also be provided if determined necessary to comply with water quality standards.

The point source discharge(s) identified on page 2b of 14 under Part A of this permit serve as combined sewer relief(s) necessitated by storm water entering the sewer system and exceeding the hydraulic capacity of the sewers and/or the treatment plant.

The permittee shall establish a foundation of information on their current CSO system on which to base development and implementation of both minimum and long-term control measures to minimize CSO discharges and water quality impacts. The process shall be conducted in accordance with the outline below and copies of specified work products shall be submitted to the Department in accordance with the compliance schedule in Item F.

## A. System Inventory and Characterization

## 1) Physical Identification of Combined Sewer System

Review and update the list of CSO discharge points identified under Part A of this permit. For each CSO outfall, indicate the following as applicable:

- i) Locate the CSO discharge point, including latitude and longitude and street(s) location on sewer plot plan.
  - ii) Describe regulator mechanisms including the size, type of regulator, presence or absence of backflow prevention devices, field verification of the regulator's operability and reliability, and location on the sewer plot plan. Describe how it is intended to function, document design specifications and construction permit requirements as they relate to flow conveyed to the treatment plant versus that which would overflow. One engineering drawing shall be submitted for each type of regulator.
  - iii) Describe the outfall structure including the size, type of outfall structure, state whether the outfall structure is submerged, partially submerged or not submerged, and verify the presence or absence of a backflow prevention device on the CSO.
  - iv) Field verification information including a determination of whether the adjacent sewers are cracked, depressed, or of questionable physical integrity, and observances of the presence of flow restrictions due to excessive sludge or oil and grease build up.
  - v) Location of downstream public drinking water intakes, Special Protection waters, and public recreational areas.
  - vi) Implement a visual identification system to identify each CSO outfall. The outfall structure shall be labeled and identified at the nearest manhole/bulkhead.
  - vii) Identify chronic or continuous dry weather overflows and a schedule shall be developed to eliminate any dry weather overflows.
- 2) Identify and locate any other overflows, such as high-level overflows at pump stations, gates or other control structures which because of the nature, volume and location of the discharge would likely have a significant impact.

## 2) Annual CSO Status Report:

Each year a CSO supplement shall be submitted to the Department with the annual "Municipal Wasteload Management Report" required by 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, Section 94.12.

- i) The CSO supplement shall provide:
  - a) a summary of the frequency, duration and volume of the CSO discharges for the past calendar year,
  - b) the operational status of major overflow points, and
  - c) an identification of known or potential instream water quality impacts and their causes.
- ii) Following Department approval of the LTCP, the CSO supplement shall also:
  - a) summarize all actions taken to implement the NMCs and the LTCP and their effectiveness, and
  - b) evaluate and provide necessary revisions to the LTCP approved by the Department.
- iii) Specifically, the following CSO-related information shall be included in the report:
  - a) Rain gauge data - total inches (to the nearest 0.01 inch) that fell each day and month for the period of the report.
  - b) Inspections and maintenance
    - Total number of regulator inspections conducted during the period of the report (reported by drainage system).
    - A list of blockages (if any) corrected or other interceptor maintenance performed, including location, date and time discovered, date and time corrected, and any discharges to the stream observed.



- c) Dry weather overflows - indicate location, date and time discovered, date and time corrected/ceased, and action(s) taken to prevent their reoccurrence.
- d) Wet weather overflows
  - For all locations that have automatic level monitoring of the regulators, report all exceedances of the overflow level during the period of the report, including location, date, time, duration of wet weather overflows. Also describe actions taken to prevent their reoccurrence.
  - For all locations at which flows in the interceptors can be controlled by throttling and pumping, report all instances when the overflow level was reached or the gates were lowered. For each instance, provide the location, date, time, and duration of the overflow. Also describe actions taken to prevent their reoccurrence.
- e) Chronic or continuous discharges - Provide the status and corrective actions taken at all sites identified as being chronic or continuous discharges including an estimate of flow and duration during the month covered by the report.

F. Combined Sewer Overflow Compliance Schedule

The permittee shall complete the above activities in accordance with the following schedule after the permit issuance date:

COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

	<u>Description of Activity</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
1)	System Inventory and Characterization	6 months after permit effective date
2)	System Hydraulic Characterization	9 months after permit effective date
3)	Documentation of Implementation of the Nine Minimum Technology-Based Controls (NMCs)	12 months after permit effective date

- |    |   |   |
|----|---|---|
| 4) | Submittal of Long Term CSO Control Plan (LTCP) and Schedule | 24 months after permit effective date                   |
| 5) | Begin Implementation of the LTCP                            | Upon Approval by the Department                         |
| 6) | Submit Annual CSO Status Reports                            | As supplement to the annual Wasteload Management Report |

9. The effluent limitations for Outfall 001 were determined using an effluent discharge rate of 0.48 million gallons per day which is the design flow used to determine whether a "hydraulic overload" situation exists, as defined in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94.

10. Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Minimization

The permittee will ensure that applied chlorine dosages, used for disinfection or other purposes, are optimized to the degree necessary such that the total residual chlorine in the discharge does not cause an adverse stream impact. In doing so, the permittee shall consider relevant factors affecting chlorine dosage, such as wastewater characteristics, mixing and contact times, desired result of chlorination, and expected impact on the receiving water body.

To reduce or eliminate the amount of chlorine discharged into water bodies, the permittee must: (1) improve/adjust process controls and (2) improve operation/maintenance practices.

If the Department determines or receives documented evidence levels of TRC in the permittee's effluent are causing adverse impacts in the receiving water, the permittee shall institute necessary additional steps to reduce or eliminate such impact.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

**AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM**

**NPDES PERMIT NO. PA0026981**

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Section 1251 et seq. (the "Act") and Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law, as amended, 35 P.S. Section 691.1 et seq.,

Sanitary Authority of Duquesne  
12 South Second Street  
Duquesne, PA 15110

is authorized to discharge from a facility located at

City of Duquesne Sewage Treatment Plant  
City of Duquesne  
Allegheny County

to receiving waters named Thompson Run

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts A, B, and C hereof.

**THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT, SEP - 5 2008.**

The authority granted by this permit is subject to the following further qualifications:

1. If there is a conflict between the application, its supporting documents and/or amendments and the terms and conditions of this permit, the terms and conditions shall apply.
2. Failure to comply with the terms, conditions, or effluent limitations of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal.
3. Complete application for renewal of this permit, or notification of intent to cease discharging by the expiration date, must be submitted to the Department at least 180 days prior to the expiration date (unless permission has been granted by the Department for submission at a later date), using the appropriate NPDES permit application form.


In the event that a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to reissue the permit before the expiration date, the terms and conditions of this permit, including submission of the Discharge Monitoring Reports, will be automatically continued and will remain fully effective and enforceable pending the grant or denial of the application for permit renewal.

4. This NPDES permit does not constitute authorization to construct or make modifications to wastewater treatment facilities necessary to meet the terms and conditions of this permit.

DATE PERMIT ISSUED

SEP - 5 2003

ISSUED BY



Tim V. Dreier, P.E.

Water Management Program Manager

DATE EFFECTIVE

OCT - 1 2003

PERMITTEE NAME ADDRESS (Include Facility Name / Location)

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (DMR)

NAME: Sanitary Authority of Duquesne  
 ADDRESS: 12 Second Street  
 Duquesne, PA 15110

FACILITY: City of Duquesne Sewage Treatment Plant  
 LOCATION: City of Duquesne, Allegheny County

(2-16)			(17-19)			
PA0026981			001			
PERMIT NUMBER			DISCHARGE NUMBER			
MONITORING PERIOD						
YEAR	MO	DAY	TO	YEAR	MO	DAY
(20-21)	(22-23)	(24-25)		(26-27)	(28-29)	(30-31)

NOTE: Read instructions before completing this form

Parameter (32-37)		(3 Card Only) QUANTITY OR LOADING (46-53) (54-61)			(4 Card Only) QUALITY OR CONCENTRATION (38-45) (46-53) (54-61)			NO. EX (62-63)	FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS (64-68)	SAMPLE TYPE (69-70)
		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITS	MINIMUM	AVERAGE	INST. MAX.			
Flow	Sample Measurement				*	*	*			
	Permit Requirement	MONITOR AND REPORT			MGD	*	*	*	*	CONTIN
CBOD-5	Sample Measurement	*	*		*					
	Permit Requirement	417	626	LB/DY	*	25	37.5	MG/L	*	2/WEEK
Suspended Solids	Sample Measurement	*	*		*					
	Permit Requirement	500	751	LB/DY	*	30	45	MG/L	*	2/WEEK
Fecal Coliform May 1 to Sep 30 Oct 1 to Apr 30	Sample Measurement	*	*		*					
	Permit Requirement	*	*	*	*	200 30,000	1000 *	#/100ML	*	2/WEEK
pH	Sample Measurement	*	*		*					
	Permit Requirement	*	*	*	6.0	*	9.0	S.U.	*	2/WEEK
Total Residual Chlorine	Sample Measurement	*	*		*					
	Permit Requirement	*	*	*	*	1.0	*	MG/L	*	30/MONTH
	Sample Measurement	*	*		*					
	Permit Requirement	*	*	*	*	*	*	MG/L	*	*

NAME/TITLE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER  TYPE OR PRINT	I CERTIFY UNDER PENALTY OF LAW THAT I HAVE PERSONALLY EXAMINED AND AM FAMILIAR WITH THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED HEREIN AND BASED ON MY INQUIRY OF THOSE INDIVIDUALS IMMEDIATELY RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING THE INFORMATION. I BELIEVE THE SUBMITTED INFORMATION IS TRUE, ACCURATE AND COMPLETE. I AM AWARE THAT THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT PENALTIES FOR SUBMITTING FALSE INFORMATION. INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF FINE AND IMPRISONMENT SEE 18 U.S.C. §1001 AND 33 U.S.C. §1319 (Penalties under these statutes may includes fines up to \$10,000 and or maximum imprisonment of between 6 months and 5 years)	TELEPHONE		DATE	
		SIGNATURE OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR AUTHORIZED AGENT	AREA CODE	NUMBER	YEAR

COMMENT AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Reference all attachments here)

## 1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTFALL 001 WHICH RECEIVES WASTE FROM:

the sewage treatment plant

at Latitude 40° 22' 45" Longitude 79° 51' 02" Stream Code 37449 River Mile Index (RMI) 0.23

- a. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from effective date through expiration date.
- b. Based on the production data and/or anticipated wastewater characteristics and flows described in the permit application and its supporting documents and/or amendments, the following effluent limitations and monitoring requirements apply. Total (dissolved plus suspended fraction) is implied for each parameter unless otherwise indicated.

Discharge Parameter	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS (gross unless otherwise indicated)							MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
	Mass Units (lbs/day except flow)			Concentrations (mg/l unless otherwise indicated)				Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Max. Daily	Average Monthly	Average Weekly	Max. Daily	Instant. Max.		
Flow (mgd)	Monitor and Report							continuous	recorded
CBOD-5 Day	417	626		25	37.5		50	2/week	8-hour composite
Suspended Solids	500	751		30	45		60	2/week	8-hour composite
Total Residual Chlorine				1.0			3.3	30/month	grab
% Removal (BOD-5 Day & SS)	refer to Part C								
Fecal Coliform Organisms	refer to Part C for effective disinfection							2/week	grab
pH	not less than 6.0 nor greater than 9.0 standard units							2/week	grab

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location: at the outfall pipe

1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTFALLS 002 THROUGH 005 WHICH RECEIVE WASTE FROM:  
combined sewer overflows, CSO

- a. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from effective date through expiration date.
- b. The outfalls listed below serve as combined sewer overflows necessitated by storm water entering the sewer system and exceeding the hydraulic capacity of the sewers and/or the treatment plant and are permitted to discharge only for such reason. There are at this time no specific effluent limitations on the outfalls. Each discharge shall be monitored for cause, frequency, duration, and quantity of flow. The data must be reported monthly as an attachment to the discharge monitoring report (DMR). Refer also to Part C - Other Requirements for Combined Sewer Overflows.

Outfall	Name	Receiving Stream	Latitude/Longitude
002	Wylie Avenue	Monongahela River	40°22'15" / 79°50'18"
003	Hamilton Avenue	Monongahela River	40°22'41" / 79°50'33"
004	Overland Avenue	Thompson Run	40°22'32" / 79°51'22" ←
005	Clark Street	Thompson Run	40°22'45" / 79°51'02" ←

Please refer to Part C Special Condition No. 8.

Monitoring in compliance with the requirements specified above shall be performed at the discharge pipe of each combined sewer overflow.

1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR STORM WATER OUTFALL: SW-1

- a. The permittee is authorized to discharge during the period from effective date through expiration date.
- b. The outfalls listed below are permitted to discharge uncontaminated storm water runoff from areas in and around the treatment plant. Refer to Part C - Requirements Applicable to Storm Water Outfalls.

<u>Outfall</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Receiving Stream/Code/RMI</u>	<u>Latitude/Longitude</u>
SW-1	Storm Water	Thompson Run / 37449 / 0.23	40° 22' 44" / 79° 51' 02"

## 2. DEFINITIONS

- a. "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- b. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. "Daily discharge" means the "discharge of a pollutant" measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.
- d. "Average" refers to the use of an arithmetic mean, unless otherwise specified in this permit.
- e. "Geometric average (mean)" means the average of a set of n sample results given by the n<sup>th</sup> root of their product.
- f. "Average monthly discharge limitation" means the highest allowable average of "daily discharge" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharge" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharge" measured during that month.
- g. "Average weekly discharge limitation" means the highest allowable average of "daily discharge" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharge" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharge" measured during that week.
- h. "Maximum daily discharge limitation" means the highest allowable "daily discharge."
- i. "Maximum any time" (or instantaneous maximum) means the concentration not to be exceeded at any time in any grab sample.
- j. "Composite sample" (for all except GC/MS volatile organic analysis) means a combination of at least 8 individual samples of at least 100 milliliters collected manually or automatically at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period. The composite must be flow-proportional; either the volume of each individual sample is proportional to discharge flow rates, or the sampling interval (for constant volume samples) is proportional to the flow rates over the time period used to produce the composite.

"Composite sample for GC/MS volatile organic analysis" consists of at least four (rather than eight) aliquots or grab samples collected during actual hours of discharge over a 24 hour period and need not be flow proportioned. The four samples are composited in the laboratory immediately before analysis, and only one analysis performed.

The maximum time period between individual samples used for any "composite sample" shall not exceed two hours, except that for wastes of a uniform nature the samples may be collected on a frequency of at least twice per working shift and shall be equally spaced over a 24-hour period (or over the operating day if flows are of a shorter duration).



- k. "Grab sample" means an individual sample of at least 100 milliliters collected at a randomly-selected time over a period not to exceed 15 minutes.
- l. "i-s" means immersion stabilization - in which a calibrated device is immersed in the wastewater until the reading is stabilized.
- m. "Daily average temperature" means the average of all temperature measurements made, or the mean value plot of the record of a continuous automated temperature recording instrument, either during a calendar day or during the operating day if flows are of a shorter duration.
- n. "Measured flow" means any method of liquid volume measurement, the accuracy of which has been previously demonstrated in engineering practice, or for which a relationship to absolute volume has been obtained.
- o. "At outfall XXX" means a sampling location in outfall line XXX below the last point at which wastes are added to outfall line XXX, or where otherwise specified.
- p. "Estimated flow" means any method of liquid volume measurement based on a technical evaluation of the sources contributing to the discharge including, but not limited to, pump capabilities, water meters and batch discharge volumes.
- q. "Non-contact cooling water" means water used to reduce temperature which does not come in direct contact with any raw material, intermediate product, waste product (other than heat), or finished product.

Such water may on occasion, as a result of corrosion, cooling system leakage or similar cooling system failures contain small amounts of process chemicals: provided, that all reasonable measures have been taken to prevent, reduce, eliminate and control to the maximum extent feasible such contamination: and provided further, that all reasonable measures have been taken that will mitigate the effects of such contamination once it has occurred.

- r. "Toxic pollutant" means those pollutants, or combinations of pollutants, including disease-causing agents, which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, will, on the basis of information available to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions, including malfunctions in reproduction, or physical deformations in such organisms or their offspring.
- s. "Hazardous substance" means any substance designated under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 116 (40 CFR 116) pursuant to Section 311 of the Clean Water Act.
- t. "Publicly Owned Treatment Works" or "POTW" means a facility as defined by Section 212 of the Clean Water Act which is owned by a State or Municipality, as defined by Section 502(4) of the Clean Water Act, including any sewers that convey wastewater to such a treatment works, but not including pipes, sewers or other conveyances not connected to a facility providing treatment. The term also means the municipality as defined in Section 502(4) of the Clean Water Act which has jurisdiction over the indirect discharges to and the discharges from such a treatment works.

- u. "Industrial User" means an establishment which discharges or introduces industrial wastes into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW).
- v. "Total Dissolved Solids" means the total dissolved (filterable) solids as determined by use of the method specified in 40 CFR 136.
- w. "Storm water associated with industrial activity" means the discharge from any conveyance which is used for collecting and conveying storm water and which is directly related to manufacturing, processing, or raw materials storage areas as defined at 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14).
- x. "Storm water" means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.
- y. "Best Management Practices ("BMPs")" means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of "Waters of the United States". BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.

### 3. SELF-MONITORING, REPORTING, AND RECORDS KEEPING

#### a. Representative Sampling

- (1) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.

#### (2) Records Retention

Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities which shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years, all records of monitoring activities and results (including all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation and calibration and maintenance records), copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit shall be retained by the permittee for three (3) years from the date of the sample measurement, report, or application. The three year period shall be extended as requested by the Department or the EPA Regional Administrator.

#### (3) Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- (i) The exact place, date, and time of sampling or measurements;
- (ii) The person(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- (iii) The date(s) the analyses were performed;
- (iv) The person(s) who performed the analyses;

- (v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and the associated detection level; and
- (vi) The results of such analyses.

(4) Test Procedures

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall be those contained in 40 CFR 136 (or in the case of sludge use or disposal, approved under 40 CFR 136 unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR 503), or alternate test procedures approved pursuant to those parts, unless other test procedures have been specified in the permit.

(5) Quality Assurance/Control

In an effort to assure accurate self-monitoring analyses results:

- (a) Permittee or its designated laboratory shall participate in the periodic scheduled quality assurance inspections conducted by the Department and EPA.
- (b) The permittee or its designated laboratory shall develop and implement a program to assure the quality and accurateness of the analyses performed to satisfy the requirements of this permit in accordance with 40 CFR 136, Appendix A

b. Reporting of Monitoring Results

- (1) The permittee shall effectively monitor the operation and efficiency of all wastewater treatment and control facilities, and the quantity and quality of the discharge(s) as specified in this permit.
- (2) Unless instructed otherwise in Part C of this permit, monitoring results obtained each month shall be summarized for that month and reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).
- (3) The completed DMR Form shall be signed and certified either by the following applicable person (as defined in 40 CFR 122.22(a)) or by that person's duly authorized representative (as defined in 40 CFR 122.22(b)):
  - For a corporation - by a responsible corporate officer
  - For a Partnership or Sole Proprietorship - by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively
  - For a Municipality, State, Federal or other public agency - by a principle executive officer or ranking elected official.

If signed by other than the above, written notification of delegation of DMR signatory authority must be submitted to the Department. The DMR and any other reports required herein shall be submitted to the appropriate agency at the address listed in Part C of this permit and postmarked no later than the 28th day of the following month.

- (4) If the permittee monitors any pollutant, using analytical methods described in A.3.a(4) above, more frequently than the permit requires, the results of this monitoring shall be incorporated, as appropriate, into the calculations used to report self-monitoring data on the DMR.

c. Reporting Requirements

- (1) Planned Changes - The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when:
- (a) The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
  - (b) The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42(a)(1).
  - (c) The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;

(2) Anticipated Non-Compliance

The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

(3) Compliance Schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.

(4) Twenty-Four Hour Reporting

- (a) The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
- (b) The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
  - (i) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - (ii) Any catastrophic event which causes the discharge to exceed effluent limitations in this permit.
  - (iii) Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit to be reported within 24 hours.

- (c) The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph c (4)(a) of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

(5) Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs c (3), (4) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph c (4) of this section.

Compliance with reporting requirements under A.3.c. above shall not excuse a person from immediate notification of incidents causing or threatening pollution pursuant to 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 91.33.

d. Specific Toxic Substance Notification Levels (for Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, and Silvicultural Dischargers) The permittee shall notify the Department as soon as it knows or has reason to believe the following:

- (1) That any activity has occurred, or will occur, which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge on a routine or frequent basis will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels".
  - (a) One hundred micrograms per liter.
  - (b) Two hundred micrograms per liter for acrolein and acrylonitrile.
  - (c) Five hundred micrograms per liter for 2,4-dinitrophenol and 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol.
  - (d) One milligram per liter for antimony.
  - (e) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application.
  - (f) Any other notification level established by the Department.
- (2) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - (a) Five hundred micrograms per liter;
  - (b) One milligram per liter for antimony;
  - (c) Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application;
  - (d) Any other notification level established by the Department.

## I. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

a. Compliance Schedules

- (1) The permittee shall achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit within the time frames specified in Part C of this permit.
- (2) The permittee shall submit reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or progress reports as applicable, any interim and final requirements contained in this permit. Such reports shall be submitted no later than 14 days following the applicable schedule date or compliance deadline.

b. Permit Modification, Termination, or Revocation and Reissuance

- (1) This permit may be modified, terminated, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, any of the causes specified in 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 92.
- (2) The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- (3) In the absence of a Departmental action to modify or revoke and reissue this permit, the permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time specified in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions.

c. Duty to Provide Information

- (1) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit.
- (2) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- (3) Other Information - Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information to the Department.
- (4) Where the permittee is a POTW, the permittee shall provide adequate notice to the Department of the following:
  - (a) Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were otherwise discharging those pollutants.
  - (b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW by an Industrial User which was discharging into the POTW at the time of issuance of this permit.

- (c) Adequate notice shall include information on:
- (i) the quality and quantity of the effluent introduced into the POTW, and
  - (ii) any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of the effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

The submission of the above information in the POTW's Annual Wasteload Management Report, required under the provisions of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, will normally be considered as providing adequate notice to the Department, unless a more stringent time period is required by law, regulation, or permit condition in which case the more stringent submission date shall apply.

- (d) The identity of Industrial Users served by the POTW which are subject to pretreatment standards adopted under Section 307(b) of the Clean Water Act; the POTW shall also specify the total volume of discharge and estimated concentration of each pollutant discharged into the POTW by the Industrial Users.
- (e) The POTW shall require all Industrial Users to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act and any regulations adopted thereunder, and the Clean Streams Law and any regulations adopted thereunder.

d. Facilities Operation

The permittee shall at all times maintain in good working order and properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes, but is not limited to effective performance based on designed facility removals, adequate funding, effective management, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory controls including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision also includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by the permittee, only when necessary to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The permittee shall develop, install, and maintain Best Management Practices to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve the effluent limitations and standards in this permit or to carry out the purposes and intent of the Clean Water Act, or when required to do so by the Department.

e. Adverse Impact

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

f. Bypassing

- (1) Bypassing Not Exceeding Permit Limitations - The permittee may allow a bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be violated, but only if the bypass is essential for maintenance to assure efficient operation. This type of bypassing is not subject to the reporting and notification requirements of Part A.3.c.

- (2) Other Bypassing - In all other situations bypassing is prohibited unless all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) A bypass is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or "severe property damage";
  - (b) There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed (in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment) to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance;
  - (c) The permittee submitted the necessary reports required under Part A.3.c.
- (3) The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three conditions (a through c) listed above.

## 2. PENALTIES AND LIABILITY

### a. Violations of Permit Conditions

Any person violating Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Clean Water Act or any permit condition or limitation implementing such sections in a permit issued under Section 402 of the Act is subject to civil, administrative, and/or criminal penalties as set forth in 40 CFR 122.41(a)(2).

Any person or municipality who violates any provision of this permit, any rule, regulation, or order of the Department, or any condition or limitation of any permit issued pursuant to the Clean Streams Law is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties as set forth in Sections 602, 603 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

### b. Falsifying Information

Any person who does any of the following:

Falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit; or

Knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit (including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance);

shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine and/or imprisonment as set forth in 18 P.S. §4904 and 40 CFR 122.41(j)(5) and (k)(2).



c. Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance pursuant to Section 309 of the Clean Water Act or Sections 602, 603 or 605 of the Clean Streams Law.

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or to relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under the Clean Water Act and the Clean Streams Law.

d. Enforcement Proceedings

- (1) It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

3. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

a. Right of Entry

Pursuant to Sections 5(b) and 305 of Pennsylvania's Clean Streams Law and 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 92, the permittee shall allow the head of the Department, the EPA Regional Administrator, and/or their authorized representatives, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law:

- (1) To enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (2) To have access to and copy at reasonable times any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) To inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) To sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

b. Transfer of Permits

- (1) *Transfers by modification.* Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act.
- (2) *Automatic transfers.* As an alternative to transfers under paragraph (1) of this section, any NPDES permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
  - (a) The current permittee notifies the Department, at least 30 days in advance, of the proposed transfer date in paragraph (2)(b) of this section;

## OTHER REQUIREMENTS

1. In accordance with Part A.3.b of this permit, the permittee shall submit a copy of the Discharge Monitoring Reports to each of the following:

Department of Environmental Protection  
Water Management  
400 Waterfront Drive  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

U.S. EPA - Region III  
NPDES Discharge Monitoring Reports (3WP31)  
1650 Arch Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Allegheny County Health Department  
Frank B. Clack Health Center  
Water Pollution Control Program  
Building #5  
40th Street & Penn Avenue  
Pittsburgh, PA 15224

2. In accordance with Part B.1.c of this permit, the permittee shall submit a copy of the attached Supplemental Sewage Sludge Report to accompany each copy of the monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports to the addresses as specified above, with the exception that the Supplemental Sewage Sludge Report shall not be submitted to the Environmental Protection Agency. This form must be submitted even if sewage sludge is not hauled in a given month, in this event enter "no sludge hauled."
3. Effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other standard and special conditions which relate to the discharge of pollutants authorized by this permit and which are contained in Water Quality Management Permit(s)

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or any subsequent amendments or transfers are superseded by the terms and conditions of this permit, unless specifically noted otherwise herein.

4. Collected screenings, slurries, sludges and other solids shall be handled and disposed of in compliance with 25 Pa. Code, Chapters 271, 273, 275, 283, and 285 (related to permits and requirements for landfilling, land application, incineration and storage of sewage sludge) Federal Regulations 40 CFR 257, and the Federal Clean Water Act and its amendments.
5. All discharges of floating materials, oil, grease, scum and substances which produce tastes, color, odors, turbidity or settle to form deposits shall be controlled at levels which will not be inimical or harmful to the water uses to be protected or to human, animal, plant or aquatic life.
6. Effective disinfection to control disease producing organisms shall be the production of an effluent which will contain a concentration of fecal coliform organisms not greater than
  - a. 200/100 ml as a monthly geometric mean, nor greater than 1000/100 ml in more than ten percent of the samples examined during any month from May through September inclusive.
  - b. 30,000/100 ml as a monthly geometric mean based on five consecutive samples collected on different days during any month from October through April inclusive.
7. In no case shall the arithmetic means of the effluent values of the biochemical oxygen demand (BOD-5 Day) and suspended solids discharged during a period of 30 consecutive days exceed 15 percent of respective arithmetic means of the influent values for those parameters during the same time period except as specifically authorized by the Department.
8. MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OF COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOWS

Combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are allowed to discharge only in compliance with this permit when flows in combined sewer systems exceed the conveyance or treatment capacities of the system during or immediately after wet weather periods. Overflows that occur without an accompanying precipitation event or snowmelt are termed "dry weather overflows" and are prohibited. CSOs are point source discharges that must be provided with control measures in accordance with the Federal Clean Water Act and the 1994 National CSO Policy.

The point source discharge locations (outfalls) identified on page(s) 2b of 14 under Part A of this permit serve as known combined sewer overflow locations on the permittee sewer system

A. CONTINUED IMPLEMENTATION OF TECHNOLOGY-BASED NINE MINIMUM CONTROLS

Upon issuance of this permit, the permittee shall continue the implementation of the NMCs, demonstrate system wide compliance with the NMCs and submit discharge

monitoring reports and annual reports to the Department with appropriate documentation. The permittee's NMC documentation report is incorporated in this permit.

The Department will use the EPA guidance document entitled "Guidance For Nine Minimum Controls" (EPA 832-B-95-003), dated May 1995, and specific comments provided during review of the NMC documentation reports to determine continued compliance with the CSO permit requirements.

B. IMPLEMENTATION OF WATER QUALITY-BASED LONG TERM CONTROL PLAN (LTCP)

The long term goal of the LTCP requirements in this permit is to achieve compliance with the state water quality standards upon completion of the LTCP implementation. Until completion of implementation, the CSO discharge(s) shall comply with the performance standards of the selected CSO controls, when installed, and shall comply with the water quality standards found in Chapter 93, Section 93.6(b). When sufficient CSO-related information and data are available to develop water quality-based effluent limitations, the permit should be revised, as appropriate, to reflect the new effluent limitations.

Upon issuance of this permit, the permittee shall continue the implementation of the approved LTCP, demonstrate system-wide compliance with the LTCP's installed alternatives and submit with the Annual Report referenced in paragraph C.2 below, annual progress reports on implementation.

The permittee shall continue to implement its approved long term control plan (LTCP). The LTCP, at a minimum, shall incorporate the following requirements:

1. Continued implementation of the nine minimum controls;
2. Protection of sensitive areas (recreation areas, public water supply, unique ecological habitat, etc.);
3. Public participation in developing the LTCP.

The LTCP is described in the EPA's guidance document entitled "Guidance For Long Term Control Plan" (EPA 832-B-95-002), dated September 1995. Using a compliance monitoring program, the permittee shall periodically review the effectiveness of the LTCP and propose any changes or revisions to the LTCP to the Department for review and approval before its implementation.

The permittee shall implement, inspect, monitor and effectively operate and maintain the CSO controls identified in the approved LTCP. The interim implementation schedule for the short term controls shall be in accordance with the approved LTCP. The final

implementation of the LTCP is expected to exceed the life of the current five year permit and shall be consistent with the approved LTCP or where applicable a CO&A or other enforcement mechanism.

C. MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Discharge Monitoring Report for Combined Sewer Overflows (DMR for CSOs)

The permittee shall record data on CSO discharges in the format specified in the Department's DMR for CSOs attached to this permit. The data shall be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the Department 28 days following a month in which one or more CSO discharges occurred. For CSOs that are part of a permitted POTW, the DMR for CSOs must be submitted with the Permittee's regular DMR. Copies of DMRs for CSOs must be retained at the STP site or municipality for at least five (5) years.

2. Annual CSO Status Report

On March 31 of each year, an Annual CSO Status Report shall be submitted to the Department with the annual "Municipal Wasteload Management Report" required by 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94, Section 94.12. For a satellite CSO system, a copy of the annual report shall also be provided to the POTW providing treatment for its wastewater.

i. The Annual CSO Status Report shall:

- a. Provide a summary of the frequency, duration and volume of the CSO discharges for the past calendar year;
- b. Provide the operational status of overflow points;
- c. Provide an identification of known in-stream water quality impacts, their causes, and their effects on downstream water uses;
- d. Summarize all actions taken to implement the NMCs and the LTCP and their effectiveness; and
- e. Evaluate and provide a progress report on implementing and necessary revisions to the NMC and LTCP.

- ii. Specifically, the following CSO-related information shall be included in the report:
- a. Rain gauge data - total inches (to the nearest 0.01 inch) that caused each CSO discharge being reported in the supplemental DMR for CSOs.
  - b. Inspections and maintenance
    - Total number of regulator inspections conducted during the period of the report (reported by drainage system).
    - A list of blockages (if any) corrected or other interceptor maintenance performed, including location, date and time discovered, date and time corrected, and any discharges to the stream observed and/or suspected to have occurred.
  - c. Dry weather overflows

Dry weather CSO discharges are prohibited. Immediate telephone notification to DEP of such discharges is required in accordance with 25 Pa. Code, Section 91.33. Indicate location, date and time discovered, date and time corrected/ceased, and action(s) taken to prevent their reoccurrence. A plan to correct this condition and schedule to implement the plan must be submitted with the DMR for CSOs.
  - d. Wet weather overflows
    - For all locations that have automatic level monitoring of the regulators, report all exceedances of the overflow level during the period of the report, including location, date, time, and duration of wet weather overflows.
    - For all locations at which flows in the interceptors can be controlled by throttling and/or pumping, report all instances when the overflow level was reached or the gates were lowered. For each instance, provide the location, date, time, and duration of the overflow.

## D. AREA-WIDE PLANNING/PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENT

Where applicable, the permittee shall cooperate with and participate in any interconnected CSO system's NMCs and LTCP activities being developed and/or carried out by the operator(s) of these systems, and shall participate in implementing applicable portions of the approved NMC and LTCP for these systems.

## E. PERMIT REOPENER CLAUSE

The Department reserves the right to modify, revoke and reissue this permit as provided pursuant to 40 CFR 122.62 and 124.5 for the reasons set forth in 25 Pa. Code Section 92.51(2) and for the following reasons:

1. To include new or revised conditions developed to comply with any State or Federal law or regulation that addresses CSOs and that is adopted or promulgated subsequent to the effective date of this permit.
2. To include new or revised conditions if new information indicates that CSO controls imposed under the permit have failed to ensure the attainment of State Water Quality Standards.
3. To include new or revised conditions based on new information resulting from implementation of the LTCP or other plans or data.

## F. COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

The permittee shall complete the above CSO activities in accordance with the following compliance schedule:

<u>Schedule Activity Description</u>	<u>Compliance Due Date</u>
Continue Implementation of the NMC Reports	Permit effective date
Begin Implementation of the LTCP	Permit effective date
Submit Annual CSO Status Report to Department with Chapter 94 Report	March 31 of each year
Submit DMR for CSOs	Within 28 days of the end of a month

9. The effluent limitations for Outfall 001 were determined using an effluent discharge rate of 2 million gallons per day which is the design flow used to determine whether a "hydraulic overload" situation exists, as defined in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 94.

10. Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) Minimization

The permittee will ensure that applied chlorine dosages, used for disinfection or other purposes, are optimized to the degree necessary such that the total residual chlorine in the discharge does not cause an adverse stream impact. In doing so, the permittee shall consider relevant factors affecting chlorine dosage, such as wastewater characteristics, mixing and contact times, desired result of chlorination, and expected impact on the receiving water body.

To reduce or eliminate the amount of chlorine discharged into the receiving water body, the permittee shall (1) improve/adjust process controls and (2) improve operational practices. If the Department determines or receives documented evidence that the permittee's effluent are causing adverse impacts in the receiving water, the permittee shall take additional steps to reduce or eliminate such impact.

11. The permittee shall submit the results of whole effluent toxicity testing to the permit renewal application, according to federal regulation 40 CFR 131.106. The permittee shall obtain the appropriate biomonitoring protocol from the Regional Coordinator, Planning Section, Water Management Program, Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, 400 Waterfront Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4300.

12. REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO STORM WATER

A. Prohibition of Non-Storm Water Discharges

1. Except as provided in A.2, all discharges to storm water outfalls listed in Part A of this permit shall be composed entirely of uncontaminated storm water.
2. The following non-storm water discharges may be authorized, provided the discharge is in compliance with D.2.b: discharges from fire fighting activities; fire hydrant flushings, potable water sources including waterline flushings, irrigation drainage, lawn watering, routine external building washdown which does not use detergents or other compounds, pavement washwaters where spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have not occurred (unless all spilled material has been removed) and where detergents are not used, air conditioning condensate, springs, uncontaminated groundwater, and foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process materials such as solvents.

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## B. Spills

This permit does not authorize the discharge of any polluting substances resulting from an on-site spill. Such spills shall be controlled through proper implementation of a PPC Plan as stated in Section D below.

## C. This permit does not authorize any discharge (storm water or non-storm water) containing any pollutant that may cause or contribute to an impact on aquatic life or pose a substantial hazard to human health or the environment due to its quantity or concentration.

## D. Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency Plans

## 1. Development of Plan

Operators of facilities shall have developed a Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 91.34 and Document 400-2200-001, "Guidelines for the Development and Implementation of Environmental Emergency Response Plans". The PPC Plan shall identify potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the facility. In addition, the PPC Plan shall describe the BMPs that are to be used to reduce the pollutants in storm water discharges at the facility ensuring compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

## 2. Non-Storm Water Discharges

- a. The PPC Plan shall contain a certification that the discharge has been tested or evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges. The certification shall include the identification of potential significant sources of non-storm water at the site, a description of the results of any test and/or evaluation for the presence of non-storm water discharges, the evaluation criteria or testing methods used, the date of any testing and/or evaluation, and the on-site drainage points that were directly observed during the test. Such certification may not be feasible if the facility operating the storm water discharge does not have access to an outfall, manhole, or other point of access to the ultimate conduit that

receives the discharge. In such cases, the source identification section of the PPC Plan shall indicate why the certification was not feasible. A discharger that is unable to provide the certification must notify the Department within 180 days of the effective date of this permit.

- b. Except for flows from fire fighting activities, sources of non-storm water listed in A.2. (authorized non-storm water discharges) that are combined with storm water discharges must be identified in the plan. The plan shall identify and ensure the implementation of appropriate pollution prevention measures for the non-storm water component(s) of the discharge.

3. Special Requirements for SARA Title III, Section 313 Facilities

- a. Facilities subject to SARA Title III, Section 313 shall include in the PPC Plan a description of releases to land or water of Section 313 water priority chemicals that have occurred within the last three years. Each of the following shall be evaluated for the reasonable potential for contributing pollutants to runoff: loading and unloading operations, outdoor storage activities, outdoor manufacturing or processing activities, significant dust or particulate generating process, and on-site waste disposal practices. Factors to consider include the toxicity of chemicals; quantity of chemicals used, produced or discharged; the likelihood of contact with storm water; and history of significant leaks or spills of toxic or hazardous pollutants.
- b. Engineering Certification. No storm water PPC Plan for facilities subject to SARA Title III, Section 313 requirements for chemicals that are classified as "Section 313 water priority chemicals" shall be effective unless it has been reviewed by a Registered Professional Engineer and certified to by such Professional Engineer. A Registered Professional Engineer shall recertify the PPC Plan every year thereafter. This certification may be combined with the required annual evaluation in D.4. By means of these certifications, the engineer, having examined the facility and being familiar with the provisions of this part, shall attest that the storm water PPC Plan has been prepared in accordance with good engineering practices. Such certification shall in no way relieve the owner or operator of a facility covered by the PPC Plan of the duty to prepare and fully implement such Plan.

## 4. Comprehensive Site Compliance Evaluations and Record Keeping

Qualified personnel shall conduct site compliance evaluations at least once a year. Such evaluations shall include:

- a. Visual inspection and evaluation of areas contributing to a storm water discharge for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system. Measures to reduce pollutant loadings shall be evaluated to determine whether they are adequate and properly implemented in accordance with the terms of the permit or whether additional control measures are needed. Structural storm water management measures, sediment and erosion control measures, and other structural pollution prevention measures identified in the plan shall be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly. A visual inspection of equipment needed to implement the plan, such as spill response equipment, shall be made.

Based on the results of the inspection, the description of potential pollutant sources identified in the PPC plan, and pollution prevention measures and controls identified in the plan shall be revised as appropriate within 15 days of such inspection and shall provide for implementation of any changes to the plan in a timely manner, but in no case more than 90 days after the inspection.

A report summarizing the scope of the inspection, using the DEP's Annual Inspection Form, shall be completed and made available upon request and retained as part of the PPC Plan for at least one year after coverage under this permit terminates.

## E. Storm Water Best Management Practices (BMPs)

1. Manage sludge in accordance with all applicable permit requirements; temporarily collect and store sludge in enclosed containers or tanks.
2. Store chemicals in secure areas on impervious surfaces away from storm drains.
3. Design wastewater treatment facilities to prevent runoff and avoid storm water commingling with sanitary wastewater.
4. Efficiently use herbicides for weed control; where practicable investigate use of the least toxic herbicides; do not apply during windy conditions.