Application of Pennsylvania-American Water Company for Acquisition of Assets of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport 66 Pa. C.S. §1329

Application Filing Checklist – Water/Wastewater Docket No. A-2017-

14. Provide direct testimony for the application.

RESPONSE: See enclosed direct testimony of the following:

Direct Testimony of Bernard J. Grundusky, Jr., Director – Business Development, on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 1.

Direct Testimony of Beatty W. Morgan, Jr., Senior Director of Operations, Western Pennsylvania, on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 2.

Direct Testimony of David R. Kaufman, Vice President – Engineering, on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 3.

Direct Testimony of Rod P. Nevirauskas – Sr. Director of Rates and Regulations for the Mid Atlantic Division of the American Water Works Company, on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 4.

Direct Testimony of James S. Merante, CPA, Director – Financial Strategy, Planning and Decision Support, on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 5.

Direct Testimony of Michael Cherepko, Mayor of the City of McKeesport, on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 6.

Direct Testimony of Jerome C. Weinert, P.E., Principal and Director for AUS Consultants, Inc. on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company, PAWC Statement No. 7.

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

BERNARD J. GRUNDUSKY, JR. ON BEHALF OF PENNSYLVANIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY					
DIRECT TESTIMONY					
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contracts with municipal corporations	:				
ratemaking treatment, accrual and deferral of certain post-acquisition improvement costs, and certain					
wastewater service rights, fair market valuation					
Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, related					
acquisition of wastewater system assets of The	:	Docket No. A-2017	_et al.		
C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a), 1329, for approval of its					
and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, 66 Pa.					
American Water Company under Sections 507, 1102(a),					
In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-	•				

Dated: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 1

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF BERNARD J. GRUNDUSKY, JR.

1		<u>INTRODUCTION</u>
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
3	A.	My name is Bernard J. Grundusky, Jr. and my business address is 852 Wesley Drive
4		Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania 17011.
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6	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
7	A.	I am employed by Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC") as the Director of
8		Business Development.
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10	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS PAWC'S DIRECTOR OF BUSINESS
11		DEVELOPMENT?
12	A.	I develop and maintain necessary contacts to stay abreast of new business opportunities
13		In addition, I direct the business development team in the preparation of proposals, policies
14		and strategies for acquisitions, and other related business ventures. Finally, I participate in
15		developing PAWC's short- and long-range plans. These responsibilities necessitate that l
16		maintain a working knowledge of regulatory and technical developments, new
17		technologies and current trends as they affect the water and wastewater utility industries,
18		and that I be familiar with legislation, regulation and public policy affecting business
19		opportunities.
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21	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.

A. I received a Bachelor of Science (B.S.) degree in Accounting from Pennsylvania State University in August of 1990 and a Master of Business Administration degree (MBA) from Lebanon Valley College in 1995. My experience in the waterworks industry began in March 1991 when I was employed as a Rate Analyst in the Rates and Revenue Department of the American Water Works Service Company ("Service Company"). As a Rate Analyst, I was responsible for preparing financial analysis and written testimony to support PAWC rate increase requests. On January 1, 1993, I was transferred from the Service Company to PAWC. On July 1, 1995, I was promoted to Senior Rate Analyst. On October 16, 1996, I was promoted to Financial Analyst in PAWC's Administration Department. My principal duties in that capacity included the preparation and administration of the revenue, operating and maintenance budgets and assistance in the preparation of the capital budgets; the review of results of operations by budget categories; and, annual review and refinement of budgeting techniques. On July 1, 1997, I was promoted to Intermediate Financial Analyst, and, on July 1, 1998, I was promoted to Senior Financial Analyst. On January 1, 1999, I transferred to PAWC's Business Development Department. On July 1, 2000, I was promoted to Manager of Business Development. On April 1, 2009, I was promoted to the position of Senior Manager of Business Development for PAWC. On September 30, 2013, I was promoted to the position of Director of Business Development for PAWC. I have been in that position since then and am currently the Director of Business Development.

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Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION ("COMMISSION")?

23 A. Yes. I have previously testified before the Commission as a company witness for several 24 rate cases in the early to mid-1990's, as a witness for the complaint of the Municipal Authority of the Township of Robinson against PAWC at Docket No. C-20030092, and as a company witness for PAWC's 2013 base rate filing. I also recently testified before the Commission as a company witness in the transaction between PAWC and The Borough of New Cumberland ("BNC") at Docket No. A-2016-2544151, as well as PAWC's acquisition of The Sewer Authority of the City of Scranton ("SSA") at Docket No. A-2016-2537209, in which PAWC acquired the wastewater collection and treatment systems of BNC and SSA respectively.

Q.

HAS PAWC FILED AN APPLICATION WITH THE COMMISSION FOR REGULATORY APPROVAL TO ACQUIRE THE WASTEWATER SYSTEM OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT ("MACM") AND RELATED APPROVALS?

A. Yes. PAWC filed its Application on May 24, 2017 for approval of PAWC's acquisition of the MACM's wastewater collection and treatment system ("System"). I will refer to the acquisition in my testimony as the "Transaction."

The Application was prepared and filed under my direct supervision. As indicated in my Verification attached to the Application, the Application and its numerous appendices are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief. We used PAWC records, as well as MACM records made available by MACM, to prepare the Application. For purposes of having a complete evidentiary record in this proceeding upon which the Commission can base its decision, I submit the Application and all of its appendices (Appendices A through M) as **PAWC Exhibit No. BJG-1**.

Q. WHAT IS PAWC SEEKING IN ITS APPLICATION?

A.

There are four basic requests. First, PAWC is requesting approval of the acquisition under Section 1102, 66 Pa. C.S. § 1102, similar to many requests that come before the Commission. Specifically, PAWC seeks approval to acquire the System and for the right to begin service in the areas currently served by MACM ("Service Area"). The Application contains a *pro forma* tariff supplement under which MACM's current rates would be initially adopted.

Second, pursuant to Act 12 of 2016, 66 Pa. C.S. § 1329 ("Section 1329"), PAWC is seeking to utilize fair market value for the ratemaking rate base of MACM. As explained more-fully below, fair market value under Section 1329 is the lesser of the stated purchase price in the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated September 9, 2016, as amended by the First Amendment to the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated May 15, 2017 ("APA") or the average of the appraisal of MACM's Utility Valuation Expert ("UVE") and the appraisal of PAWC's UVE.

Third, PAWC is also seeking confirmation of its right under Section 1329 to collect a distribution system improvement charge ("DISC") for the new service area and seeking the accrual and deferral of certain post-acquisition improvement costs. Specifically, PAWC is seeking the accrual of Allowance for Funds Used During Construction ("AFUDC") for post-acquisition improvements not recovered through its DSIC for book and ratemaking purposes and the deferral of depreciation related to post-acquisition improvements not recovered through the DSIC for book and ratemaking purposes.

1 Fourth, PAWC is seeking Certificates of Filing or approvals under Code Section 2 507 for the APA and municipal agreements to be assumed by PAWC as a result of the 3 Transaction. 4 5 Q. WHAT DOES SECTION 1329 REQUIRE TO BE INCLUDED IN THE 6 **APPLICATION?** 7 A. Section 1329 requires that the Application include (1) copies of the two UVE appraisals, 8 (2) the purchase price, (3) ratemaking rate base, (4) transaction and closing costs, and (5) 9 the proposed tariff. However, as will be explained later in my testimony, the Commission 10 has expanded the filing requirements beyond those specifically required by the statute. 11 12 Q. WHAT DOES THE COMMISSION REQUIRE FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE FAIR MARKET VALUE RATEMAKING TREATMENT PERMITTED UNDER 13 14 SECTION 1329? 15 In its Final Implementation Order entered October 27, 2016, at Docket No. M-2016-A. 16 2543193 ("Final Implementation Order"), the Commission referenced the checklist in the

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Tentative Implementation Order entered July 21, 2016, at the same docket for items to

include with an application for it to be processed in a six-month time frame. The

Commission's Bureau of Technical Utility Services has prepared an extensive list of

specific Section 1329 "Filing Requirements." The most-recent version of the Filing

In addition to my direct testimony, PAWC will submit the written direct testimony of: Mr. Beatty W. Morgan, PAWC Senior Director of Operations, Western Pennsylvania; Mr. David R. Kaufman, PAWC Vice President - Engineering; Mr. Rod P. Nevirauskas, American Water Works Service Company Senior Director of Rates and Regulation, for Mid-Atlantic Division; and, Mr. James S. Merante, American Water Works Service Company Director - Financial Strategy, Planning and Decision Support for PAWC. Additionally, the Honorable Michael Cherepko, Mayor of the City of McKeesport, will submit written direct testimony. PAWC is also sponsoring direct testimony by its selected UVE, Mr. Jerome C. Weinert, Principal & Director of AUS Consultants. PAWC will not be sponsoring direct testimony by MACM's selected UVE.

Mr. Morgan will address the anticipated day-to-day operation of the System once it is acquired by PAWC, including staffing and the customer service enhancements that PAWC intends to implement for the benefit of MACM's customers. Mr. Kaufman will describe engineering and environmental issues associated with the System, support PAWC's technical fitness to operate the System, and explain certain commitments made by PAWC in the APA. Mr. Nevirauskas will address the initial rates, rules, and regulations for the MACM customers as well as the impact of the Transaction on PAWC's existing customers. Mr. Merante will discuss the financing of the Transaction and the overall financial fitness of PAWC. Mayor Cherepko will explain the current financial challenges of the City of McKeesport and the affordability of wastewater service for City residents. Mr. Weinert will provide supporting testimony for his fair market valuation report.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE TRANSACTION

Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE TRANSACTION NEGOTIATION

PROCESS.

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3 A. On February 26, 2016, MACM issued a Request for Bids for either an Asset Purchase of 4 the MACM Wastewater Treatment Facilities or Concession Lease Agreement with MACM 5 with bids due July 29, 2016. On July 29, 2016, PAWC submitted an Asset Purchase bid 6 to acquire the MACM Wastewater Treatment Facilities Assets. On August 5, 2016, the 7 MACM notified PAWC that it was selected as the successful bidder for the Asset Purchase 8 of MACM Wastewater Treatment Facilities. After subsequent arms-length negotiations, 9 on or about September 7, 2016, MACM and The City of McKeesport Boards approved the 10 Wastewater Treatment Facilities Asset Sale to PAWC. On September 9, 2016, the MACM 11 and PAWC entered into the APA for the sale of substantially all of the assets, properties, 12 and rights of the MACM's System at an agreed-upon price. For reasons explained below, 13 PAWC, MACM, and the City of McKeesport, on May 15, 2017, entered into the First 14 Amendment to the APA -- which revised the negotiated purchase price.

Q. CAN YOU PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE APA?

Yes. The APA, including the First Amendment, is attached as **Appendix A-24** to the Application (**PAWC Exhibit BJG-1**). The APA sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which the MACM will sell, and PAWC will purchase, the System, as well as substantially all assets, properties and rights that MACM owns and uses in connection with the System. The APA sets forth the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the Transaction. Under the APA, the closing of the Transaction will occur after the receipt of

all applicable governmental approvals, including approvals from this Commission, and after all applicable conditions have been met (or waived) by the parties.

Upon closing of the Transaction, PAWC will take ownership of the System and begin rendering wastewater services to MACM's current customers and MACM will permanently discontinue providing or furnishing wastewater service to the public within the City of McKeesport, the City of Duquesne, Port Vue Borough, the Borough of Dravosburg, and a portion of West Mifflin Borough, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. Additionally, MACM will assign its bulk service agreements with surrounding communities, and related corrective action agreements, to PAWC upon closing of the Transaction and cease providing bulk service.

Q.

CAN YOU PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF THE APA'S PROVISIONS GOVERNING THE TRANSFER OF ASSETS?

The specific properties, assets and rights to be transferred to PAWC are defined and described in the APA's Section 2.01, while the excluded assets are defined in Section 2.02 of the APA. Generally, the APA states that every asset, property and right owned by the MACM and used in the provision of sanitary wastewater service, whether real, personal, mixed, tangible or intangible, and including all the physical plant, property, equipment and facilities comprising the System owned by the MACM shall be conveyed to PAWC. The APA's Schedules 4.09 and 4.10 contains a non-exclusive list of Real Property and Equipment and Machinery used in connection with the System to be conveyed to PAWC. All interests in real estate, including leases, easements and access to public rights-of-way,

owned by MACM and relating to the System, as well as all assigned contracts, Schedule 4.15, also will be conveyed to PAWC.

Excluded assets, as set forth in the APA's Section 2.02, specifically exclude stormwater system assets. Other items that will not be transferred include: all contracts, licenses and leases that are not "Assigned Contracts"; specific personal files and records; MACM insurance policies; all rights to any action, suit or claims being pursued by MACM; all assets, properties and rights used by MACM other than those which primarily relate to the operations of the System; the City of McKeesport's NPDES Permit; the MS4 System Real Property; and, MACM's cash and cash equivalents, including accounts receivable, but excluding customer deposits, for services rendered through the close of business on the closing date.

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Q. HAS PAWC AGREED TO ASSUME ANY LIABILITIES OF THE MACM'S AS PART OF THE TRANSACTION?

Yes. PAWC is accepting certain "Assumed Liabilities" as part of this Transaction on the day of and after closing on the Transaction. Per Section 2.04 of the APA, PAWC will assume: (i) liabilities and obligations arising under MACM's NPDES permits on the day of and after Closing; (ii) any liabilities and obligations arising from agreed-upon labor amendments to employees current Collective Bargaining Agreement ("CBA") prior to closing; (iii) and, all items arising out of or relating to the System or the "Acquired Assets" on or after closing, including items referenced in Section 2.04 (a)3(i) through (vi). PAWC will not assume or be liable for any liabilities or obligations relating to "Excluded Liabilities" or other liabilities or obligations that are not "Assumed Liabilities."

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2 Q. CAN YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE APA'S PROVISIONS GOVERNING THE

NEGOTIATED PURCHASE PRICE OF THE TRANSACTION?

- 4 A. The consideration for the purchase of the System is set forth in Section A. of the First
- 5 Amendment to the APA. The negotiated purchase price is \$162,000,000.

A.

Q. WHY WAS THE NEGOTIATED PURCHASE PRICE CHANGED VIA THE FIRST

AMENDMENT TO THE APA?

Under Sections 3.01 and 3.02 of the APA, PAWC originally agreed to pay MACM the higher of the otherwise-stated purchase price in the APA (\$156,000,000) and the average of the UVEs' appraisals. Thus, but for the First Amendment, the higher of \$156,000,000 or the average of the UVEs' appraisals would have been both the purchase price and the fair market value for ratemaking purposes under Section 1329. As originally negotiated, the APA's stated purchase price of \$156,000,000 was solely intended to ensure that MACM received a guaranteed minimum amount for its System in the event that the average of the UVE appraisals was unacceptably low to MACM.

Shortly before PAWC originally intended to file its application in April 2017, PAWC was advised by MACM of its UVE's appraised fair market value (\$207,010,000). The UVE's appraisal would have driven the purchase price (*i.e.*, the average of the seller and buyer UVEs' appraisals because it exceeded \$156,000,000) to an unacceptably high amount for PAWC. Likewise, in the collective judgment of PAWC, MACM and the City of McKeesport, a purchase price based on the average of the UVEs' appraisals would have potentially jeopardized Commission approval of the Transaction.

Accordingly, PAWC, MACM, and the City of McKeesport negotiated the First Amendment and set the negotiated purchase price at \$162,000,000 -- a reasonable amount that is well-below the average of the UVEs' appraisals (\$184,176,500). Negotiation of the First Amendment was not only to the benefit of PAWC's shareholders but also to the benefit of its ratepayers. The lower negotiated purchase price will result in a lower fair market value for ratemaking purposes under Section 1329 than would have otherwise been set under the APA as originally negotiated.

Finally, I note that both the seller UVE and buyer UVE were apprised of the new negotiated purchase price and given an opportunity to adjust their appraisals as appropriate in their independent discretion. The appraisal reports included with the application include supplements from the UVEs acknowledging the new negotiated purchase price.

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Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE RATES THAT WILL APPLY TO THE MACM'S CUSTOMERS FOLLOWING THE CLOSING OF THE TRANSACTION.

As set forth in Section 7.05 of the APA and as will be explained more-fully in the Direct Testimony of Mr. Nevirauskas, PAWC Statement No. 4, PAWC will initially adopt MACM's rates (base rates) existing at the time of closing of the Transaction. These base rates will not increase until after the first anniversary of the Closing Date; provided, however, that PAWC may seek a rate change during that one-year period. Moreover, the parties recognize that ratemaking authority is vested with the Commission. Other charges such as PAWC's DSIC and State Tax Adjustment Surcharges may be subject to increases --- even during the initial one-year period. Currently, MACM bills monthly wastewater service for McKeesport, Dravosburg, Duquesne and West Mifflin, and quarterly for Port

1	Vue. These rates are shown in Appendix A-18-a to the Application (PAWC Exhibit.
2	BJG-1).

A.

Q. HAS PAWC MADE ANY COMMITMENTS IN THE APA THAT WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AFTER THE CLOSING OF THE TRANSACTION?

Yes, PAWC has made certain commitments to improve the System. My colleague, David R. Kaufman, will discuss these commitments in greater detail in his written direct testimony, PAWC Statement No. 3. In addition, PAWC has committed to offer employment to eligible MACM employees following the closing of the Transaction (*see* Section 7.03 of the APA). My colleague, Beatty W. Morgan, will discuss anticipated day-to-day operation of the System once it is acquired by PAWC, including staffing, in his written direct testimony, PAWC Statement No. 2.

A.

TRANSACTION IS IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST

Q. PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF PAWC.

PAWC, a subsidiary of American Water Works Company Inc., ("American Water"), is the largest regulated public utility corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, engaged in the business of collecting, treating, storing, supplying, distributing, and selling water to the public, and collecting, treating, transporting and disposing of wastewater for the public. Water and wastewater service is furnished by PAWC to the public in a service territory encompassing more than 400 communities in 36 counties, including Allegheny County and neighboring counties of Washington, Butler, Beaver and Lawrence. Overall, PAWC serves a combined population

of over 2,300,000 across the Commonwealth and is American Water's largest subsidiary with nearly 21 percent of American Water's regulated customer base.

PAWC currently employs approximately 1,000 professionals with expertise in all areas of water and wastewater utility operations, including engineering, regulatory compliance, water and wastewater treatment plant operation and maintenance, distribution and collection system operation and maintenance, materials management, risk management, human resources, legal, accounting and, most importantly, customer service. PAWC has the expertise, the record of environmental compliance, the commitment to invest in necessary capital improvements and resources, and experienced managerial and operating personnel necessary to provide safe and reliable sewer services to the residents of the MACM and surrounding areas.

Q.

A.

PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S HISTORICAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE MACM.

PAWC has strong foothold in the Mon Valley area -- servicing for many years the water needs of the citizens in communities such as Dravosburg, Glassport, Elizabeth Township, West Mifflin, Clairton, Homestead and Munhall. We take pride in being a good corporate citizen by participating in local events, providing environmental and firefighting grants, offering the "H2O Assistance Program," and supporting economic growth through infrastructure improvements in the communities we serve. In fact, American Water began in the City of McKeesport in 1886, when the American Water Works & Guarantee Company was established. The City of McKeesport is in a position to welcome back one of its earliest businesses. PAWC is eager to partner with the City of McKeesport in providing a sustainable long-term future for the City's wastewater assets, while helping the

City meet its current challenges. The City and its residents will benefit from a stable company with a robust model and reliable service that the community has come to expect and deserve.

5 Q. HOW MANY CUSTOMERS DOES THE MACM SYSTEM CURRENTLY SERVE

AND HOW MANY CUSTOMERS DOES PAWC CURRENTLY SERVE?

As of December 31, 2016, MACM furnishes wastewater services to 12,780 customers.

This number does not include consumers served by surrounding municipalities with whom

MACM has bulk service agreements.

As of December 31, 2016, PAWC furnishes wastewater services to 54,691 customers in Pennsylvania, inclusive of 50,404 residential customers, 4,114 commercial customers, 132 municipal customers, 37 industrial customers, and 4 bulk customers. PAWC furnishes water services to 654,770 customers, inclusive of 602,856 residential customers, 44,812 commercial customers, 522 industrial customers, 2,259 municipal, 4,299 fire protection customers, and 22 sales for resale customers.

A.

Q. CAN YOU PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION IS IN

THE PUBLIC INTEREST?

Yes. The Transaction will result in affirmative public benefits of a substantial nature. First, PAWC, as a large and long-established public utility, has the managerial, technical, and financial fitness to operate the System in a safe and efficient manner in compliance with the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, and all other applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. PAWC has extensive experience in the

operation of wastewater collection and treatment systems. The acquisition fosters the Commission's stated goal of regionalizing wastewater systems to provide greater environmental and economic benefits to customers.

Second, MACM's current customers will benefit in several ways from becoming PAWC customers. PAWC is a large, financially-sound company that has the capacity to finance necessary capital additions and improvements that will benefit its customers. In addition, given its size, its access to capital, and its recognized strengths in system planning, capital budgeting, and construction management, PAWC is well-positioned to ensure that high quality wastewater service meeting all applicable state and federal regulatory requirements is provided to the MACM's customers.

Third, MACM's current customers will benefit from enhanced and proven customer service that PAWC provides. My colleague, Beatty Wynn Morgan, discusses these customer service enhancements in more detail in PAWC Statement No. 2; however, I would like to note that they include -- but are not limited to -- additional bill payment options, extended customer service and call center hours, enhanced customer information and education programs, and access to PAWC's customer assistance program.

Finally, the Transaction will benefit PAWC's existing customers and MACM's current customers in the long-term by expanding PAWC's customer base. There will be no immediate rate impact on PAWC's existing customers, and we expect that the Transaction will help PAWC maintain reasonable rates for all its customers going forward. Moreover, by adding additional connections to the entire PAWC system, there are more customers to share future infrastructure investment cost which promotes stable rates across the entire PAWC system. Customers who benefit from near-term improvements will one

day help pay for improvements on behalf of other customers on other parts of the PAWC system. Being able to spread the costs of investing in and maintaining public wastewater systems over a growing customer base, particularly in a time of increased environmental requirements, is essential to the continued success of wastewater systems and maintaining reasonable rates for customers. Indeed, the Pennsylvania Legislature recognized, as a matter of public policy, the importance of consolidation and cost sharing in the passage of Act 11 of 2012. There is also a clear legislative intent associated with Section 1329 and its allowance of fair market valuation for ratemaking purposes. The General Assembly intended to facilitate the acquisition of municipal water and wastewater systems by investor-owned utilities for the benefit of municipal corporations and their customers.

PAWC'S LEGAL, FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL FITNESS

- 13 Q. CAN YOU PLEASE TELL US WHY PAWC IS LEGALLY FIT TO ACQUIRE AND
 14 OPERATE THE SYSTEM?
- 15 A. Yes. PAWC is a Commission-regulated public utility with a good compliance history.

 There are no pending legal proceedings that would suggest that PAWC is not legally fit to

 provide service to customers on MACM's System.

- 19 Q. CAN YOU EXPLAIN WHY PAWC IS FINANCIALLY FIT TO ACQUIRE AND
 20 OPERATE THE SYSTEM?
- **A.** Yes. PAWC is the largest water and wastewater provider in Pennsylvania. It has a long-22 demonstrated history with the Commission of financial stability.

As part of the Application, PAWC provided the audited internal balance sheet, as of December 31, 2016, for PAWC (Appendix E to PAWC Exhibit BJG-1), as well as the audited income statement, as of December 31, 2016, for PAWC (Appendix G to PAWC Exhibit BJG-1). Those documents show that PAWC had total assets of approximately \$4.35 billion as of December 31, 2016. Further, they show that PAWC had net income of approximately \$153 million for the 12 months ending December 31, 2016. These figures are further demonstration that PAWC has the financial stability and wherewithal to acquire the System and operate it in the public interest. My colleague, James S. Merante, will provide additional details in PAWC Statement No. 5 on the financial health of PAWC and its ability to access capital.

A.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY PAWC IS TECHNICALLY FIT TO OPERATE THE SYSTEM?

As I discussed earlier, PAWC is engaged in the business of collecting, treating, transporting and disposing of wastewater for the public. We are the largest investor-owned water utility in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and we already have significant wastewater operations -- including a large combined sanitary and wastewater system in Scranton, Pennsylvania. PAWC is experienced in undertaking and completing water and wastewater system acquisitions with public and private sector owners and successfully integrating those assets into our business operations. My colleagues, Beatty Wynn Morgan and David R. Kaufman will explain in greater detail in PAWC Statement Nos. 2 and 3, respectively, specifically how PAWC intends to operate the System once acquired.

1 **SERVICE TERRITORY** 2 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE SERVICE TERRITORY SOUGHT BY PAWC IN THE 3 APPLICATION. 4 A. As part of its Application, PAWC is seeking the right to provide service to the customers 5 currently served by MACM in the service area served by MACM as shown in the maps 6 and descriptions attached as Appendix A-16-h to PAWC Exhibit BJG-1. No municipal 7 authority, corporation, partnership or individual other than MACM is now furnishing or 8 has corporate or franchise rights to furnish service similar to that to be rendered by PAWC 9 in the Service Area covered by the Application, and no competitive condition will be 10 created. As discussed above, upon closing of the Transaction, MACM will permanently 11 discontinue all wastewater service to the public. 12 MACM also accepts and treats bulk sewage from eight communities via direct or 13 adjoining municipal sewer systems; they include the Boroughs of East McKeesport, 14 Liberty, Glassport, Lincoln, Versailles and White Oak and the Townships of Elizabeth and 15 North Versailles. I note that three of the bulk service interconnections are located slightly 16 outside the otherwise applied-for service territory and PAWC has requested Commission 17 approval to continue bulk service at those points of interconnections. Other than the 18 municipal bulk service customers, no customers are connected to those pipes outside of the 19 otherwise applied-for service territory. 20 21 APPROVAL OF CONTRACTS WITH MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS 22 Q. HAS PAWC REQUESTED CODE SECTION 507 CERTIFICATES OF FILING OR

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APPROVALS AS PART OF ITS APPLICATION?

A. Yes. In addition to the approvals sought under Code Sections 1102(a) and 1329, 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 1102(a), 1329, the APA, as amended (including the related Notes and Intercept Agreement) and any contract with a municipal corporation that will be assumed by PAWC must, according to PAWC's counsel, be filed with the Commission pursuant to Code Section 507. Aside from the APA, PAWC has identified 18 contracts requiring Certificates of Filing or approvals under Section 507 (see Appendices B-1 through B-18 to PAWC Exhibit No. BJG-1).

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE MUNICIPAL CONTRACTS TO BE ASSUMED BY PAWC.

As noted, PAWC is assuming the contracts listed on Schedule 4.15 of the APA and, per the APA's Section 12.07 and provisions of Section 14.01(c)(ii), will enter into an Assignment of Contracts Agreement with MACM to take assignment of such contracts. The list of contracts on the APA's Schedule 4.15 includes nine Municipal Service Agreements and nine related Corrective Action Agreements, specifically with Lincoln Borough and Municipal Authority, Elizabeth Township Sanitary Authority, Liberty Borough, Municipal Authority of West Moreland County, North Versailles Township and North Versailles Township Sanitary Authority, East McKeesport Borough, the Borough of Versailles, the Borough of Glassport, and Port Vue Borough.

Commission approval of the continuation of these contracts is necessary in order for PAWC, after closing on the Transaction, to provide bulk service to surrounding communities -- as MACM has previously done. Approval is reasonable and serves an

important public purpose because the bulk services provided under the contracts are essential to the provision of wastewater service in neighboring communities.

CONCLUSION

DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A. Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony as additional issues or facts arise during the course of this proceeding. Thank you.

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-American Water Company under Sections 507, 1102(a), and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a), 1329, for approval of its acquisition of wastewater system assets of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, related wastewater service rights, fair market valuation ratemaking treatment, accrual and deferral of certain post-acquisition improvement costs, and certain contracts with municipal corporations	: Docket No. A-2017 et : al. :
DIRECT TESTIMONY OF BEATTY W. MORGAN, JR. ON BEH PENNSYLVANIA-AMERICAN WATER	

Date: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 2

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF BEATTY W. MORGAN, JR.

1		INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
3	A.	Beatty W. Morgan, Jr., 300 Galley Road, McMurray, PA 15317
4		
5	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
6	A.	I am employed by Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC" or the "Company")
7		as the Senior Director of Operations, Western Pennsylvania.
8		
9	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS PAWC'S SENIOR DIRECTOR OF
10		OPERATIONS, WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA?
11	A.	I am responsible for all water and wastewater operations across the Western half of the
12		Commonwealth, managing a team of approximately 400 professionals in 16 districts,
13		serving 800,000 Pennsylvanians.
14		
15	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.
16	A.	I attended Auburn University in Auburn Alabama, earning a Bachelor of Chemical
17		Engineering degree. I am also a professional member of the American Water Works
18		Association.
19		I have more than 18 years of operational, engineering and business experience in
20		the regulated water and wastewater industry. In addition, I have eight years' experience in
21		the regulated pharmaceutical and biotech industry. I joined PAWC in December of 2014.
22		Before that, I was Senior Manager of Operations for Missouri American Water. In that

role, I led a team of professionals dedicated to the provision of drinking water, wastewater and other related services to our operations in Northwest Missouri. I was responsible for the ongoing operational, business, and compliance demands. My initial assignment with Missouri American Water was as a Senior Project Manager in Engineering responsible for new and renovated water and wastewater systems. Prior to joining American Water in 2009, I held positions in Missouri with Pharmaceutical and Biotech companies leading project teams through the rigors of drug development and approval by the Food and Drug Administration. My career in the water industry started as a process engineer, optimizing pulp and paper mill operations and then leading production teams for Kimberly Clark Corporation. I served as an Officer and project engineer in the United States Air Force. Career progression included process engineering, project management, technical leadership, business development and business leadership. I have worked in the water industry in Alabama, Missouri, and Pennsylvania.

Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION?

A. No.

A.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

My direct testimony describes the anticipated day-to-day operations of the wastewater collection and treatment system ("System") currently owned and operated by the Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport ("MACM"). I will describe several customer service enhancements PAWC intends to implement for the benefit of MACM's customers that

include -- but are not limited to -- bill payment options, extended customer service call center hours, enhanced customer information and education programs, and PAWC's customer assistance program. I will also describe how PAWC intends to operate the System once acquired.

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SCOPE OF OPERATIONS

Q. PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF PAWC'S SCOPE OF OPERATIONS.

PAWC is a subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. ("American Water"), the largest publicly traded water and wastewater service company in the U. S. with a history extending 130 years. Through its various subsidiaries, American Water provides approximately 15 million people with regulated and market-based drinking water, wastewater, and other water-related services in 47 states and parts of Canada. PAWC is the largest regulated water and wastewater provider in the Commonwealth providing service to approximately 2.3 million people in 36 counties in over 400 communities. As a public utility operating in Pennsylvania, PAWC operates under the rules and regulations of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission ("Commission") which, in addition to regulating specific aspects of service, approves the rates charged for water and wastewater service. PAWC must also meet standards established by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP") and the Federal Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). In Allegheny County where the System is located, PAWC must also comply with the requirements of the Allegheny County Health Department -- which has concurrent jurisdiction with DEP on environmental matters.

The PAWC employs approximately 1,000 highly trained, dedicated professionals who have expertise in all areas of water and wastewater utility operations including engineering, water quality, operations, maintenance, materials management, risk management, human resources, legal, finance and accounting.

EXPERIENCE IN WASTEWATER OPERATIONS

Q. PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S EXPERIENCE IN WASTEWATER OPERATIONS.

PAWC currently operates 16 wastewater treatment plants that provide sewer treatment service to approximately 50,400 customers, 4,114 commercial, and 37 industrial customers in 33 Pennsylvania municipalities. Together, PAWC and other American Water regulated subsidiaries, as well as American Water's market-based subsidiary, American Water Enterprises ("AWE"), currently own or operate approximately 200 wastewater operations. As my colleague David R. Kaufman further describes in his direct testimony, PAWC and American Water have vast experience in owning, managing and operating wastewater systems. Processes utilized in these systems include state-of-the-art biological nutrient removal systems, sequential batch reactors and oxidation ditches. Moreover, American Water's experience includes a vast area of treatment processes, from facultative ponds to membrane biological reactors in every climate zone across the U.S with a number of treatment plants utilizing effluent for reuse applications, eliminating discharge to receiving streams.

PAWC has specific experience with the types of treatment technologies employed in the System, which involve activated sludge and SBR units similar to our Blue Mountain,

Marcel Lakes, Lehman Pike, Pocono, Fairview Township (North Plant), Clarion, and Franklin Township wastewater treatment plants. These varieties of applications and treatment processes have provided our team with extensive experience in operating and maintaining wastewater treatment systems.

A.

Q. WHAT OTHER RESOURCES ARE AVAILABLE TO PAWC IN CARRYING OUT ITS WASTEWATER OPERATIONS?

As a subsidiary of American Water, PAWC has available to it the resources of American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (the "Service Company"). The Service Company provides access to highly-trained professionals with expertise in various specialized areas who work exclusively for American's operating subsidiaries. As mentioned previously, American Water currently owns or operates approximately 200 wastewater operations through its subsidiaries in a number of states. Additionally, a 50-person team of Service Company engineers has handled a wide variety of system evaluations, selecting treatment processes and establishing critical design criteria for water and wastewater treatment systems in order to improve operations and prioritize capital improvements. When operational issues arise at individual facilities owned by PAWC, the Company will mobilize engineering talent from its central engineering team, drawing on -- as necessary -- resources from the Service Company team, to evaluate conditions, identify potential problems, recommend options, and develop action plans for either operational and/or facility improvements.

OPERATIONS IN MCKEESPORT AREA

2	Q.	PLEASE	PROVIDE	AN	OVERVIEW	OF	PAWC'S	EXISTING	WATER
3		OPERATIONS FACILITIES IN THE MCKEESPORT AREA							

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PAWC owns, operates, and maintains one water treatment plant, and one wastewater treatment plant in our Southwest Area, as well as pumping stations, valves, more than 6,300 fire hydrants, and approximately 1,700 miles of pipe to provide reliable water service to our Southwest Area customers. Our Southwest Area operation services customers in all or portions of the City of Uniontown; Dunbar, Menallen, North Union and South Union Townships; the cities of Clairton and Monongahela; the Boroughs of Dravosburg, Elizabeth, Glassport, Jefferson, Liberty, Lincoln, New Eagle and West Elizabeth; the Townships of Carroll, Elizabeth, and Forward; the City of Washington; the Boroughs of Burgettstown, Canonsburg, East Washington, Frankfort Springs, Houston, McDonald, Midway and West Middletown; the Townships of Amwell, Buffalo, Canton, Chartiers, Claysville, Cross Creek, Donegal, East Finley, Hopewell, Independence, Jefferson, Mount Pleasant, North Franklin, North Strabane and South Strabane; the Townships of Cecil, North Fayette, Nottingham, Fallowfield, Hanover (Washington County), Hanover (Beaver County), Peters, Robinson, Smith Somerset, South Fayette, and South Franklin; the City of Connellsville; South Connellsville Borough; Connellsville Township; Bullskin Township, Claysville (Fayette and Washington Counties); Boroughs of Brownsville, West Brownsville, California, Coal Center; and the Townships of Brownsville, Luzerne, Redstone, and West Pike Run. The estimated population served is 225,000.

In the adjacent Pittsburgh Area, PAWC owns, operates, and maintains two water treatment plant, as well as pumping stations, valves, more than 6,500 fire hydrants, and

approximately 1,500 miles of pipe to provide reliable water service to our Pittsburgh customers. The Pittsburgh operations services customers in the 29th, 30th, 31st and 32nd wards and portions of 16th, 18th, 19th, 20th and 28th wards of the City of Pittsburgh; the Boroughs of Baldwin, Bethel Park, Brentwood, Bridgeville, Carnegie, Castle Shannon, Crafton, Dormont, Dravosburg, Finleyville, Green Tree, Heidelberg, Homestead, Ingram, Jefferson, Munhall, Mount Oliver, Oakdale, Pleasant Hills, Rosslyn Farms, Thornburg, West Homestead, West Mifflin, Whitaker and Whitehall; the Townships of Baldwin, Collier, Scott, South Fayette, South Park, Union and Upper St. Clair; the Municipality of Mt. Lebanon; and portions of Peters and Robinson.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE AUTHORITY'S CURRENT WASTEWATER OPERATIONS FACILITIES IN THE MCKEESPORT AREA.

A. The MACM System is located adjacent to our MonValley / Elizabeth and Pittsburgh operations. In fact, PAWC provides water service to MACM's Dravosburg Borough sewer customers. MACM's wastewater collection and treatment system serves the City of McKeesport, City of Duquesne, Port Vue Borough, Dravosburg Borough, and a small portion of West Mifflin Borough. The System also provides wastewaster service through bulk service connections to White Oak Borough, Liberty Borough, East McKeesport Borough, Glassport Borough, Versailles Borough, Elizabeth Township, Lincoln Borough, and North Versailles Township. In total, MACM provides wastewater service to approximately 22,000 customers. Since the System is not located near any existing PAWC wastewater system, it will be operated as the same standalone system.

The System has been classified by DEP as a combined sewer overflow ("CSO") system. The wastewater system consists of over 144 miles of collection sewers and large interceptors, 36 CSOs (Duquesne - 4, Dravosburg - 1, Port Vue - 4, and McKeesport - 27), 10 pumping stations, and three wastewater treatment plants ("WWTP"). Q. WILL THERE BE ANY UNNECESSARY DUPLICATION OF OPERATIONS FACILITIES FOLLOWING THE ACQUISITION? A.

No. As discussed in greater detail below, the System will initially be operated as a standalone system. It will however have the support of PAWC's surrounding water and wastewater system operations as well as PAWC's operations throughout the Commonwealth and American Water's nationwide resources.

A.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE HOW PAWC WILL MANAGE THE DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONS OF THE SYSTEM ONCE IT IS ACQUIRED.

The System will be managed as a separate wastewater department within PAWC's Southwest Area operations. The Southwest Area is currently managed by a senior manager with overall responsibility for the water department and a range of shared support services -- including purchasing, environmental compliance, health, and safety. When the acquisition is complete, the senior manager's role will expand to include responsibility for the new wastewater department. The water and wastewater departments will both be supported by common shared support services.

1 Q. ARE OTHER PAWC EMPLOYEES AVAILABLE TO ASSIST WITH

2 WASTEWATER OPERATIONS, AS NEEDED?

3 A. Yes. PAWC operations are divided into seven geographical areas. MACM is located 4 within PAWC's Southwest operational area. Current PAWC employees in this area and 5 MACM employees will be under the same area management divided into separate water 6 and wastewater departments supported by a shared support team supporting common 7 functions such as payroll, purchasing, environmental compliance, health, and safety. 8 Employees in both the water and wastewater departments will support each other when 9 appropriate and necessary, particularly in emergency situations. As mentioned above, all 10 operations and employees within PAWC and within the broader American Water footprint 11 have access to each other when circumstances require and/or when a very specialized skill or experience is required to support all local issues. 12

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14 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S PLAN FOR THE INTEGRATION OF 15 AUTHORITY'S OPERATIONS.

A. PAWC has assembled a transition team to manage the transition of existing staff and operations from MACM. The transition team has two tiers; a senior management group and the functional team. The senior tier is comprised of leaders from each of the support functions, including Operations, Engineering, Customer Experience, Information Technology Services, External Affairs, Legal, Human Resources, Health & Safety, Maintenance Services, Water Quality, and Environmental Compliance. Each support function has its own weekly team meeting. Meetings may occur more frequently

depending on group activities. The transition team will ensure that all environmental, employees, operations, and business requirements are addressed.

The members of the senior transition team have worked through multiple transitions, and we therefore recognize the value and importance of existing staff and their institutional knowledge. We also understand the anxiety and nervousness a change of this magnitude can cause to the staff. To address these issues, we commenced a communication plan in November 2016 that included regular meetings with existing MACM leadership and implemented a communication plan in February 2017 which includes regular meetings with the existing MACM employees and their union leaders.

Q. WHAT ARE YOUR PLANS FOR COMMUNICATING WITH THE

AUTHORITY'S CUSTOMER REGARDING THE ACQUISITION?

A. Approximately 4 – 5 weeks prior to closing of the transaction, we will send a direct mailer to all customers with information regarding the transition to PAWC ownership, customer service and billing information, as well as numbers and a link for our web and media access. At closing, we will mail each customer a "Welcome Letter" from PAWC President Jeff McIntyre along with a new customer brochure.

A.

COMBINED SYSTEM

20 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE COMBINED NATURE

21 OF THE AUTHORITY'S SYSTEM.

The combined wastewater system conveys domestic sewage and other wastewaters and stormwater in the same system of pipes to the WWTP or to a series of CSO outfalls. The

operator of the wastewater system and holder of the NPDES permit for the WWTP is responsible for management of all flows within and discharges from the system. I have been informed by counsel that the Commission has determined that combined system are subject to Commission jurisdiction.

A.

Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S EXPERIENCE IN OPERATING COMBINED SEWER SYSTEMS?

PAWC currently owns and operates the combined wastewater collection and treatment system in the Scranton area. The Commission approved PAWC's acquisition of the Scranton system in October of 2016 at Docket No. A-2016-2537209. The system serves approximately 31,000 customers and is similar to the MACM System with respect to combined sewer overflows.

Moreover, within Pennsylvania, PAWC has had significant experience with systems which, although not classified as combined wastewater systems, have substantial wet weather challenges due to high rates of infiltration and inflow, such as the Clarion Wastewater system. In addition, PAWCs sister company, West Virginia American Water Company, has owned and operated a combined sewer system in the area of Fayetteville, West Virginia since its acquisition in September 2008. Other American Water affiliated companies also operate on a contract basis combined sewer systems for municipalities across the country. As explained above, PAWC has available to it highly trained professionals in the American Water Service Company team who have expertise in various specialized areas, including stormwater management, and will be able to utilize such

resources when circumstances require and when a very specialized skill or experience is required to support a local issue.

3

- 4 Q. IS THERE ANY WAY OPERATIONALLY TO SEGREGATE THE
- 5 WASTEWATER OPERATIONS FROM THE STORMWATER OPERATIONS IN
- 6 THE SYSTEM?
- 7 A. No. The System is a combined system. Unless there was an actual physical separation of wastewater and stormwater facilities, there is no reasonable way to segregate operations.

- 10 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE KEY ELEMENTS OF PAWC'S PROPOSED PUBLIC
- 11 OUTREACH AND INVOLVEMENT PROGRAM IN RELATION TO COMBINED
- 12 **SEWER OUTFALL.**
- 13 A. Educating the public about CSOs and their harmful impact on receiving waters can 14 significantly reduce the amount of pollutants and floatables able to enter waterways. When 15 people are informed about the issues pollutants and floatables can cause, they are 16 empowered to make small behavior changes to assist in prevention efforts. Public 17 education programs can reduce the amount of litter and contaminants on the streets, and 18 thereby reducing the amount of floatables and pollutants in the receiving waters. PAWC 19 has developed proactive approaches to implementing public information and education 20 programs about watershed protection and reducing potential sources of runoff 21 contaminants. PAWC will establish public outreach programs to educate the community 22 on stormwater management, consisting of educational materials and public outreach 23 events.

PAWC has developed relationships with numerous community organizations to educate residents on household best practices regarding stormwater, including rain barrel workshops and developing rain gardens. The Company will continue to partner with the City of McKeesport, Allegheny County Conservation District, and other local environmental agencies to support and promote these endeavors.

A.

Q. WHAT ADDITIONAL PUBLIC NOTIFICATION MEASURES WILL PAWC PROVIDE REGARDING COMBINED SEWER OUTFALLS?

PAWC regularly provides educational materials in bill mailings and through its website and social media channels. PAWC will continue to provide educational materials to residents and local stakeholders. PAWC will also ensure that signs are appropriately place at CSO locations to warn of the dangers of water-related activities during discharges or heavy rains.

PAWC's website will provide information to residents about the System and proper operation of the System. Also, the website includes appropriate precautions, risks, potential health hazards, locations and occurrences of CSO discharges and incidents of dry weather discharge.

Social media has become a very useful tool to address pollution prevention, and helping to spread information about these programs. PAWC utilizes multiple social media pages, such as Facebook (www.facebook.com/pennsylvaniaamwater), Twitter (@paamwater), Instagram (@paamwater), and YouTube (@paamwater). Social media sites are used to educate and inform customers about a variety of topics and issues, as well as emergency notification.

PAWC will participate in community activities and events to discuss planned projects with various neighborhood and civic organizations. These events enable the PAWC to gain community input on work that the public would like to see. Community meetings will also give PAWC a chance to answer questions and disseminate information on how PAWC is addressing key issues, such as CSO and other pollution prevention initiatives.

PAWC supports numerous watershed groups and stream restoration efforts through its Environmental Grant Program and other types of partnerships. PAWC has strong working relationships with state and local environmental groups, including the Pennsylvania Environmental Council, which can help the PAWC develop and implement a Public Education and Outreach Program. PAWC regularly conducts educational programs at schools and in the community and supports volunteer opportunities for public involvement.

EMPLOYEE HIRING

- 16 Q. HOW MANY EMPLOYEES DOES PAWC CURRENTLY HAVE IN THE
 17 MCKEESPORT AREA?
- PAWC currently has 110 employees in the Southwest Area with an additional 170 employees in the adjacent Pittsburgh Area.

- Q. HOW MANY EMPLOYEES DOES THE MACM CURRENTLY HAVE?
- 22 A. MACM currently has 45 active employees.

1	Q.	WILL ALL OF THE CURRENT AUTHORITY EMPLOYEES BE RETAINED BY
2		PAWC?
3	A.	PAWC will offer employment effective on the closing date of the acquisition to all active
4		union and non-union personnel employed by the MACM as of the closing date, subject to
5		PAWC's background checks and drug screening.
6		
7	Q.	WILL ANY CURRENT SOUTHWEST AREA EMPLOYEES OF PAWC BE
8		RELEASED AS A RESULT OF THE ACQUISITION?
9	A.	No.
10		
11	Q.	WILL THERE BE ANY UNNECESSARY DUPLICATION OF SERVICES AS A
12		RESULT OF RETAINING ALL PAWC AND MACM EMPLOYEES?
13	A.	No. PAWC's commitment to employ MACM's active employees will assure continued
14		quality service to customers and effective operations of the System post-closing.
15		
16	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE LABOR AGREEMENTS CURRENTLY IN PLACE
17		FOR MACM EMPLOYEES.
18	A.	MACM's employees are currently covered by one collective bargaining agreement with
19		the Utility Workers Union of America (UWUA) Local 229. The contract expired
20		December 31, 2015 and is in its second one-year extension that ends December 31, 2017.
21		MACM has been negotiating with UWUA Local 229 and expects to ratify the contract in
22		the second quarter of 2017.

1	Q.	DO YOU ANTICIPATE ANY ISSUES IN LABOR NEGOTIATIONS AFTER
2		PAWC ACQUIRES THE SYSTEM?
3	A.	No. PAWC has a good track record in working with its employees and their unions to
4		achieve mutually-acceptable collective bargaining agreements.
5		
6	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S SCREENING PROCESS FOR NEW EMPLOYEES.
7	A.	For the purposes of the acquisition, the hire screening will include background checks,
8		including criminal and drug screening of all personnel.
9		
10		SECURITY, SAFETY AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS
11	Q.	DOES PAWC MAINTAIN CYBER SECURITY, PHYSICAL SECURITY,
12		BUSINESS CONTINUITY, AND EMERGENCY PLANS?
13	A.	Yes. Cyber and physical security plans are maintained and monitored by American Water
4		for each of its subsidiaries. PAWC maintains emergency response plans and Operations
15		and Maintenance ("O&M") Manuals, both of which have operational business continuity
16		included within the plans, and are updated each year. These plans are tested each year
17		through emergency response tabletop exercises. Each of the plans are overseen and
8		managed by various groups and individuals to provide overarching support to PAWC.
9		These groups are responsible for testing, reviewing, and updating their respective plan(s).
20		The departments assigned to Physical Security, Emergency Response, Business
21		Continuity, and Cyber Security plans are as follows:
22		Physical Security Plan – Operational Risk Management Security (AWWSC)
23		Cyber Security Plan – Operational Risk Management Security (AWWSC)

- Emergency Response Plan Operations (PAWC)
- Business Continuity Plan Operational Risk Management (PAWC) and Operations
 (PAWC)

To constantly protect physical and cyber resources, the designated groups have developed procedures to ensure that PAWC operates in a safe, secure, and reliable environment. A major commitment in assuring plans are kept current is performing various testing on an annual basis. Types of testing performed by AWWSC and PAWC include vulnerability assessments, system operational testing, full scale exercises, media backups, and real-life events.

- Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S RELATIONSHIPS WITH COMMISSION EMERGENCY RESPONSE STAFF, PENNSYLVANIA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY STAFF, AND LOCAL FIRST RESPONDERS.
- PAWC has a strong working relationship with the Commission's Emergency Response A. Staff. PAWC provides the Commission with emergency response numbers for all PAWC operating areas each year. The Commission provides emergency numbers for its staff, which PAWC distributes to all of PAWC's operating areas for inclusion in the PAWC Emergency Response Plans. For those emergencies that warrant communication to the Commission's Emergency Preparedness Liaison Officer ("EPLO"), PAWC has contacted Commission staff numerous times in the past to advise of situations and actions taken by PAWC. Each year PAWC conducts emergency response tabletop exercises to test response to emergency situations, including weather emergencies, contamination of supply, damage to facilities, cyber-attack, and other perils. The Commission's emergency response staff

has participated in those exercises each year since 2006. We also invite local first responders to participate, such as fire departments, police departments, hazmat responders, local prison personnel, as well as DEP, and Pennsylvania Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") personnel. PAWC has participated, through the Pennsylvania Water/Wastewater Agency Response Network ("PaWARN") organization, in Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency ("PEMA") sponsored exercises over the years. Our current relationship with PEMA is through the Commission EPLO and the PaWARN organization.

A.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S PARTICIPATION IN PENNSYLVANIA'S "ONE

CALL" SYSTEM AND THE RESOURCES THAT PAWC DEDICATES TO THE

PROGRAM.

All of PAWC's 36 districts are members of Pennsylvania One Call System Inc. and complete excavator requested mark outs on a daily basis. Each district has at a minimum of one personnel dedicated to completing dig notifications utilizing a third party internet-based One Call ticket management system known as Korweb that is accessible via vehicle mounted computers for real time response to any One Call dig notification.

O. DOES PAWC HAVE AN EMPLOYEE SAFETY PROGRAM?

A. Yes. American Water and PAWC has made safety a value and not just a goal. It is very important to us that every employee and contractor return home safely every day. We make safety a value instead of a goal because goals change, but values don't change. Safety performance is fundamental to our Company's culture and key to its success. Employees

are expected to conduct themselves in a safe manner, in accordance with our Health & Safety policy and with the Health and Safety Procedures and Practices Manual. PAWC establishes, implements, promotes and manages safety programs, activities and training that enable continued safety improvement, injury reduction and compliance with applicable Federal, State and local requirements. Safety programs are developed and implemented in accordance with Company policy and applicable practices and include:

- Supporting practices that are developed, reviewed and updated to provide guidance on safe performance of activities in the workplace and are reflective of changes in organizational, operational and regulatory needs;
- Strategy and priority development and implementation of safety improvements based on risk analysis of work places, work tasks and related potential injuries and incidents;
- Development of, and measurement against, specific Company and external safety performance targets and safety accountabilities for all employees;
- Ongoing assessment and review of safety processes, activities and supporting
 programs (including those related to other Company policies, such as the
 Workplace Conduct and Behavior Policy) to gauge effectiveness, identify program
 gaps and pinpoint opportunities for continued improvement;
- Consistency of implementation and compliance with Company and regulatory requirements across the enterprise; and,
- Defined and monitored contractor qualifications and requirements for safety performance in accordance with approved contract documents, applicable laws and regulations.

CUSTOMER SERVICE ENHANCEMENTS?

Yes. *Customer Service*. Our call center is available from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. Customers can also reach a customer service representative via email at infopa@amwater.com. In addition, our customers have the ability to manage their account via PAWC's "My H20" online portal. Finally, PAWC offers emergency support 24 hours a day, seven days a week. All of this means that we are very responsive to our customers and any issues they may have, and will provide the same responsive approach to the Authority's customers once PAWC acquires the System.

A.

Bill Payment Options. PAWC offers a number of bill payment options. Customers have the option to receive paper bills through the mail or go paperless and receive their bills electronically via the "My H20" on-line portal. Either way, customers can pay their bill by mail, online, or over the phone with a debit or credit card. They can also pay by echeck or an electronic funds transfer (which can be set up at the "My H20" online portal) or pay in person at multiple authorized payment locations across the state.

Customer Information and Education Programs. PAWC provides extensive customer information and education programs that will be available to the Authority's current customers through brochures, bill inserts, and educational videos posted on PAWC's website. Our customers always have full access to a wide range of topics, including information on preventing sewer overflows, how to prevent frozen pipes, beneficially re-using residuals from water treatment plants for community gardens, detecting and fixing silent toilet leaks, how to properly dispose of unused pharmaceuticals to kept them out of the wastewater system, water conservation techniques, expansion takes, fire department grants, and protecting customers from utility imposters.

Customer Assistance Programs. Finally, as new PAWC customers, the Authority's customers will have access to PAWC's customer assistance program called the "H2O Help to Others Program." For wastewater customers, this program offers two main services: (1) grants of up to \$500 per year and (2) a 15% discount on total wastewater charges. Additionally, customers who qualify for the program may also qualify to receive a water saving kit which includes, among other things, a low-flow shower head and low-flow flow faucet aerators.

A.

Q. DOES PAWC HAVE A PROGRAM TO PROTECT ITS CUSTOMERS AGAINST UTILITY EMPLOYEE IMPOSTERS?

Yes, PAWC has developed communications tools and programs to regularly educate customers about the tactics used by utility employee imposters and what homeowners need to know to protect themselves. The communications vehicles include bill inserts, news releases, social media posts and website information about imposter-related crimes and precautions that customers can take. In addition, PAWC helped form the Keystone Alliance to Stop Utility Imposters, a coalition of water, gas and electric utilities, along with the Commission, Pennsylvania District Attorneys Association and Pennsylvania Chiefs of Police Association, to launch a public awareness campaign using public service announcements, print materials, posters and community presentations.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S CUSTOMER DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE?

A. PAWC is governed by Chapter 14 of the Public Utility Code, Responsible Utility Customer Protection Act, 66 Pa. C.S. § 1401 et seq., and the Commission's regulations commonly known as Chapter 56, 52 Pa. Code § 56 et seq. This law and Commission regulations provide the process and procedures for customer billing, collections, payment arrangements, medical certifications, Protection from Abuse Orders, termination of service, reconnection of service, and customer dispute resolution procedures. PAWC has a customer compliance team located in the Hershey office responsible for ensuring that customer disputes and complaints are resolved in compliance with the Commission's regulations. Additionally, the Company has a customer advocacy team located in the Hershey office responsible for addressing any customer disputes and escalated concerns.

12 Q. TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE, DO THE AUTHORITY'S

CUSTOMERS CURRENTLY HAVE A PUBLIC OMBUDSMAN TO REPRESENT

THEIR INTERESTS?

15 A. No.

A.

17 Q. DO PAWC'S CUSTOMERS HAVE A PUBLIC OMBUDSMAN TO REPRESENT

THEIR INTERESTS?

Yes. The Office of Consumer Advocate ("OCA") represents residential customers of public utilities; the Office of Small Business Advocate ("OSBA") represents small commercial customers of public utilities; and, the Commission's Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement ("I&E") represents the general public interest. Moreover, the Commission, an independent regulatory agency, has regulatory oversight of matters involving public

1		utilities. The Commission and all of the public advocates are funded by regulatory
2		assessments against the public utilities.
3		
4		
5		CONCLUSION
6	Q.	DO YOU BELIEVE PAWC HAS THE ABILITY TO PROVIDE SAFE,
7		ADEQUATE, AND RELIABLE WASTEWATER SERVICE TO THE
8		AUTHORITY'S CUSTOMERS?
9	A.	Yes.
10		
11	Q.	DO YOU BELIEVE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION WOULD RESULT
12		IN AN AFFIRMATIVE PUBLIC BENEFIT OF A SUBSTANTIAL NATURE?
13	A.	Yes. PAWC, as the largest investor-owned water and wastewater company in the
14		Commonwealth, will be able to provide an enhanced level of operational expertise and
15		customer service. Moreover, the acquisition will result in further regionalization of
16		wastewater services in southwest Pennsylvania.
17		
18	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
19	A.	Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony as additional issues and
20		facts arise during the course of the proceeding. Thank you.
21		

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-American			
Water Company under Sections 507, 1102(a), and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a),			
1329, for approval of its acquisition of wastewater system assets	:	Docket No. A-2017- e	et al.
of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, related	:		,
wastewater service rights, fair market valuation ratemaking			
treatment, deferral of the post-acquisition improvement costs, and	:		
certain contracts with municipal corporations	:		
DIRECT TESTIMONY OF			
DAVID R. KAUFMAN ON BEHALF	OF	,	

PENNSYLVANIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

Date: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 3

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DAVID R. KAUFMAN

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
2	A.	David R. Kaufman, 800 West Hersheypark Drive, Hershey, PA 17033.
3		
4	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
5	A.	I am employed by Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC" or the "Company")
6		as Vice President - Engineering.
7		
8	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS PAWC'S VICE PRESIDENT -
9		ENGINEERING?
10	A.	As Vice President - Engineering for PAWC, I am responsible for the administration of
11		engineering services, including the planning, design and construction of water and
12		wastewater capital investment projects, for all of PAWC's systems and facilities.
13		
14	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.
15	A.	In 1975, following graduation from Pennsylvania State University with a Bachelor of
16		Science degree in civil engineering, I accepted an engineering position with Pennsylvania
17		Gas and Water Company ("PG&W") in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania. I remained in that
18		position until 1989, when I was promoted to Manager of Water Engineering for PG&W.
19		In August 1991, I was promoted to Vice President of Water Resources for PG&W. In that
20		position, I was responsible for PG&W's water operations relating to water supply, water
21		quality and treatment, water engineering and planning. When the water assets of PG&W

were acquired by PAWC in February 1996, I accepted an Operations Manager position with the Company in its Northeast Region and had responsibilities for both water and wastewater operations in the Scranton/Wilkes Barre and the Pocono/Lehman Pike regions. I remained in that position until February 2001, when I was promoted to Manager of Northeast Operations. In 2004, I accepted the position of Director of Engineering - Southeast Region with American Water Works Service Company and remained in that position until I accepted the position of Vice President - Engineering for PAWC. I am a registered Professional Engineer in Pennsylvania and a hold a Class A1 water treatment plant operator's license.

Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION?

A. Yes. I have testified before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission ("Commission") on several occasions, including both water and wastewater proceedings.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. My testimony will describe the wastewater collection and treatment system ("System") currently owned and operated by the Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport ("MACM") that PAWC has agreed to acquire. I will also testify about several other topics that relate to the System, including: three (3) long term control plans ("LTCPs") that deal with certain environmental and regulatory requirements that PAWC will assume once it acquires the System; an Industrial Pretreatment Program ("IPP") that PAWC will adopt that is substantially similar to the IPPs currently in place in other PAWC wastewater

operations and the MACM system; and, PAWC's overall technical fitness to acquire and operate the System.

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Q. CAN YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE MACM SYSTEM?

Based on information that PAWC received from MACM and evaluated as well as my personal knowledge of the System, MACM owns and operates an integrated wastewater system comprised of a combined wastewater collection system and three wastewater treatment plants which collect and treat wastewater from the Cities of McKeesport and Duquesne and the Boroughs of Dravosburg and Port Vue as well as providing bulk wastewater service via inter-municipal service agreements with the surrounding municipalities of the Boroughs of East McKeesport, Liberty, Glassport, Lincoln, Versailles, and White Oak and the Townships of Elizabeth and North Versailles. These eight surrounding municipalities own and operate their own collection systems which connect to the McKeesport interceptor system directly or indirectly via an adjoining municipality's wastewater system. Wastewater from these eight surrounding municipalities and the City of McKeesport and Port Vue Borough ("McKeesport Service Area") is treated at the McKeesport wastewater treatment plant (WWTP), located at the confluence of the Youghiogheny and Monongahela Rivers. The collection systems in Duquesne and Dravosburg transport sewage from their respective communities to their WWTPs located by the Monongahela River and are not interconnected to the other systems.

1 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE COMBINED NATURE 2 OF THE SYSTEM? 3 A. A combined wastewater system, such as the MACM system, will collect, transport, and 4 treat wastewater consisting of any used water and water-carried solids collected or conveyed by a sewer, including: 5 6 **(1)** Sewage, as defined in section 2 of the act of January 24, 1966 (1965 7 P.L.1535, No.537), known as the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act. 8 (2) Industrial waste originating from an establishment. For the purposes of this 9 paragraph, the terms "industrial waste" and "establishment" shall be as 10 defined in section 1 of the act of June 22, 1937 (P.L.1987, No.394), known 11 as The Clean Streams Law. 12 (3) Infiltration or inflow into sewers. 13 **(4)** Other water containing solids or pollutants. 14 Storm water which is or will become mixed with waters described under (5) 15 paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (4) within a combined wastewater system. 16 It does not include storm water collected in a municipal separate storm sewer system 17 ("MS4") as those storm water discharges do not flow into a combined sewer system. 18 This definition of a combined wastewater system is consistent with the 2016 19 amendments to the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, regarding the definitions of 20 "wastewater" and "public utility" at 66 Pa. C.S. § 102. It is also consistent with the 21 Commission's final order in PAWC's acquisition of The Sewer Authority of the City of

Scranton entered on October 19, 2016 at Docket No. A-2016-2537209.

Piping in a combined system will convey wastewater, including stormwater, for discharge to receiving streams at NPDES permitted outfall locations. All such wastewater is regulated under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, the Sewage Facilities Act, and the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection ("PaDEP") regulations relating to sewage.

7 Q. WHAT IS AN "MS4" SYSTEM?

8 A. An MS4 is a "municipal separate storm sewer system."

10 Q. IS PAWC ACQUIRING AN MS4 SYSTEM?

A. No. PAWC will not be acquiring an MS4 system. MS4 systems are owned and operated by the municipalities in which they reside. In the future, if and when combined sewers are separated into sanitary only and stormwater only lines, the MS4 stormwater only lines will be transferred to the municipality in which they reside as applicable for ongoing management as part of their municipal MS4 stormwater systems.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPONENTS OF THE MACM SYSTEM.

The combined wastewater collection facilities for the McKeesport service area consist of approximately 139 miles of gravity collection and interceptor sewers; catch basins; combined sewer overflow (CSO) outfall structures and related storm water diversion (CSO regulator) chambers; approximately five miles of force main; and nine collection system lift stations. Sewer pipes range in size from 4" through 84" and consist primarily of vitrified clay pipe and reinforced concrete pipe, with cast iron pipe comprising under 1%

of the total amount of collection system piping. The collection systems within the City of McKeesport and Port Vue include both separate sanitary sewers designed to carry sanitary wastewater only and combined sewers which were intended to carry both sanitary sewage and stormwater runoff to the interceptor. The stormwater diversion chambers (CSO regulators) divert dry weather wastewater flow from the combined sewers into the interceptor sewers. Wastewater flow is diverted to the interceptor until the flow rate reaches a set value based on an allowable flow rate to the wastewater treatment plant. As this flow rate is exceeded, the combined wastewater begins to discharge through the CSO outfalls to the river. The nine lift stations excluding the main lift station at the treatment plant, are the RIDC No. 1, RIDC No. 2, Long Run Pump Station, 28th Avenue Pump Station, Cliff Street Pump Station, Perry Street, Ripple Road, West Shore, and Glenn Avenue Pump Stations.

The McKeesport WWTP was originally constructed in 1958 and was subsequently expanded in 1972 to provide secondary treatment. Over the years, many capital projects have been implemented to update, repair or replace equipment and facilities as warranted. As it exists today, the WWTP provides primary and secondary treatment as well as disinfection prior to the treated effluent discharge to the Monongahela River. PaDEP authorizes the discharge of treated wastewater at the WWTP outfall on the Monongahela River, along with the combined sewer overflows at the 27 NPDES permitted locations along the Monongahela and Youghiogheny Rivers, Crooked Run, and Long Run under NPDES permit number PA0026913, which expires on February 28, 2021. The permit requires the elimination or capture for treatment, or storage and subsequent treatment, no less than 85% by volume of combined wastewater collected in the combined system during

precipitation events on a system-wide annual average basis. It prohibits dry weather overflows, but allows CSO discharges when flows in the combined wastewater system exceed the design capacity of the conveyance and treatment facilities of the system. The permit also requires the continued implementation of the Nine Minimum Control Plan ("NMCP"), the Long Term Control Plan ("LTCP"), and the operation and implementation of a pretreatment program.

The original WWTP facility had an average day design hydraulic capacity of 11.5 million gallons per day (MGD) and a peak hydraulic capacity of approximately 20 MGD. Utilizing the conventional activated sludge process for the secondary treatment process, the WWTP is designed to remove 85% of the Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD), 90% of suspended solids, and 99% of settable solids.

McKeesport performed two recent updates to their Act 537 Plan. The Act 537 Plan Update dated November 2006 evaluated several options for handling wet weather-related peak flows. Of the options evaluated, it was determined that the installation of parallel treatment trains to handle peak flows was the most viable option. The Plan recommended that the existing activated sludge process with its maximum wet weather capacity of +/- 20 MGD remain intact and be complimented by a new sequencing batch reactor (SBR) plant with a maximum wet weather capacity of +/- 23 MGD. This arrangement of processes permits all flows to be split in various proportions commensurate with the influent hydraulic load to maintain the biological process in both facilities during low flow to ensure the proper biota is available when peak treatment is required. The Act 537 Plan Update dated July 2009 incorporated the Elizabeth Township Act 537 Plan Update – 2008 that was adopted by the City of McKeesport, Elizabeth Township, and Versailles Borough into the

previously completed and approved MACM Act 537 Plan. This update called for the Elizabeth Township Sanitary Authority (ETSA) to construct a new interceptor sewer or force main from the Buena Vista WWTP to the MACM system and upgrade various facilities to accommodate the increased flows from the Buena Vista watershed to the MACM McKeesport WWTP. The MACM McKeesport plant's peak hydraulic capacity was increased from 42.5 MGD to 56 MGD. The final project included two new force mains, two new pump stations, rehabilitation and expansion of three existing pump stations, and expansion of the treatment capacity of the McKeesport WWTP. Construction of the upgrades were completed in May 2016. The next phase of the McKeesport LTCP is to verify that the LTCP improvements meet the 85% percent capture requirements.

The Port Vue system was acquired by MACM in 2016. The system consists of 21 miles of both combined and separate sanitary sewers and four CSO outfalls which are permitted by PaDEP to discharge into the Youghiogheny River during wet weather events under NPDES permit number PA 00254690. Sewer pipes range in size from 8" through 27" and consist primarily of vitrified clay pipe. The Port Vue system also has one lift station located on Glenn Avenue and approximately 200 lineal feet of 6" force main. All sewage from this system is treated by MACM's McKeesport wastewater treatment plant.

In 2006, Port Vue passed a resolution to adopt the MACM 2006 Act 537 Plan. At that time, a draft Act 537 Ten Year Plan was prepared for Port Vue Borough. Currently, there is no update to Port Vue's Act 537 Plan, however, the MACM 2006 Act 537 Plan includes treating all of Port Vue's wastewater. Port Vue has not prepared a LTCP.

The Duquesne collection system has approx. 35 miles of combined sewers. Sewer pipes range in size from 8" through 48" and consist primarily of vitrified clay pipe. The collection system includes four CSO outfalls in addition to the treated water discharge at the Duquesne WWTP outfall. The Duquesne system does not have any lift stations. The PaDEP authorizes the discharge of treated wastewater at the Duquesne WWTP outfall into Thompson Run, which is a tributary to the Monongahela River, along with the combined sewer overflows at the four designated locations along the Monongahela River and Thompson Run under NPDES permit number PA0026981.

The Duquesne WWTP has four aeration basins with a permitted hydraulic capacity of 5 MGD. Two serve as contact tanks and two are utilized as stabilization basins. Aeration basin effluent flows by gravity to two square final settling tanks. Final settling tank effluent flows by gravity into one chlorine contact tank. Return activated sludge is removed from the bottom of the final clarifiers and is transferred to the stabilization tanks by an airlift line. Waste activated sludge is then removed from the stabilization tanks and pumped to the aerobic digesters. Adjacent to the contact stabilization tanks, the Duquesne WWTP contains four aerobic digesters in series and two sludge thickening tanks.

The Duquesne Act 537 Plan Update – 2014 was combined with the Dravosburg Act 537 Plan Update and submitted to PaDEP in August 2014. The LTCP was also submitted to PaDEP in August 2014. Both plans recommended retaining the existing MACM Duquesne WWTP, along with the construction of a pump station, the addition of CSO bypass treatment, efficiency upgrades to the final clarifiers, and the addition of two gravity relief sewers. Both the 2014 Plan Update and the LTCP have been reviewed by PaDEP

and their comments have not been fully responded to. Pending final approval by the PaDEP, the City of Duquesne will adopt this Plan update.

The Dravosburg collection system has approximately 10 miles of both combined and separate sanitary sewers. Sewer pipes range in size from 8" through 60" and consist primarily of vitrified clay and PVC pipes. The collection system includes one CSO outfall, in addition to the treated wastewater discharge at the Dravosburg WWTP outfall. The Dravosburg system has two lift stations, the Bettis Road Pump Station, and the lift station at the treatment plant.

The existing Dravosburg WWTP provides screening, grit removal, conventional aeration, secondary treatment and disinfection prior to discharging treated effluent to the Monongahela River. The WWTP design flow is 0.48 mgd. Preliminary treatment consists of a comminutor with a static bypass bar screen. Wastewater is pumped from the raw sewage pump station to an open channel flowing to the grit basin. The grit basin effluent flows by gravity to two aeration basins where biological treatment takes place. Aeration basin effluent flows by gravity to two rectangular final settling tanks. Final settling tank effluent flows by gravity into two chlorine contact tanks. The PaDEP authorizes the discharge of treated wastewater at the WWTP outfall into the Monongahela River, along with the combined sewer overflow at the one designated location along the Monongahela River under NPDES permit number PA0028401.

The Dravosburg Act 537 Plan Update – 2014 was combined with the Duquesne Act 537 Plan Update and submitted to PaDEP in August 2014. The LTCP was also submitted to PaDEP in August 2014. Both plans recommended abandoning the existing MACM

Dravosburg wastewater treatment plant, as well as constructing a new raw sewage pump station and force main, and modifying the existing aeration basins at the MACM Dravosburg WWTP to serve as peak flow storage basins for conveyance of raw sewage to the MACM McKeesport WWTP. Once these modifications are completed and placed in service, the MACM Dravosburg WWTP will be retired. The 2014 Plan Update was reviewed by PaDEP and their comments have not been fully responded to. Pending final approval by the PaDEP, the Borough of Dravosburg will adopt this Plan update.

As previously mentioned above, the MACM system is an integrated combined wastewater system. The System conveys domestic wastewater and other wastewaters, including stormwater either to the WWTP or to CSO outfalls through the same system of pipes. The operator of the System and holder of the NPDES Permits is responsible for management of all flows within and discharges from the combined wastewater system. The combined wastewater system serves and inures to the benefit of all customers within the service territory. Under the proposed transaction, PAWC will acquire and operate the System and assume responsibilities for operation and maintenance as the holder of the NPDES Permits.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE PAWC'S ANTICIPATED OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE REVISED NMCP.

PAWC would be obligated to implement the NMCP, which outlines measures to reduce the impacts of combined sewer overflows on receiving waters. The elements of that NMCP include: (1) a proper operation and regular maintenance program; (2) maximum use of the collection system for storage; (3) implementation of an industrial pretreatment program

1		("IPP"); (4) maximization of flow to the wastewater treatment plant for treatment; (5)
2		elimination of CSO discharges during dry weather; (6) control of the discharge of solids
3		and floatables to combined sewers; (7) pollution prevention programs; (8) public
4		notifications and public participation programs; and, (9) monitoring to characterize CSO
5		impacts and the efficacy of CSO controls. The NMCP will be revised by PAWC to reflect
6		the change in operation from MACM to PAWC.
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8	Q.	WHAT WILL BE PAWC'S OBLIGATIONS PURSUANT TO THE DUQUESNE AND DRAVOSBURG LTCPs?
10	A.	PAWC will be required to implement the LTCPs providing for the phased design,
11		construction and operation of projects involving improvements to the combined
12		wastewater systems in Dravosburg and Duquesne, to meet the objective of the LTCPs
13		which is to result in a wastewater capture rate of 85% or greater.
14		The recommended alternative in the Duquesne LTCP consists of the following:
15		1. Construction of a new headworks facility with mechanical screening and a
16		raw sewage pump station.
17		2. Construction of CSO bypass treatment facilities to provide screening,
18		primary treatment, and disinfection to peak wet weather flows above the
19		current WWTP capacity of 2.5 MGD.

The recommended alternative in the Dravosburg LTCP consists of the following:

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Installation of new final clarifier equipment to maximize efficiency.

1		1.	Construction of a new raw sewage pump station, including normal flow and
2			peak flow pump capacity to pump the flow to the McKeesport treatment
3			plant.
4		2.	Construction of new force main.
5		3.	Modification of existing aeration basins to serve as peak flow storage
6			basins.
7			
8	Q.	ARE THERI	E OTHER DEFICIENCIES PADEP HAS IDENTIFIED IN DUQUESNE
9		AND DRAV	OSBURG?
10	A.	Yes. The foll	owing deficiencies will need to be addressed with future capital improvement
11		projects.	
12		1.	Several residential areas in the Borough of Dravosburg do not have sanitary
13			sewage service, and sanitary-only flows from these homes are discharged
14			untreated into mine holes. Post-close, PAWC will evaluate how to
15			economically extend public sewage to these areas, and will implement the
16			system extensions and upgrades required to eliminate the sanitary
17			discharges to the mines.
18		2.	Manhole surcharging has been identified at the Duquesne WWTP on the
19			inlet line to the WWTP. PAWC will to perform engineering analysis and
20			system improvements to eliminate the surcharging, if these activities have
21			not been completed prior to closing.

1 Q. WHAT ARE THE ANTICIPATED IMPROVEMENTS NEEDED TO THE PORT 2 **VUE SYSTEM?** 3 A. PAWC plans to implement collection system improvements consisting of various main rehabilitation and replacement projects to correct grade 4 and 5 defects, as well as replacing 4 5 the Glenn Avenue lift station. PAWC will also conduct a System Hydraulic 6 Characterization Study, including flow monitoring; prepare a LTCP; and implement any improvements outlined in the LTCP as a result of the System Hydraulic Characterization 7 8 Report. 9 10 Q. WHAT ARE THE ESTIMATED CAPITAL COSTS FOR THE MCKEESPORT, 11 **DUQUESNE, DRAVOSBURG, AND PORT VIEW SYSTEMS?** 12 A. The 10-year capital plan for the MACM System, currently estimated at \$62,730,000, as 13 shown on PAWC Exhibit DRK-1 includes the planned projects for Duquesne and 14 Dravosburg as well as anticipated improvement projects in Port Vue, and on-going capital 15 needs for the McKeesport System. The estimated capital costs for implementing the LTCP 16 projects in Dravosburg and Duquesne are based on estimates provided by MACM from 17 their draft LTCPs, and the other capital needs are based on PAWC's evaluation of the 18 systems. 19 20 DOES PAWC ANTICIPATE ANY DIFFICULTIES IN COMPLYING WITH THE Q. 21 TWO LTCPs AND REVISED NMCP? 22 No. Although the draft LTCPs for Duquesne and Dravosburg and the revised System's A.

NMCP will impose a number of obligations, PAWC believes that it has the authority,

1		resources, and skills requisite to comply with those obligations in a timely and effective
2		manner.
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4	Q.	ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE PLANS OF ALLEGHENY
5		COUNTY AND THE AFFECTED MUNICIPALITIES (INCLUDING THE CITY
6		OF MCKEESPORT, THE CITY OF DUQUESNE, PORT VUE BOROUGH, THE
7		BOROUGH OF DRAVOSBURG, WEST MIFFLIN BOROUGH, LIBERTY
8		BOROUGH, WHITE OAK BOROUGH, AND NORTH VERSAILLES
9		BOROUGH)?
10	A.	Yes. I have reviewed and am familiar with the comprehensive plans enclosed with and
11		referred to in the Application at Appendix A-22-e.
12		
13	Q.	IS THE APPLICATION REQUESTING APPROVAL OF THE ACQUISITION OF
14		THE MACM SYSTEM CONSISTENT WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE PLANS
15		OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY AND THE AFFECTED MUNICIPALITIES?
16	A.	Yes.
17		
18	Q.	HOW DO YOU KNOW THAT THE ACQUISITION OF THE MACM SYSTEM IS
19		CONSISTENT WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE PLANS OF ALLEGHENY
20		COUNTY AND THE AFFECTED MUNICIPALITIES?

PAWC is acquiring the MACM System and assuming its current operations. It is PAWC's understanding based on knowledge, information, and belief that MACM is currently in compliance with the comprehensive plans of Allegheny County and the affected municipalities. Consequently, because PAWC is assuming MACM's current operations that are in compliance with the comprehensive plans, PAWC will also be in compliance with those plans.

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Q. IN YOUR OPINION, IS PAWC BETTER EQUIPPED THAN MACM TO ADDRESS THE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE ISSUES OF THE SYSTEM? IF YES, WHY?

Yes. PAWC can draw upon a much broader range of engineering and operational experience, as well as deeper financial resources, to address the environmental compliance challenges of the System, and given PAWC's existing platform in relation to operation of water and wastewater systems in neighboring communities, we believe that PAWC is best positioned to provide those services on a cost-effective basis.

PAWC is the Commonwealth's largest investor-owned provider of water and wastewater services. As a leading wastewater provider in Pennsylvania, PAWC brings industry leading expertise and has extensive technical experience in upgrading, operating and maintaining sewer facilities. PAWC is a recognized leader in providing communities in the Commonwealth with well-maintained and reliable water and wastewater service and has extensive local knowledge due to our decades of experience providing water service to neighboring communities. For wastewater treatment and collection alone, PAWC currently operates 16 wastewater treatment plants that serve approximately 50,309

residential, 4,077 commercial, 35 industrial, and 138 municipal customers in 33 Pennsylvania municipalities. Treatment processes include state-of-the-art biological nutrient removal systems, sequential batch reactors, and oxidation ditches.

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PAWC currently employs approximately 1,000 professionals with expertise in all areas of water and wastewater utility operations including engineering, regulatory compliance, water and wastewater treatment plant operation and maintenance, distribution and collection system operation and maintenance, material management, risk management, human resources, legal, accounting, and customer service. As a subsidiary of American Water, PAWC has available to it additional resources of highly trained professionals who have expertise in various specialized areas. American Water currently owns or operates approximately 200 wastewater operations through its subsidiaries in a number of states. American Water's experience includes the full breadth of treatment processes, from facultative ponds to membrane biological reactors in every climate zone across the U.S. More-advanced technologies allow a number of American Water's plants to utilize effluent for reuse applications, eliminating discharge to receiving streams. These diverse facilities have provided American Water operators and process experts with deep experience in the operation and maintenance of every possible type of wastewater treatment technology, as well as the experience available to support PAWC's operations staff and facilities. A 50person team of American Water corporate engineers has handled a wide variety of system evaluations, selecting treatment processes and establishing critical design criteria for water and wastewater treatment systems in order to improve operations and prioritize capital improvements.

PAWC has specific experience in the types of treatment technologies employed in the System, involving activated sludge and SBR units including our Blue Mountain, Marcel Lakes, Lehman Pike, Pocono, Fairview Twp. North, Clarion, and Franklin Township wastewater treatment plants. Moreover, PAWC has committed as part of the Asset Purchase Agreement to make offers of employment to MACM's existing professionals who are familiar with the System.

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PAWC has an established track record of successfully managing large capital investment projects in order to provide reliable service to the communities it serves. PAWC has an ongoing program of capital investment focused on systematically replacing and adding new pipes, treatment and pumping facilities, and other water and wastewater infrastructure; thereby minimizing customer disruption caused by infrastructure failure. PAWC has funded in excess of \$1 billion in capital construction over the past five years with expenditures expected to total \$275 million to \$300 million per year for the next five years. Capital planning is performed by in-house engineering staff and operations to establish capacity needs, regulatory impacts, service adequacy and reliability for PAWC's wastewater systems. Project costs, alternatives and risks are also determined. Comprehensive periodic oversight of water and wastewater assets gives PAWC a clear and objective view of needs and potential capital project solutions. On a number of projects involving capital improvements, PAWC has engaged the same outside engineering firms hired by MACM. PAWC expects to continue to work closely and cooperatively with these selected engineering firms.

Q. WHAT IS THE IPP?

As mentioned above, "IPP" stands for "industrial pretreatment program." It is a federal requirement under the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for municipally-operated systems, and is also a mandated element of the NMCP. In this case, as the wastewater treatment plant transitions from being a publicly-owned treatment works to a privately-owned treatment works, the same type of program is required to regulate the nature and loadings from industrial customers in order to ensure that those can be properly treated within the capabilities of the wastewater treatment plant. An IPP requires that industrial and certain commercial customers monitor, test, treat, and control pollutants in their wastewater before it enters wastewater collection and treatment systems. Such programs help to ensure compliance with environmental requirements as well as to allocate treatment costs to the customers responsible for causing the costs. MACM currently has an IPP in place for the System, and PAWC has prepared a substantially-similar IPP for the MACM customers ("IPP-M") that PAWC will submit to PaDEP for review and consent.

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O. DOES THE IPP-M IMPACT THIS PROCEEDING?

Yes. The substantive portions of the IPP-M setting rules, discharge standards, local limitations, and permit requirements for industrial discharges to the collection system will be reviewed by PaDEP. PAWC's wastewater tariff will require compliance with the IPP-M for the System. Fees associated with the IPP-M, including fees for permits, fees for industrial loadings, and fees imposed for non-compliance with IPP-M limits, will also be included in the tariff, as they technically are "rates" as defined by the Pennsylvania Public

Utility Code. A copy of the *pro forma* tariff supplement is included as an appendix to the Application in this matter.

A.

Q. CAN YOU PLEASE ELABORATE UPON THE REASONS FOR THE IPP-M PROVISIONS IN THE *PRO FORMA* TARIFF SUPPLEMENT?

Industrial wastewater dischargers to the System are currently regulated under an IPP administered by the MACM, which was established under the requirements of EPA regulations, 40 C.F.R. Part 403, which govern publicly-owned treatment works. That IPP-M is designed to regulate the nature and quantity of pollutants discharged from industrial facilities in order to prohibit the introduction of pollutants that will pass through the treatment works, interfere with the treatment works, or otherwise be incompatible with the treatment works; protect personnel; and promote reuse and recycling of industrial wastewater and sludge from the treatment works.

Under the proposed Transaction, the MACM publicly-owned treatment works will become a privately-owned treatment works. However, controls must be maintained on discharges of industrial wastewater into the collection system and wastewater treatment works for the same purposes. Such an IPP is required under both the NMCP and the PaDEP-issued NPDES Permits which govern the System.

The additional Section T ("Industrial Pretreatment Program (McKeesport-Area) Compliance") to PAWC's tariff would require industrial customers discharging to the MACM system (Rate Zone 13) to comply with the IPP-M to which PaDEP has consented, and would establish the fees that are applicable to various elements of the IPP-M, including fees for industrial wastewater permit applications and transfers, inspections, monitoring,

sampling and analyses, accidental discharges and slug control, industrial loadings that exceed the concentrations of normal domestic sewage, excess loading fees and special discharge fees applicable to discharges that exceed either local limits or effluent limitations set in industrial wastewater discharge permits.

Q. HOW MANY MACM CUSTOMERS ARE PROJECTED TO FALL UNDER THE IPP-M?

A. At present, no customers are regulated by the MACM IPP. The tariff would apply to any new user who in the future qualifies as an industrial user as defined in the IPP-M, including any entity that is subject to an EPA categorical pretreatment standard.

Section 2 of the IPP-M in the *pro forma* tariff supplement would impose general restrictions applicable to all users, prohibiting wastewater discharges of pollutants that, among other matters, could cause "pass-through" or "interference"; cause fires, explosions or injury to the collection system or treatment plant; involve solid or viscous substances that may cause obstruction within the collection system; involve high temperatures; could create toxic gasses; or contravene certain other standards. Those restrictions are currently in place within the MACM System under provisions contained in municipal ordinances and MACM regulations.

Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED TARIFF CHANGE ON CUSTOMERS OF THE MACM SYSTEM WHO WOULD BE GOVERNED BY THE PROVISIONS OF THE TARIFF SUPPLEMENT?

As noted above, there are currently no MACM IPP customers. Nevertheless, the proposed IPP-M in substance tracks the existing rules and standards established by MACM, and includes similar general prohibited discharge standards already in place for the System. The fees set forth in the proposed tariff supplement are calculated based on the relative strength (*i.e.*, concentration) of industrial wastewaters in terms of BOD, total suspended solids, and ammonia-nitrogen, compared to domestic sewage. For situations where industrial users violate IPP standards and discharge wastewaters that exceed applicable limits, those loading fees are increased by 25%. The fee schedule includes some administrative fees, covering the costs of review and issuance of industrial wastewater discharge permit, monitoring and analysis.

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A.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW PAWC'S INITIAL IPP-M FEES WERE DETERMINED?

Schedule IPP-M-1 Section 1.1, was prepared to reflect the anticipated staff time and expenses allocated to various tasks associated with permit application reviews, inspections, monitoring, sampling and analysis. The industrial loading fees under Section 1.2 for loading rates up to but not exceeding any applicable Local Limit or Industrial Waste Discharge Permit Limit are computed in a manner similar to other PAWC wastewater operations where IPP programs exist. Excess Loading Fees, which are applicable to discharges exceeding the above referenced limits, will be at 125% of the value of the Industrial Loads Fee to compensate for the additional administrative, oversight and management costs associated with managing such excessive loadings.

HOW WILL IPP-M FEES BE ADJUSTED PROSPECTIVELY? 1 Q. 2 A. Adjustments to the fees will have to be approved by the Commission through a tariff filing. 3 4 Q. WILL PAWC EARN A RETURN ON THE IPP-M FEES? 5 A. The fees are designed to recover actual costs associated with permit review, 6 inspections, monitoring, sampling, and analysis and treatment costs that may result from 7 an industrial customer's failure to pretreat its wastewater. 8 9 WILL THE IPP-M INITIALLY APPLY TO ALL PAWC WASTEWATER Q. **CUSTOMERS?** 10 11 A. No, the initial IPP-M will apply only to the System. PAWC already has a similar program 12 in place for its Scranton and Coatesville-area customers. In fact, the proposed IPP-M tariff 13 provisions are modeled on the IPP-S tariff provisions for Scranton-area customers as 14 approved by Commission final order entered October 19, 2016 at Docket No. A-2016-15 2537209. At some point in the future, PAWC may propose to put all of its wastewater 16 customers under a uniform IPP program. 17 18 WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED IPP-M TARIFF SUPPLEMENT ON Q. 19 PAWC'S REVENUES AND EXPENSES? 20 The proposed IPP-M fees are designed to be revenue neutral, and to recover the costs of A. 21 administering the IPP-M and the additional costs involved in treatment of industrial 22 wastewater, which involves loadings of certain pollutants in concentrations above those 23 typical of sanitary sewage.

2 Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED IPP-M TARIFF SUPPLEMENT ON

SERVICE RENDERED BY PAWC?

A. The establishment and implementation of the IPP-M is designed to preserve the capability of the collection system and treatment works to provide continued service to MACM customers by assuring appropriate controls on industrial discharges and recovery from industrial users of fees that reflect the costs of managing the additional loadings generated by their higher strength wastewaters.

Q. WHAT FACTORS AND STUDIES DID PAWC CONSIDER IN DRAFTING ITS PROPOSED TARIFF SUPPLEMENT RELATING TO THE IPP-M?

In preparing the IPP-M rules and the related fee schedule, PAWC reviewed the MACM's current program and discussed with MACM staff their experience with the IPP. PAWC considered the following factors in framing the IPP-M tariff supplement: (1) the regulatory requirements for establishing and implementing an effective IPP, including requirements under the NMCP and NPDES permits governing the System; (2) the technical needs for regulating industrial wastewaters and discharges of problematic pollutants in order to protect the collection system and treatment plant and the quality of sludge produced by the treatment plant (including local limits on influent quality required to assure that the treatment plant could receive and properly treat the wastewater, producing effluent that meets all NPDES Permit limits, and generate sludge meeting the current sludge classification value); (3) the costs of implementing the IPP-M, including review and

1		issuance of in	ndustrial permits, monitoring and enforcement efforts; and, (4) the costs of
2		treating the h	igher wastewater strength loadings from industrial users.
3		PAW	C considered the following studies and documents in framing the IPP tariff
4		supplement:	
5		(1)	the existing McKeesport wastewater system and industrial pretreatment
6			ordinance provisions and related MACM regulations, policy and guidance;
7		(2)	the EPA's "EPA Model Pretreatment Ordinance" (2007) and related EPA
8			regulations;
9		(3)	the MACM's existing schedules of fees and charges; and,
10		(4)	other municipal IPPs, including the currently - tariffed IPP-S for Scranton-
11			area customers.
12			
13	Q.	WHAT PLA	ANS DOES PAWC HAVE FOR IMPLEMENTING THE CHANGES
14		REFLECTE	D IN THE PROPOSED IPP-M TARIFF PROVISIONS?
15	A.	The proposed	IPP-M in substance tracks the existing rules and standards that the MACM
16		would apply	to industrial users within the MACM System. Section 4.3 of the IPP-M
17		regulations pr	rovides that all existing industrial users presently permitted on the effective
18		date of the Pa	AWC IPP regulations will receive written notice from PAWC that the terms

and conditions of the permit presently in place will remain in force until the termination

date of the permit, subject to any renewal of or change in the permit in accordance with the

IPP regulations. Such notice also shall specify that continued discharge to the Company's

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20

21

sewer system for thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice shall constitute acceptance of the continuation of such permit under the administration and enforcement of the PAWC pursuant to the IPP regulations and acknowledgement that renewal of such permit shall be in accordance with the regulations.

A.

Q. DOES PAWC HAVE EXPERIENCE IN OPERATING COMBINED WASTEWATER SYSTEMS?

Yes. Currently, there are very few combined sewer systems operated by investor-owned public utilities in Pennsylvania. PAWC acquired the Scranton wastewater system in 2016. It is a combined sewer system with a permitted treatment capacity of 20 MGD and 80 permitted CSO outfalls. PAWC is responsible for system operations and implementation of a Consent Decree, LTCP, and an IPP program. Also within Pennsylvania, PAWC has had significant experience with systems which, although not classified as combined sewer systems, have substantial wet weather challenges due to high rates of infiltration and inflow ("I&I").

An example of a system with substantial I&I is the Clarion wastewater system, where efforts have included upgrades to the collection system coupled with treatment system improvements. Peak flows in Clarion were significantly greater during wet weather events, producing a storm peaking factor greater than 20:1 for the 2-year design storm. Extensive hydrologic and hydraulic modeling was performed on the Clarion wastewater system. Mitigation strategies at Clarion included wet weather storage within the collection system and at the wastewater treatment plant. In addition, PAWC's sister company, West Virginia-American Water Company, has owned and operated a combined wastewater

system in the area of Fayetteville, West Virginia since its acquisition in September 2008, and has engaged in substantial improvements to that system under the terms of a Consent Order with the West Virginia Department of Environmental Project that was entered into as part of the acquisition transaction. Under that Consent Order, West Virginia American has managed the entire combined sewer system for the past eight years. Those efforts have included the preparation and implementation of an agency-approved Long Term Control Plan that is similar to that applicable to the System, as well as implementation of a Nine Minimum Controls Plan.

A.

10 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE PAWC'S TECHNICAL FITNESS TO PROVIDE 11 WASTEWATER SERVICE TO MACM CUSTOMERS.

As of April 30, 2017, PAWC served approximately 54,559 active wastewater customers across the Commonwealth, with customers in Adams, Beaver, Chester, Clarion, Cumberland, Lackawanna, Monroe, Northumberland, Pike, Washington, and York counties. A map of PAWC's current service territories is attached to my testimony as PAWC Exhibit DRK-2. To provide wastewater service to those customers, PAWC currently operates 16 wastewater plants. In operating those wastewater plants, PAWC has had no material issues in complying with the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law, or other regulatory requirements. Moreover, PAWC has the skill and expertise to respond to ever-increasing environmental standards for the treatment of wastewater and to manage the long term infrastructure issues inherent in wastewater systems.

Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

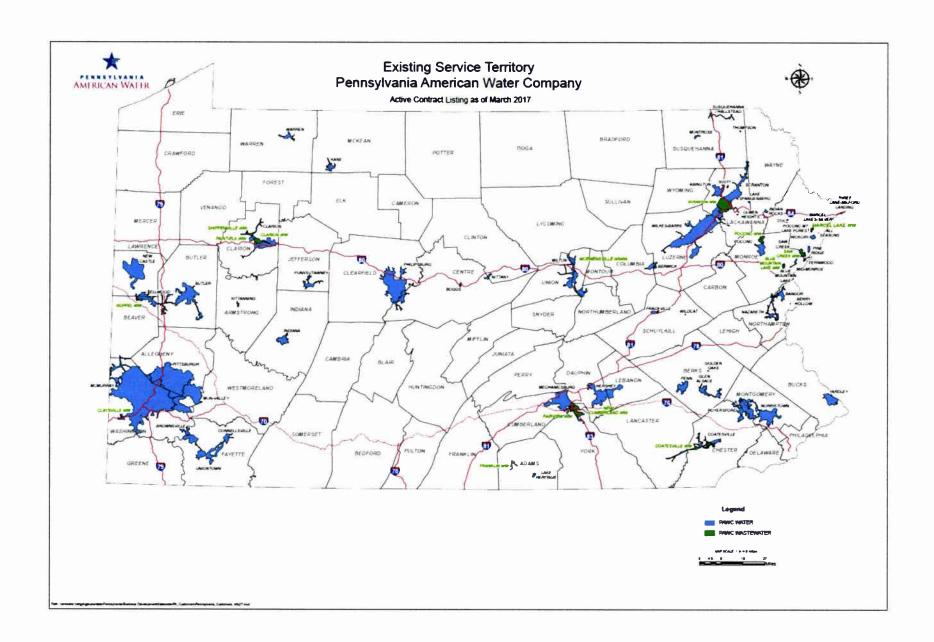
2 A. Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony as additional issues and facts arise during the course of the proceeding. Thank you.

PAWC EXHIBIT DRK-1

MACM Capital Plan

McKee	esport CAPEX P	lan			
Year After Closing	1 1	2	3	4	5
Capital Improvement					
I&I Studies	\$134,200	\$134,200	\$134,200	\$134,200	\$134,200
Collection System Projects Identified in I&I Studies and					
Dravosburg Collection System Improvements		\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600
Flow Meter Installation	\$134,200	\$134,200			
Duquesne LTCP Planning and Permitting	\$67,100	\$100,650	\$100,650	\$134,200	\$134,200
Dravosburg LTCP Planning and Permitting	\$67,100	\$100,650	\$100,650	\$134,200	\$134,200
McKeesport Pump Station Improvements	\$134,200	\$536,800			
Dravosburg Miscellaneous Plant Improvements	\$67,100	\$201,300			
Duquesne Miscellaneous Plant Improvements	\$67,100	\$201,300	71		
McKeesport Miscellaneous Plant Improvements	\$134,200	\$536,800	\$536,800		
Dravosburg Mine Discharge Elimination	\$139,992	\$419,977	\$1,119,939	\$1,119,939	
Port Vue Collection System and Pump Station Improvements	\$748,814	\$2,246,441	\$5,990,510	\$5,990,510	
Total	\$1,694,006	\$7,027,918	\$10,398,349	\$9,928,649	\$2,818,200
Total Years 1-5					\$31,867,122
Year After Closing	6	7	8	9	10
Capital Improvement					
I&I Studies	\$134,200	\$134,200	\$134,200	\$134,200	\$134,200
Collection System Projects Identified in I&I Studies	\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600	\$2,415,600
Duquesne LTCP Permitting and Construction	\$402,600	\$4,697,000	\$5,368,000		
Dravosburg LTCP Permitting and Construction	\$268,400	\$3,355,000	\$4,026,000		
Sub Total	\$3,220,800	\$10,601,800	\$11,943,800	\$2,549,800	\$2,549,800
Total Years 6-10					\$30,866,000
Grand Total					\$62,733,122

PAWC EXHIBIT DRK-2



BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-	:		
American Water Company under Sections 507, 1102(a),	:		
and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, 66 Pa.	:		
C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a), 1329, for approval of its acquisition	:		
of wastewater system assets of The Municipal Authority		Docket No. A-2017-	et al.
of the City of McKeesport, related wastewater service	:		_
rights, fair market valuation ratemaking treatment, accrual	:		
and deferral of certain post-acquisition improvement	:		
costs, and certain contracts with municipal corporations	:		
DIRECT TESTIMONY	OF	?	
ROD P. NEVIRAUSKAS ON BI	EH	ALF OF	
PENNSYLVANIA-AMERICAN WAT	Œ	R COMPANY	

Date: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 4

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ROD P. NEVIRAUSKAS

1		INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
3	A.	Rod P. Nevirauskas, 800 West Hersheypark Drive, Hershey, PA 17033.
4		
5	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
6	A.	I am employed by American Water Works Service Company ("Service Company") as Sr.
7		Director of Rates and Regulations for the Mid Atlantic Division, which includes
8		Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC" or the "Company").
9		
10	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND BUSINESS
11		EXPERIENCE.
12	A.	I received a Bachelor's Degree in Economics from the University of Massachusetts. Since
13		beginning my employment with a subsidiary of the American Water Works Company
14		("AWW" or "American Water") in 1980, I have held various positions of increasing
15		responsibilities in rates and finance. In October 2004, I was named Director of Rates and
16		Regulations for the American Water Works Shared Services Center ("SSC"), a financial
17		services organization providing national support to AWW's subsidiary operating
18		companies. In 2005, I was promoted to the position of Director of Financial Services at
19		the SSC. In that capacity, I led the SSC Rates and Regulations group in supporting rate
20		case filings for all of AWW's regulated operating subsidiaries. On January 1, 2009, I
21		assumed the position of Director of Rates and Regulations for the states of Pennsylvania,
22		Virginia and Maryland. In late 2011, AWW re-organized its divisional structure, and

1		responsibility for rate and regulatory matters in West Virginia, Virginia and Maryland were
2		transferred to the Mid-Atlantic Division of AWW, of which PAWC is a member.
3		
4	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE REGULATORY AGENCIES?
5	A.	Yes. I have testified on numerous occasions on behalf of utility subsidiaries of AWW in
6		support of rate filings and financings in the States of Connecticut, Rhode Island, New
7		Jersey, New Hampshire, Maryland, New York, Ohio, Virginia, West Virginia and the
8		Commonwealths of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania.
9		
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
11	A.	My testimony provides (1) the identification of ratemaking rate base as required in 66 Pa
12		C.S § 1329 for PAWC's acquisition of the wastewater collection and treatment system
13		("System") currently owned and operated by the Municipal Authority of the City of
14		McKeesport's ("MACM"), (2) an estimate of the range of transaction and closing costs
15		incurred by the Company, (3) an overview of the rate provisions contained in the Asset
16		Purchase Agreement ("APA") for PAWC's acquisition of the System (the "Transaction"),
17		and (4) a statement regarding PAWC's intentions with respect to accrual of certain post-
18		acquisition improvement costs and deferral of related depreciation.
19		
20		FAIR MARKET VALUE RATE BASE
21	Q.	PLEASE STATE THE RATE BASE REQUESTED IN THE APPLICATION
22		PHRSHANT TO 66 Pa C S & 1329.

The negotiated purchase price for the acquired assets is \$162,000,000 and the average of the appraisals of the buyer's Utility Valuation Expert ("UVE") and the seller's UVE is \$184,176,500. Accordingly, the negotiated purchase price of \$162,000,000 is the fair market value for ratemaking purposes under Section 1329 (*i.e.* the lower of the negotiated purchase price and the average of the UVEs' appraisals). The fair market value as determined by the Section 1329 process, which in addition to the transaction and closing costs described below, becomes the rate base for ratemaking purposes. Note, however, that PAWC reserves its right in future proceedings to make rate base claims related to the acquisition as may otherwise be permitted under the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code.

A.

A.

TRANSACTION AND CLOSING COSTS

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ESTIMATED TRANSACTION AND CLOSING COSTS FOR THE TRANSACTION.

As set forth in the Commission's *Final Implementation Order* at Docket No. M-2016-2543193, transaction and closing costs include the UVE's appraisal fee and the buyer's closing costs, including reasonable attorney fees. In accordance with the *Final Implementation Order* and traditional ratemaking principles, reasonable transaction and closing costs are not to be decided in this Application proceeding; instead, the Company must justify the costs by a "preponderance of the evidence" in a future base rate proceeding.

As a practical manner, the exact extent of such costs cannot be known at the time of filing the Application and will not be finally known until after closing of the Transaction. The costs depend on a number of variables, including whether this Application is settled or fully-litigated. PAWC will track such costs and incorporate them into rate base in a

future base rate proceeding as appropriate. Nevertheless, attached to the Application as **Appendix A-12** is the Company's estimate of the anticipated range of transaction and closing costs. As stated in the appendix, the anticipated transaction and closing costs range from \$1,110,000 to \$1,310,000.

Q.

A.

APA RATE PROVISIONS

PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE RATE PROVISIONS OF THE APA.

Section 7.05 of the APA contains provisions related to rates. PAWC has committed to adopt, upon closing of the Transaction, MACM's current customer charge and consumption charge then in effect at the time of closing.

The initial rates to be applicable to the former MACM wastewater customers are set forth in the *pro forma* tariff supplement attached as **Appendix A-13** to the Application. System customers will be governed by rates for new Rate Zone 13. After PAWC closes the Transaction, System customers will be subject to PAWC's prevailing wastewater tariff on file with the Commission with respect to all rates other than the customer charge and consumption charge, including capacity reservation fees, reconnection fees and the like, as well as non-rate related terms and conditions of service.

MACM's customers are currently billed monthly, with the exception of Port Vue Borough customers, and will continue to be billed monthly. With regard to Port Vue Borough-area customers, those customers will continue to be billed quarterly at this time. However, I note that the *pro forma* tariff supplement contains both monthly and quarterly rates for Port Vue Borough-area customers. This was done in order to allow such

customers, at their option, to convert from quarterly to monthly billing. The monthly and quarterly rates are equivalent.

I also note that MACM has informed PAWC that the rates for Port Vue-area customers may be modified during the course of this acquisition proceeding. If such rates are modified, PAWC intends to adopt the modified rates as the initial rates for Port Vue-area customers.

The *pro forma* tariff supplement attached as **Appendix A-13** to the Application also includes the Company's proposed language associated with the Industrial Pretreatment Program for the McKeesport Area ("IPP-M") and is discussed in further detail in the Direct Testimony of PAWC Witness David R. Kaufman, PAWC's Vice President of Engineering, PAWC Statement No. 3. I note that the IPP-M language is modeled on the tariff language for the Scranton-Area Industrial Pretreatment Program ("IPP-S") which was previously approved by the Commission in conjunction with PAWC's acquisition of The Sewer Authority of the City of Scranton at Docket No. A-2016-2537209.

The *pro forma* tariff supplement also incorporates MACM's existing rates for acceptance of hauled sludge. Currently, MACM accepts hauled sludge pursuant to agreement with individual haulers. Rates are consistent for all haulers and my understanding is that there are currently only two such agreements -- amounting to approximately \$400,000 of revenue per year. PAWC intends initially to adopt MACM's rates -- which are very similar to PAWC's existing rates. However, because PAWC already has tariffed requirements for the acceptance of sludge in order to protect its treatment systems, such requirements will be applicable to haulers at the System. No separate agreements with haulers will be required because the service will be tariffed. As

indicated on revised Page No. 4E of the *pro forma* tariff supplement, Rates Zones 1 through 12 will continue to be governed by existing rates but MACM's current rates will be adopted for Rate Zone 13 (McKeesport). These rates will be reexamined in the context of a future PAWC base rate case.

Α.

6 Q. DO THE RATE PROVISIONS OF THE APA INCLUDE A RATE 7 STABILIZATION PLAN AS DEFINED BY SECTION 1329?

While Section 7.05(b) of the APA refers to "Rate Stabilization," the APA does not set forth or require a "rate stabilization plan" as defined by Section 1329(g). Therefore, PAWC is not required under the *Final Implementation Order* at Docket No. M-2016-2543193 to provide testimony, schedules, and work papers in support of a plan.

Section 1329(g) defines a "rate stabilization plan" as "[a] plan that will hold rates constant or phase rates in over a period of time after the next base rate case." As detailed in Section 7.05(b) of the APA, PAWC will be charging MACM's current rates (but not other charges, including those set forth below) as the Company's base rates within the service territory and such base rates will not be increased until after the first anniversary of the closing date of the Transaction. Because these APA commitments will not result in rates being held constant or phased in over a period of time "after the next base rate case" (in which the MACM assets are rate-based), the Company is not proposing a "rate stabilization plan" -- as defined by Section 1329(g). In this regard, I note that PAWC filed a base rate case on April 28, 2017 (Docket No. R-2017-2595853) and the acquisition of the MACM system was not included as part of the filing. In light of PAWC's rate case filing history (approximately every three to four years), it is highly unlikely that rates for

McKeesport area customers will be held constant pursuant to the APA for any period after the first base rate case in which the MACM assets are included. The first base rate case in which the MACM system could be included is likely not to occur until 2020 or after. By that time, the one-year rate commitment of the APA will have expired.

Base rates for McKeesport area customers will be addressed and adjusted, as appropriate and without any form of contractual restriction, in PAWC's first base rate case in which the MACM system is included. Interested parties will have an opportunity to participate in that rate case and address issues, including cost allocation, as appropriate.

Finally, I note that -- even during the one-year period in which MACM rates are to be in place -- PAWC may seek approval from the Commission to increase the rates. PAWC was careful in negotiating the APA to respect the statutory authority of the Commission to set just and reasonable rates.

Q.

A.

IS PAWC ALLOWED UNDER THE APA TO CHARGE NON-BASE RATES DURING THE ONE-YEAR PERIOD FOLLOWING CLOSING OF THE TRANSACTION?

Yes. Under the APA, rates for other pass-through costs or charges permitted by the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, including -- but not limited to -- a Distribution System Improvement Charge ("DSIC") or State Tax Adjustment Surcharges, may be subject to increase, and that only the base rates shall remain constant during the one-year period after closing of the Transaction. I also note that Section 1329(d)(4) specifically permits the collection of a DSIC prior to the inclusion of the MACM assets in a base rate case.

2	BENEFITS OF TRANSACTION

3 Q. WHAT, IF ANY, RATE BENEFITS ARE ANTICIPATED TO BE REALIZED BY

MACM CUSTOMERS FROM THE TRANSACTION?

A. In the long-term, the Transaction will help PAWC keep rates reasonable for all of its customers -- including System customers. Through its expertise in wastewater management and the leveraging of economies of scale, PAWC will -- over time -- be able to improve efficiencies and lower or slow the increase in the cost of operating the System. These operational efficiencies -- while they cannot be precisely quantified at this time -- will inevitably be realized because of the size of PAWC's water and wastewater operations. By adding more customers, PAWC will be able to mitigate the level of net plant investment per customer.

Q. WHAT IMPACT, IF ANY, WILL THERE BE ON THE RATES OF PAWC'S CURRENT CUSTOMERS AS A RESULT OF THE ACQUISITION OF THE

SYSTEM?

17 A. There will be no short-term impact on PAWC's current customers. As explained above,
18 PAWC has committed to adopt MACM's current rates as its base rates and agreed not to
19 increase these rates until after the first anniversary of the Transaction closing date. During
20 this period, PAWC, as explained above, does not plan to include MACM's wastewater
21 operations as part of the revenue requirement for a base rate proceeding. Therefore, there
22 is no impact on PAWC's current customers during that time. After that time, MACM's

wastewater operations would be included in future base rate filings similar to the other operations of PAWC.

In the long-term, the acquisition of the System will help PAWC keep rates reasonable for all of its customers by sharing costs across a much larger customer base. I would like to reiterate that nothing contained in the APA, if approved by the Commission, would bind the Commission or other interested parties in future ratemaking proceedings.

Α.

POST-ACQUISITION IMPROVEMENTS

9 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF SECTION 1329 WITH RESPECT 10 TO POST-ACQUISITION IMPROVEMENTS.

I am advised by counsel that Section 1329(f) allows "an acquiring public utility's postacquisition improvements that are not included in a distribution improvement charge [to] accrue allowance for funds used during construction ["AFUDC"] after the date the cost was incurred until the asset has been in service for a period of four years or until the asset is included in the acquiring public utility's next base rate case, whichever is earlier." Section 1329(f) also provides that "[d]epreciation on an acquiring public utility's postacquisition improvements that have not been included in the calculation of a distribution system improvement charge shall be deferred for book and ratemaking purposes."

Q. DOES PAWC INTEND TO ACCRUE AFUDC FOR POSTACQUISITION IMPROVEMENTS?

1	A.	Yes. As summarized in the Direct Testimony of PAWC Witness David R. Kaufman,
2		PAWC's Vice President of Engineering, PAWC Statement No. 1, PAWC will be making
3		post-acquisition improvements to the System. Some of the improvements will not be
4		DSIC-eligible. As such, PAWC will likely accrue AFUDC consistent with what is
5		permitted under Section 1329. Rate claims related to AFUDC can then be adjudicated in
6		the context of a future PAWC base rate proceeding.
7		
8	Q.	DOES PAWC INTEND TO DEFER DEPRECIATION ON NON-DSIC-ELIGIBLE
9		POST-ACQUISITION IMPROVEMENTS FOR BOOK AND RATEMAKING
10		PURPOSES?
11	A.	Yes. Section 1329(f) permits such deferral of depreciation. The statute appears to allow
12		deferral without specific Commission approval; however, out of an abundance of caution,
13		PAWC is specifically petitioning the Commission, as part of this Application proceeding,
14		for permission to defer the depreciation for book and ratemaking purposes.
15		
16		CONCLUSION
17	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
18	A.	Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony as additional issues and
19		facts arise during the course of the proceeding. Thank you.
20		

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-	:		
American Water Company under Sections 507,	:		
1102(a), and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility	:		
Code, 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a), 1329, for approval	:		
of its acquisition of wastewater system assets of The	:	Docket No. A-2017	et al
Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport,	:		
related wastewater service rights, fair market valuation	:		
ratemaking treatment, accrual and deferral of certain	:		
post-acquisition improvement costs, and certain	:		
contracts with municipal corporations			

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES S. MERANTE ON BEHALF OF PENNSYLVANIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

Date: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 5

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES S. MERANTE

1		INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
3	A.	James S. Merante, CPA, and my business address is 800 West Hersheypark Drive,
4		Hershey, PA 17033.
5		
6	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
7	A.	I am employed by American Water Works Service Company ("Service Company") as
8		Director of Financial Strategy, Planning, and Decision Support for the Mid Atlantic
9		Division, which includes Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC").
10		
11	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS THE SERVICE COMPANY'S
12		DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL STRATEGY, PLANNING, AND DECISION
13		SUPPORT?
14	A.	My responsibilities as Director of Financial Strategy, Planning and Decision Support for
15		the Mid-Atlantic Division primarily include overseeing the monthly, quarterly, annual
16		closing process, operating P&L variance analysis (budget versus actual, year-over-year),
17		monthly forecasting, annual budgeting process, analysis and decision support for state
18		presidents and business leaders to facilitate continuous improvement efforts and to
19		facilitate sound business decisions, evaluation and decision support related to financing
20		activities, and review and analysis in support of evaluating business development
21		activities.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND BUSINESS

2 **EXPERIENCE.**

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10

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- A. I received a Bachelor's Degree in Accounting from Susquehanna University. I am a

 Certified Public Accountant in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. I began my career in

 public accounting and worked in the audit practice for KPMG for five years and have

 approximately 20 years of experience in finance and operational roles, primarily in the

 media industry. I have been in senior management/executive roles for approximately 15

years of my career. I have served as the Director of Financial Strategy, Planning, and

9 Decision Support for the Mid Atlantic Division, which includes PAWC, since July 2014.

11 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA

12 **PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION ("COMMISSION")?**

13 A. Yes. I recently testified before the Commission on behalf of PAWC in the proposed
14 transaction between PAWC and The Sewer Authority of the City of Scranton ("SSA"), at
15 Docket No. A-2016-2537209, in which PAWC would acquire the wastewater collection
16 and treatment system. I also recently testified before the Commission on behalf of PAWC
17 in the proposed transaction between PAWC and Borough of New Cumberland, at Docket
18 No. A-2016-2544151, in which PAWC would acquire the wastewater collection and
19 treatment system.

21 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. I will address the financial fitness of PAWC to acquire and operate the wastewater collection and treatment system ("System") currently owned and operated by the Municipal

1		Authority of the City of McKeesport ("MACM" or "Authority"), which PAWC has agreed
2		to purchase ("Transaction").
3		
4		TRANSACTION IS IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST
5	Q.	WHAT, IF ANY, BENEFIT DO YOU SEE TO MACM'S CUSTOMERS AS A
6		RESULT OF THE TRANSACTION?
7	A.	The transferred System customers will be served by a large, financially sound company
8		that has the capability to finance necessary capital additions. Given its size, access to
9		capital and its recognized strengths in system planning, capital budgeting and construction
10		management, PAWC is well-positioned from a financial perspective to ensure that high
11		quality wastewater service meeting all federal and state requirements is provided to the
12		Authority's customers and maintained for PAWC's existing customers.
13		
14	Q.	DO YOU ANTICIPATE THE TRANSACTION HARMING PAWC'S FINANCIAL
15		STATUS IN ANY MANNER?
16	A.	No, not at all. PAWC does not anticipate that the acquisition of the Authority's system
17		will have a negative impact on PAWC's cash flows, credit ratings or access to capital and,
18		therefore, will not deteriorate in any manner PAWC's ability to continue to provide safe,
19		adequate, and reasonable service to its existing customers at just and reasonable rates.
20		
21		PAWC'S FINANCIAL FITNESS
22	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS PAWC'S FINANCIAL FITNESS.

A. PAWC is the Commonwealth's largest water and wastewater provider, with total assets of \$3.9 billion and annual revenues of \$613 million for 2015. For 2015, PAWC had operating income of approximately \$307 million and net income of approximately \$143 million. These operating results produced cash flows from operations of approximately \$308 million.

In addition to generating positive operating cash flows, PAWC may also obtain financing as follows:

Line of Credit

PAWC presently has liquidity through a \$400 million line of credit through American Water Capital Corp. ("AWCC"), a wholly owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. ("American Water"). PAWC's strong credit ratings allow PAWC to obtain additional capacity on this line of credit.

Long Term Debt Financing

PAWC carries a corporate credit rating of "A3" from Moody's Investors Services and an "A" rating from Standard and Poor's Rating Services. PAWC obtains long-term debt financing through AWCC at favorable interest rates and payment terms. When applicable, PAWC also uses low-cost financing through the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Investment Borough ("PENNVEST") and the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Borough ("PEDFA").

Equity Investments

PAWC may obtain additional equity investments through American Water based on its strong operating performance.

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2	Q.	DOES PAWC HAVE THE OVERALL FINANCIAL FITNESS AND ACCESS TO
3		CAPITAL TO ACQUIRE MACM'S ASSETS?
4	A.	Yes. PAWC has strong operating cash flows and net income and, therefore, a strong
5		balance sheet. PAWC's strong operating and financial performance allows it to obtain
6		competitive interest rates for long-term debt financing and access to equity investments
7		from its parent company. In my opinion, PAWC is a financially-sound business that can
8		financially support the acquisition of the Authority's assets as well as the ongoing operating
9		and investment commitments that will be required to operate, maintain and improve those
10		assets in serving the public.
11		
12	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW PAWC INTENDS TO FUND THE ACQUISITION.
13	A.	PAWC will initially fund the transaction with short-term debt and will later replace it with
14		a combination of long-term debt and equity capital.
15		
16	Q.	WHAT IMPACT, IF ANY, DO YOU ANTICIPATE THAT THE ACQUISITION OF
17		THE ASSETS WILL HAVE ON PAWC'S CORPORATE CREDIT RATINGS?
18	A.	As stated above, PAWC does not anticipate that the acquisition of the Authority's system
19		will have a significant impact on its credit ratings.
20		
21		AUTHENTICATION OF APPLICATION APPENDICES
22	Q.	ARE YOUR FAMILIAR WITH THE APPLICTION FILED BY PAWC IN THIS
23		PROCEEDING?

1 A. Yes, I helped to prepare several of the appendices in support of the Application and I have 2 reviewed the final version of the Application and the appendices. 3 4 Q. PLEASE IDENTIFY WHICH APPLICATION APPENDICES YOU PREPARED? 5 A. I prepared Appendix D (unaudited internal balance sheet of MACM as of December 31, 6 2016, Appendix E (audited balance sheet of PAWC as of December 31, 2016), Appendix 7 F (unaudited income statement of MACM for the 12 months ended December 31, 2016), 8 Appendix G (audited income statement of PAWC for the 12 months ended December 31, 9 2016), Appendix H (pro forma balance sheet of PAWC as of December 31, 2016, giving effect to the transfer), Appendix I (pro forma consolidated income statement of PAWC and 10 11 MACM for the 12 months as of December 31, 2016) and Appendix M (estimated annual 12 revenues). 13 14 Q. HOW DID YOU PREPARE APPENDICES D THROUGH I AND M? 15 A. I reviewed the financial information of PAWC, to which I have direct access, and I 16 reviewed the financial information of MACM, to which I received access through the 17 Transaction due diligence process. 18 19 Q. ARE APPENDICES D THROUGH I AND M COMPLETE AND ACCURATE 20 **COPIES OF YOUR FINAL WORK PRODUCT?**

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A.

Yes.

1	Q.	ARE APPENDICES D THROUGH I AND M TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE
2		BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE, INFORMATION, AND BELIEF?
3	A.	Yes.
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5		CONCLUSION
6	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
7	A.	Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony as additional issues and
8		facts arise during the course of the proceeding.

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-	:		
American Water Company under Sections 507,	:		
1102(a), and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility	:		
Code, 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a), 1329, for approval	Docket No. A-2017- et	t al.	
of its acquisition of wastewater system assets of The	:		
Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, related	:		
wastewater service rights, fair market valuation	:		
ratemaking treatment, accrual and deferral of certain	:		
post-acquisition improvement costs, and certain	:		
contracts with municipal corporations			
	<u>-</u>		
DIRECT TESTIMON	ΙΥ	OF	
MICHAEL E. CHEREPKO	,		
ON BEHALF OF PENNSYLVAI	NIA	N-AMERICAN	

WATER COMPANY

Date: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 6

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL CHEREPKO, MAYOR

1	I.	INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
3	A.	My name is Michael Cherepko and my business address is 500 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,
4		McKeesport, Pennsylvania 15132.
5		
6	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
7	A.	I am the Mayor of the City of McKeesport, Pennsylvania ("City" or "McKeesport"), having
8		been elected in November 8, 2011, and taken office on January 2, 2012. The City of
9		McKeesport is governed by a Home Rule Charter, which requires a strong-mayor form of
10		government. My administration is in control of daily operations of the City, including the
11		Police, Fire, Community Development, Finance, Public Works, and Recreation
12		departments. As Mayor, I work cooperatively with City Council, whose sole responsibility
13		is legislative actions such as adopting laws (i.e. ordinances, resolutions) and approving a
14		city budget – both drafted by my administration.
15		
16	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
17		EMPLOYMENT EXPERIENCE.
18	A.	I am a lifelong resident of the City of McKeesport, and I attended the public schools where
19		I later pursued my first career. I am a 1995 graduate of McKeesport Area High School and
20		a 1999 graduate of Penn State University, where I received a Bachelor's Degree in
21		Elementary Education. Before being elected as Mayor of the City of McKeesport in 2011,
22		I worked as a fifth-grade teacher in the McKeesport Area School District for 12 years. I

1 also served on McKeesport City Council for eight of those years. Upon accepting my oath 2 of office on January 2, 2012, I left my career as an educator to serve McKeesport's near-3 20,000 residents as their full-time Mayor. I recently renewed for a second term in 2016. I 4 serve on the Steel Rivers Council of Governments (previously Twin Rivers Council of 5 Governments), Penn State Greater Allegheny Advisory Council, the Blueroof 6 Technologies Board and others. 7 8 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA 9 **PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION?** 10 A. No. 11 12 Q. IN SUPPORT OF WHOM ARE YOU TESTIFYING IN THIS PROCEEDING? 13 My testimony is in support of both The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport A. 14 ("Authority") and Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC") in this proceeding. 15 As more-fully explained below, the City has a vested interest in seeing the Application 16 promptly approved by the Commission. 17 18 Q. **PLEASE** THE **PURPOSE** OF YOUR **DESCRIBE TESTIMONY AND** 19 SUMMARIZE THE KEY POINTS. 20 A. I will provide (i) background information on the City; (ii) the City's current financial 21 situation; (iii) an explanation of the role the sale of the Authority is expected to play in

assisting the City generally; (iv) an explanation as to why the City supports the sale of the

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1	Au	thority to PAWC ("Transaction"); and, (v) a description of the anticipated public
2	bei	nefits of the Transaction. In particular, I will focus on the benefits of the Transaction
3	tha	at are the most important to the City, including:
4	0	Ensuring that long-term rates for Authority customers, who are largely City residents,
5		are reasonable;
6	0	The provision of safe, adequate, and reliable wastewater service;
7	0	Ensuring job protection for existing Authority employees;
8	0	Long-term investment in necessary capital improvements to the wastewater system;
9	0	Adding property to the City's property tax rolls;
10	0	Financial proceeds to support much needed City services and to truly balance a budget
11		that has been operating at a deficit for numerous years;
12	0	Improving and simplifying the customer experience for City residents through PAWC
13		service including expanded customer service hours, more-convenient methods to pay
14		bills, on-line access to customer account information, and a low-income customer
15		assistance program;
16	0	Workplace safety for employees;
17	0	Proven environmental stewardship for the operation of the wastewater system; and,
18	0	A hometown focus with continued respect, dignity, hope and love of residents and
19		community.
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¹ The "Transaction" refers generally to the sale and purchase of the Authority's assets to PAWC under and accordance with the Asset Purchase Agreement dated September 9, 2016, as amended by the First Amendment to the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated May 15, 2017, between PAWC, the Authority, and the City.

II. <u>DESCRIPTION OF CITY, AND REASONS FOR TRANSACTION</u>

3 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE CITY GENERALLY.

4 McKeesport is a City in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. It is situated at the confluence A. 5 of the Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers and is part of the Greater Pittsburgh area. 6 The population was 19,731 at the 2010 census. By population, it is Allegheny County's 7 second-largest city. Settled in 1795 and named in honor of its founders, the McKee family, 8 McKeesport remained a village until 1830, when coal mining began in the region. 9 McKeesport was incorporated as a borough in 1842 and as a city in 1891. The City's 10 population grew steadily until the mid-20th century, peaking in the 1940s. The city's 11 population in 1900 was 34,227; in 1910, 42,694; in 1920, 45,975; and in 1940, 55,355. 12 The decrease in population since the 1940s is largely attributed to the decline of the 13 steelmaking industry, which came to a final collapse in the 1980s.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE FINANCIAL CHALLENGES OF THE CITY OVER THE PAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

While some previous administrations paved the way for this administration to be successful by whittling away at past debt, initiating long-term blight removal strategies that have allowed for development, and choosing to emphasize McKeesport's assets in regional recreation (the Marina at McKees Point, Renziehausen Park), others have presented us with bigger financial hardships to overcome. For years, the City of McKeesport has been operating with a functional deficit of several million dollars, which we have compensated for annually with infusions of capital. This mechanism was made possible by liquidating

assets and using that revenue to supplement operating costs each year. This administration established a Mayor's Reserve Fund that could support City finances in place of a standard surplus. Our successful operation can be attributed to the increased collection of various taxes and fees, combined with best practices to reduce expenditures including a decrease in staffing through attrition; investment in infrastructure and community development programs to grow our tax base; and, of course, the one-time sale of City assets. Non-financial challenges include the socio-economic barriers of poverty, single-parent households, and a lack of employment opportunities, among others.

According to recent Census data, the racial makeup of the city is 72.40% White, 24.46% African American, 0.27% Native American, 0.12% Asian, 0.01% Pacific Islander, 0.59% from other races, and 2.14% from two or more races. Hispanic or Latino of any race were 1.50% of the population.

There are 9,655 households, out of which 28.6% have children under the age of 18 living with them, 34.7% are married couples living together, 21.9% have a female householder with no husband present, and 38.1% are non-families. 33.9% of all households are made up of individuals, and 15.7% have someone living alone who was 65 years of age or older. The average household size is 2.35 and the average family size is 3.01.

The median income for a household in the City is \$23,715, and the median income for a family is \$31,577. At that time, about 18.1% of families and 23.0% of the population were below the poverty line, including 35.9% of those under age 18 and 12.1% of those age 65 or over. The poverty rate continues to increase. In 2015, 38% of McKeesport residents maintained incomes below the poverty level, and 12% of McKeesport residents

1 had an income below 50% of the poverty level. These barriers make McKeesport less 2 buoyant in the face of its financial challenges, which are outlined throughout this 3 testimony. 4 5 WHAT IS THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE AUTHORITY AND THE Q. 6 CITY? 7 A. The Authority was established by the City in 1949, and construction began on the current 8 sewage treatment plant in 1959 and was completed in 1960. Initially, the plant offered 9 primary treatment only, as was customary at the time. In 1976, the plant underwent a 10 massive expansion that resulted in the secondary aeration system now in place. Over the 11 last five years, the plant again has undergone a large expansion to adhere to Act 537 and 12 new demand requirements. 13 14 Q. DESCRIBE THE RATIONALE FOR THE DECISION TO EXPLORE THE SALE 15 OF THE AUTHORITY. 16 A. The decision to sell or monetize the Authority was not made lightly. Indeed, it was the 17 result of deliberate and sustained consideration by many stakeholders, of which the City 18 was only one party. A sale or some other way to monetize the value of the Authority and 19 its assets has been evaluated and considered an option by the Authority, my Administration, 20 and others, for some time.

For more than two decades, the City has contemplated monetization of the

Authority, as it is the last remaining asset with substantial value under control of the City.

Exhaustive efforts were made to identify a plan to monetize the Authority without divesting

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the City of the Authority's assets. All of these efforts to formulate a lease or licensing arrangement failed to yield a mechanism which would allow any such funding to flow back to the City. While the sale of these assets may be politically challenging, it is my firm belief that this action provides the only means by which the City can survive, therefore giving its residents a chance to thrive.

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III. PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND TRANSACTION BENEFITS

- 8 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE TRANSACTION.
- 9 Α. In general, the Transaction involves the sale by the Authority and the purchase by PAWC 10 of specific Authority assets used currently to provide wastewater service to the Authority's 11 customers who reside within the City, Dravosburg, Duquesne, and Port Vue along with 12 providing sewer services to eight bulk customers.

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- 14 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE LIKELY IMPACT OF THE TRANSACTION ON THE CITY, ITS RESIDENTS AND THE REGIONAL ECONOMY.
- 16 A. It is clear that monetizing in some fashion the Authority's assets is a critical component to 17 the City's short and long-term financial health.
 - Positive impacts to the City and neighboring communities include the areas of infrastructure investment, economies of scale, addressing the ever-increasing cost of sewage treatment, and more. The City's focus on a long-term commitment to our residents is a true investment in that we plan to maintain and improve existing services (police, fire, infrastructure, and community programming). There is room

1	or economic development and growth, while allowing for further focus and
2	nvestment in the City's Comprehensive Plan.

The Authority, while currently operating at successful levels, is reaching its debt ceiling under state law as a result of its recent expansions required by Act 537. Our regional customers' ability to shoulder these burdens alone is nearing its threshold. By transferring the asset to PAWC, the resulting economies of scale should eliminate this concern in the future. A burden also exists on the Authority as it attempts to provide employee benefits and meet its defined benefit pension obligations. All of these concerns will be greatly alleviated as a result of partnering with PAWC's exponentially larger customer base.

Q. ARE THERE ADDITIONAL BENEFITS OF THE TRANSACTION FROM THE CITY'S PERSPECTIVE?

- A. The Transaction has several additional benefits that justify Commission approval. Other witnesses in this proceeding will address them more thoroughly from their specific perspective. From my perspective, these further benefits include but are not limited to:
 - Increased prospects for improved customer service and operations under PAWC ownership of the System;
 - PAWC will have better and more varied access to capital to make required System
 expenditures and improvements and comply with applicable legal requirements,
 such as Act 537, as mentioned above;
 - PAWC is a skilled utility operator and owner of many wastewater assets;

The acquisition of the Authority's system by PAWC will bring additional expert oversight of PAWC from the Commission and other statutory parties that routinely 3 monitor utility operations and participate in utility proceedings;

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- Some of the anticipated proceeds from the Transaction are expected to be used to balance the City's annual budget, invest in infrastructure improvements, market the City to new businesses and residents, and improve services to existing businesses and residents; and,
- As a private entity, PAWC will be a taxpayer that will be paying additional property taxes that will increase revenues to the City.

Q. HAS THE TRANSACTION BEEN APPROVED BY THE AUTHORITY AND THE CITY?

Yes. In June of 2015, the City issued a Request for Qualifications for expressions of interest from qualified companies and entities for the lease of the sewer system in order to initiate the bidding process. On July 1, 2015, City Council approved Resolution 2015-26 (attached hereto as PAWC Exhibit MEC-1), authorizing the proper city officials to engage in a competitive bidding process to explore and identify ALL options open to the City in relation to a long-term leasing agreement or sale. Throughout this process, the City worked with financial professionals to examine the ramifications of leasing versus selling the Authority, or restructuring the City's relationship with the Authority. After this research, the decision was made to pursue a sale. On June 3, 2016, the City and the Authority issued a Request for Bids to solicit bids for an asset purchase agreement, which returned two qualified bids on July 29, 2016.

On September 7, 2016, City Council adopted Ordinance 16-009 (attached hereto as PAWC Exhibit MEC-2) authorizing the proper City officials to facilitate the sale of all the sewer system assets of the Authority pursuant to an asset purchase agreement and to take actions to dissolve and terminate the Authority. On September 8, 2016, the Authority adopted Resolution 16-10 (attached hereto as PAWC Exhibit MEC-3) authorizing the sale of substantially all the sewer system assets of the Authority by executing an asset purchase agreement and authorizing the transfer of said assets to the winning bidder, PAWC, upon closing.²

Q. IS THIS TRANSACTION IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST?

A. Yes. For all of the reasons specified above, the City believes that the Transaction is in the public interest largely because of the broad array of stakeholders that benefit from it, including the City and their respective residents, the Authority, the Authority's bulk customers, PAWC, existing PAWC customers, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. I urge the Commission to promptly approve the Transaction.

Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A. Yes, it does. However, I reserve the right to file additional testimony at a later date as may be necessary or appropriate.

² Pro forma resolutions of the City and MACM authorizing the execution of the First Amendment to the APA are included here as exhibits and with the application's filing.

BILL NO:	113	FOLDER:	57
		VOLUME:	99

CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO.: 2015-26 INTRODUCTION DATE: 7-1-15

Introduced by: Jamie Brewster-Filotei

A RESOLUTION

OF THE CITY OF McKEESPORT, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, AUTHORIZING THE PROPER CITY OFFICIALS TO ENGAGE IN A COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCESS TO EXPLORE AND IDENTIFY ALL OPTIONS OPEN TO THE CITY IN RELATION TO A LONG-TERM LEASING AGREEMENT FOR THE SEWAGE SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT.

RESOLVED, by the City of McKeesport, in Council assembled, that:

WHEREAS, the City of McKeesport, Allegheny County, a City of the Third Class (the "City"), created the Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport ("the Authority"), which currently owns and operates a sanitary sewer system (the "Sewer System"), for the benefit and use of the residents of the Cities of McKeesport and Duquesne, the Boroughs of Glassport, Liberty, Lincoln, Port Vue, Versailles, East McKeesport, White Oak and Dravosburg, and the Townships of North Versailles and Elizabeth; and

WHEREAS, the City desires to pursue the potential long-term lease of the Sewer System through a competitive bidding process; and

WHEREAS, the City, on June 4, 2015, issued a Request for Qualifications (the "RFQ") for expressions of interest from qualified companies and entities for the lease of the Sewer System, and will receive responses from interested potential bidders; and

WHEREAS, the City intends to issue a Request for Bids ("RFB") to solicit bids from interested and qualified entities, and to develop a proposed form of long-term lease of the Sewer System in order to initiate the bidding process; and

WHEREAS, Public Financial Management, Inc., and Boenning & Scattergood, Inc. will serve as financial advisors (the "Financial Advisors"), and Dilworth Paxson LLP and Grogan & Graffam, P.C. will serve as outside counsel ("Counsel") to the City and the Authority in connection with the lease of the Sewer System; and

WHEREAS, the execution of a final lease agreement shall require approval by the City Council through the enactment of a future Ordinance.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the McKeesport City Council hereby authorizes the Mayor, with the assistance of the Financial Advisors, Counsel, and the City Solicitor to take all actions necessary to issue the RFB, to solicit bids, to consider and interview

Bill #113 cont.

RFP respondents, to authorize the drafting of a lease agreement, to approve and execute any necessary application for regulatory approval, and to execute all documents necessary to effectuate the long-term lease and related transactions prior to and subject to final City approval.

Section 2. Any and all resolutions that are in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

ENACTED THIS 15 DAY OF JULY	, A.D., 2015.
Attest 2	hend & Thaquena
Clerk of Council President of	Council
EXAMINED AND APPROVED by me this	day of July,
	Attest:
	Mayor
EFFECTIVE DATE: (-15	CITY OF MCKEESPORT

An Ordinance of the

Folder 200

City of McKeesport



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SERIES: 2016

ORDINANCE NO.:

16-009

Presented By: Administration

Bill No.: 36

Introduced By: James Barry

Date: 9-7-16

Public Notice:

Public Hearing:

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT, ALLE-GHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, AUTHORIZING THE PROPER CITY OFFICIALS TO FACILITATE THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE SEWER SYSTEM ASSETS OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT (THE "AUTHORITY") PURSUANT TO AN ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND TO TAKE SUCH ACTIONS NECESSARY TO DISSOLVE AND TERMINATE THE AUTHORITY.

WHEREAS, the City of McKeesport, Allegheny County, a City of the Third Class (the "City"), incorporated the Authority, which currently owns and operates a sanitary sewer system, (the "Sewer System"), for the benefit and use of the residents of the Cities of McKeesport and Duquesne, the Boroughs of Glassport, Liberty, Lincoln, Port Vue, Versailles, East McKeesport, White Oak and Dravosburg, and the Townships of North Versailles and Elizabeth; and

WHEREAS, Public Financial Management, Inc., and Boenning & Scattergood, Inc. serve as financial advisors (the "Financial Advisors"), and Dilworth Paxson LLP and Grogan & Graffam, P.C./Dickie, McCamey & Chilcote, P.C. serve as outside counsel ("Counsel") to the City and the Authority in connection with the sale of the Sewer System; and

EXHIBIT

WHEREAS, the City and the Authority on June 4, 2015, issued a Request for Qualifications (the "RFQ") for expressions of interest from qualified companies and entities for the lease or sale of the Sewer System, and received responses from interested potential bidders; and

WHEREAS, the City and the Authority, on June 3, 2016, issued a Request for Bids (the "RFB") to solicit bids from interested and qualified entities, based on a form of asset purchase agreement approved by the Authority and the City and acceptable to the qualified bidders for the sale of the Sewer System (the "Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, two (2) qualified bids were received on July 29, 2016; and

WHEREAS, the Authority and the City desire to award the bid and sell the Sewer System to the highest bidder, Pennsylvania American Water ("PAW"); and

WHEREAS, in the judgement of City Council, entering into the Agreement with the Authority and PAW for the sale of the Sewer System is in the best interests of the City and the public which it serves; and

WHEREAS, on or about the date that the sale is closed pursuant to the Agreement (the "Closing Date") and all of the bonds and system obligations are refunded and/or defeased to maturity, the City intends to dissolve and terminate the Authority.

THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT HEREBY ORDAINS:

Section 1. (a) Cooperation and Coordination with the Authority

The McKeesport City Council hereby approves the Agreement and authorizes the Mayor (or his designee), with the assistance of the Financial Advisors, Counsel, and the City Solicitor, to (i) execute and deliver the Agreement in substantially the form provided to City Council and (ii) take all actions necessary or desirable to assist, advise and/or coordinate with the Authority in relation to the sale of the Sewer System, including (a) executing and delivering the (Deposit Note) as such term is defined in the Agreement, (b) amending or assigning the Authority's existing municipal service agreements, © approving and executing any necessary application for regulatory approval, (d) assigning any permits, € engaging valuation experts, engineers, title search companies or other advisors necessary or desirable to effectuate the sale of the Sewer System and (f) to execute, deliver and file all documents, agreements ot instruments and take any actions necessary or desirable to transfer the real estate and other assets of the Sewer System and to otherwise effectuate the Agreement.

(b) General Authorization

The McKeesport City Council hereby further authorizes the City, the Mayor, and its agents, including the Financial Advisors, Counsel and the City Solicitor and its employees to take any and all necessary actions required under applicable law or the Agreement to assist, advise and/or coordinate with the Authority in effectuating the sale of the Sewer System.

(c) Ratification of Prior Acts

The McKeesport City Council hereby ratifies and approves the engagement of the Financial Advisors and Counsel, the RFQ process, the RFB process, including the solicitation of bids and any an all related acts taken by the City, its agents and employees in order to facilitate and complete the sale of the Sewer System.

(d) Authority Dissolution/Termination

The McKeesport City Council hereby approves the dissolution and termination of the Authority on or immediately after the Closing Date, orders and directs the Authority to prepare such certificate and other documents necessary for it to dissolve and terminate and authorizes the Mayor (or his designee) to execute, deliver or file any and all documents, certificates, agreements or instruments necessary or desirable to effectuate such dissolution and termination, it being understood that such dissolution and termination of the Authority shall not occur until the Closing Date provided all of the Authority bonds and system obligations are refunded and/or defeased to maturity.

Section 2. Any an all ordinances or parts thereof that are in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

ENACTED INTO LAW this day of _	September, A.D. 20	016.
ATTEST:	•	
Clerk of Counci	President of Council	
EXAMINED AND APPROVED this 7 ^{TV}	day of September ATTES	
	Mayor	

An Ordinance of the

Folder 200

City of McKeesport



SERIES: 2017 ORDINANCE NO.: 17-012

Presented By: Administration Bill No.: 87

Introduced By: Date: 6-7-17

Public Notice: Public Hearing:

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT, ALLE-GHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, AUTHORIZING THE PROPER CITY OFFICIALS TO EXECUTE THE ATTACHED ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT AMENDMENT RELATING TO THE TERMS OF THE ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT COVERING THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE SEWER SYSTEM ASSETS OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT.

WHEREAS, the City of McKeesport, Allegheny County, a City of the Third Class (the "City"), incorporated the Authority, which currently owns and operates a sanitary sewer system, (the "Sewer System"), for the benefit and use of the residents of the Cities of McKeesport and Duquesne, the Boroughs of Glassport, Liberty, Lincoln, Port Vue, Versailles, East McKeesport, White Oak and Dravosburg, and the Townships of North Versailles and Elizabeth: and

WHEREAS, Public Financial Management, Inc. and Boenning & Scattergood, Inc. serve as financial advisors (the "Financial Advisors"), and Dilworth Paxson LLP and Grogan & Graffam, P.C. and Dickie McCamey & Chilcote, P.C. as outside counsel ("Counsel") to the City and the Authority in connection with the sale of the Sewer System; and

Bill No. 87 Cont.

WHEREAS, the City and the Authority on June 4, 2015, issued a Request for Qualifications (the "RFQ") for expressions of interest from qualified companies and entities for the lease or sale of the Sewer System, and received responses from interested potential bidders; and

WHEREAS, the City and the Authority, on June 3, 2016, issued a Request for Bids (the "RFB") to solicit bids from interested and qualified entities, based on a form of asset purchase agreement approved by the Authority and the City, and acceptable to the qualified bidders for the sale of the Sewer System (the "Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, two (2) qualified bids were received on July 29, 2016; and

WHEREAS, the Authority and the City desire to award the bid and sell the Sewer System to the highest bidder, Pennsylvania American Water ("PAW"); and

WHEREAS, in the judgement of City Council, entering into the Agreement with the Authority and PAW for the sale of the Sewer System is in the best interests of the City and the public which it serves; and

WHEREAS, on or about the date that the sale is closed pursuant to the Agreement (the "Closing Date") and all of the bonds and system obligations are refunded and/or defeased to maturity, the City intends to dissolve and terminate the Authority; and

WHEREAS, as a result of the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, the parties were required to negotiate an increased purchase price and extension of the "End Date" of said agreement in order to comply with all applicable statutes and/or regulations.

Bill #87 cont.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINE	D AND ENACTED by the City of McK	Leesport, in Council
assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by	y the authority of the same as follows:	
SECTION 1. The proper City Officials are he	ereby authorized to execute the attached	l "First Amendment
to the Asset Purchase Agreement".		
SECTION 2. Any and all provisions of a	ny Ordinances, Resolutions, or Motions	s that are in conflict
with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.		
ENVA CERTED ALC	. 5	
ENACTED this day of	, A.D. 2017.	
ATTEST:		
Clerk of Council	President of Council	-
EXAMINED AND APPROVED this	day of	, A.D., 2017
	ATTEST:	

Mayor

OFFICIAL THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT RESOLUTION NO. <u>2のし</u>.__/の

A RESOLUTION OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY AND COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AUTHORIZING THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE SEWER SYSTEM ASSETS OF THE AUTHORITY BY EXECUTING AND CLOSING AN ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT; AUTHORIZING TRANSFER OF THE ASSETS TO THE WINNING BIDDER UPON CLOSING; AND AUTHORIZING PREPARATION AND FILING OF A CERTIFICATE OF TERMINATION OF THE AUTHORITY ON THE CLOSING DATE PROVIDED ALL LIABILITIES OF THE AUTHORITY ARE SATISFIED.

WHEREAS, under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Municipal Authorities Act, Act 22 of 2001, 53 Pa.C.S.A. Section 5601 et seq., formerly the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, as amended, the City of McKeesport, Allegheny County, a City of the Third Class (the "City"), incorporated, created and has the power to dissolve and/or terminate The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport (the "Authority"), which currently owns and operates a sanitary sewer system (the "Sewer System"), for the benefit and use of the residents of the Cities of McKeesport and Duquesne, the Boroughs of Glassport, Liberty, Lincoln, Port Vue, Versailles, East McKeesport, White Oak and Dravosburg, and the Townships of North Versailles and Elizabeth; and

WHEREAS, Public Financial Management, Inc., and Boenning & Scattergood, Inc. serve as financial advisors (the "Financial Advisors"), and Dilworth Paxson LLP and Grogan & Graffam, P.C./Dickie, McCamey&Chilcote, P.C. serve as outside counsel ("Counsel") to the City and the Authority in connection with the sale of the Sewer System; and

WHEREAS, the Authority, as requested by the City, and the City issued a Request for Qualifications (the "RFQ") on June 4, 2015, for expressions of interest from qualified companies and entities for the possible lease or sale of the Sewer System, and received responses from interested potential bidders; and

WHEREAS, the Authority, as requested by the City, and the City issued a Request for Bids (the "RFB") on June 3, 2016, to solicit bids from interested and qualified entities based on a form of asset purchase agreement approved by the Authority and the City for the sale of the Sewer System (the "Agreement"), and with an exact copy of the Agreement being attached hereto as Exhibit A; and

WHEREAS, two qualified bids were received on July 29, 2016; and

1

WHEREAS, the Authority, as requested by the City which incorporated and created the Authority and has the power to dissolve and/or terminate the Authority so long as all bonds, debts and obligations of the Authority are satisfied on or before the date of dissolution and/or termination, and the City desire to award the bid and sell the Sewer System to the highest bidder,

Pennsylvania American Water ("PAW"), and with an exact copy of the Bid of PAW attached hereto as Exhibit B; and

WHEREAS, upon such sale, the Authority shall pay or provide for the payment of all of its debts, bonds and obligations not otherwise assigned to the City or PAW; and

WHEREAS, the City has authorized, ordered and directed the Authority to dissolve and terminate on or immediately after the date that the sale is closed pursuant to the Agreement (the "Closing Date") and with all of the Authority bonds and system obligations to be refunded and/or defeased to maturity, as evidenced by the Ordinance of the City Council of the City to effect the foregoing attached hereto as Exhibit C, and which Ordinance was enacted into law by the City on September 7, 2016.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, County of Allegheny, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and it is hereby RESOLVED and ADOPTED by authority of the same, that:

- 1. The Chairman or Vice-Chair of the Board of the Authority is authorized to execute and deliver the Agreement in substantially the form provided to the Board, after consultation with the Authority Solicitor, the Financial Advisors and Counsel, and is further authorized to execute, deliver and file all documents and take any actions necessary, on the Closing Date, to transfer the assets of the Sewer System and to otherwise effectuate the Agreement, subject to full compliance by the Authority, the City and PAW with all applicable Federal, State and County laws and regulations.
- 2. The Board of the Authority hereby ratifies and approves the engagement of the Financial Advisors and Counsel, the RFQ process, the RFB process, including the solicitation of bids and any and all related acts taken by the Authority, its agents and employees in order to facilitate and complete the sale of the Sewer System, subject to full compliance by the Authority, the City and PAW with all applicable Federal, State and County laws and regulations.
- 3. The Chairman or Vice-Chair of the Board of the Authority is directed and authorized to execute a certificate of termination (in the form to be provided by the City) and deliver the executed certificate to the Mayor of the City for filing in the Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and take any and all actions necessary or desirable to effectuate the dissolution and termination of the Authority, it being understood that such filing shall not occur until such date that the sale is closed pursuant to the Agreement; all of the bonds and system obligations of the Authority are refunded and/or defeased to maturity; and there is full compliance by the Authority, the City and PAW with all applicable Federal, State and County laws and regulations.

RESOLVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, County of Allegheny, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, meeting in regular and public session, the 8th day of September, 2016.

ATTEST:

Mary Smitley, Secretary

THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE

CITY OF MCKEESDON

Dale McCall, Chairman

OFFICIAL THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT RESOLUTION NO.

A RESOLUTION OF THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF MCKEESPORT, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY AND COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AUTHORIZING THE PROPER AUTHORITY OFFICERS TO EXECUTE THE ATTACHED FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT FOR THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE SEWER SYSTEM ASSETS OF THE AUTHORITY.

WHEREAS, under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Municipal Authorities Act, Act 22 of 2001, 53 Pa.C.S.A. Section 5601 et seq., formerly the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, as amended, the City of McKeesport, Allegheny County, a City of the Third Class (the "City"), incorporated, created and has the power to dissolve and/or terminate The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport (the "Authority"), which currently owns and operates a sanitary sewer system (the "Sewer System"), for the benefit and use of the residents of the Cities of McKeesport and Duquesne, the Boroughs of Glassport, Liberty, Lincoln, Port Vue, Versailles, East McKeesport, White Oak and Dravosburg, and the Townships of North Versailles and Elizabeth; and

WHEREAS, Public Financial Management, Inc., and Boenning & Scattergood, Inc. serve as financial advisors (the "Financial Advisors"), and Dilworth Paxson LLP and Grogan & Graffam, P.C./Dickie, McCamey&Chilcote, P.C. serve as outside counsel ("Counsel") to the City and the Authority in connection with the sale of the Sewer System; and

WHEREAS, the Authority, as requested by the City, and the City issued a Request for Qualifications (the "RFQ") on June 4, 2015, for expressions of interest from qualified companies and entities for the possible lease or sale of the Sewer System, and received responses from interested potential bidders; and

WHEREAS, the Authority, as requested by the City, and the City issued a Request for Bids (the "RFB") on June 3, 2016, to solicit bids from interested and qualified entities based on a form of asset purchase agreement approved by the Authority and the City for the sale of the Sewer System (the "Agreement"), and with an exact copy of the Agreement being attached hereto as Exhibit A; and

WHEREAS, two qualified bids were received on July 29, 2016; and

WHEREAS, the Authority, as requested by the City which incorporated and created the Authority and has the power to dissolve and/or terminate the Authority so long as all bonds, debts and obligations of the Authority are satisfied on or before the date of dissolution and/or termination, and the City desire to award the bid and sell the Sewer System to the highest bidder, Pennsylvania American Water ("PAW"), and with an exact copy of the Bid of PAW attached hereto as Exhibit B; and

WHEREAS, upon such sale, the Authority shall pay or provide for the payment of all of its debts, bonds and obligations not otherwise assigned to the City or PAW; and

WHEREAS, the City has authorized, ordered and directed the Authority to dissolve and terminate on or immediately after the date that the sale is closed pursuant to the Agreement (the "Closing Date") and with all of the Authority bonds and system obligations to be refunded and/or defeased to maturity, as evidenced by the Ordinance of the City Council of the City to effect the foregoing attached hereto as Exhibit C, and which Ordinance was enacted into law by the City on September 7, 2016.

WHEREAS, as a result of the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement the parties were required to negotiate an increased purchase price and extension of the "End Date" of said agreement in order to comply with all applicable statutes and/or regulations.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, County of Allegheny, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and it is hereby RESOLVED and ADOPTED by authority of the same, that:

1. The Chairman or Vice-Chair of the Board of the Authority is authorized to execute and deliver the attached First Amendment to the Asset Purchase Agreement in substantially the form provided to the Board and all actions taken in this regard prior to this date are hereby ratified and approved.

RESOLVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, County of Allegheny, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, meeting in regular and public session, the 8th day of September, 2016.

ATTEST:	THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY OF THE
	CITY OF MCKEESPORT
	Ву:
Mary Smitley, Secretary	Dale McCall, Chairman

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

In re: Application and related filings of Pennsylvania-American			
Water Company under Sections 507, 1102(a), and 1329 of the			
Pennsylvania Public Utility Code, 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 507, 1102(a),		D 1 1 0015	
1329, for approval of its acquisition of wastewater system assets		Docket No. A-2017	et al.
of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport, related	:		
wastewater service rights, fair market valuation ratemaking	:		
treatment, deferral of the post-acquisition improvement costs,	:		
and certain contracts with municipal corporations	:		
DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JEROME C. WEINER UTILITY VALUATION EXPERT SELEC PENNSYLVANIA-AMERICAN WATER O	TÌ	ED BY	

Date: May 24, 2017 PAWC Statement No. 7

1 **INTRODUCTION** 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD. 3 Jerome C. Weinert, ASA, PE, CDP, with business addresses at 2405 Park Drive Suite A. 4 203, Harrisburg, PA and 8555 West Forest Home Avenue Suite 201, Greenfield, 5 Wisconsin 53228. 6 7 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY? 8 A. I am employed by Associated Utility Services, Inc. ("AUS") as a Principal and Director 9 in AUS's consulting operation ("AUS Consultants"), a position I have held since 1987. 10 AUS was founded in 1967 as a financial consulting firm specializing in utility rate-11 making and regulatory matters. AUS Consultants is based in Mount Laurel, New Jersey, 12 with various subsidiary offices located in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; Greenfield 13 (Milwaukee), Wisconsin; and Albuquerque, New Mexico. AUS Consultants comprises several subsidiary groups, including Utility Services Group, C.A. Turner Utility Reports. 14 15 Valuation and Depreciation Services Group. 16 WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS PRINCIPAL AND DIRECTOR OF 17 Q. 18 **AUS CONSULTANTS?** 19 As a Principal of AUS Consultants, I am responsible for appraisals and depreciation A. 20 studies which AUS Consultants performs for its clients. As Director of AUS 21 Consultants, I am responsible for the daily and administration and operations of AUS 22 Consultants' staff and offices in Harrisburg, PA; Greenfield, WI; and Albuquerque, NM.

23

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND BUSINESS

EXPERIENCE.

A. I received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Mechanical Engineering from the Milwaukee
 School of Engineering in Milwaukee, WI, in 1972 and a Master of Business
 Administration Degree from Marquette University in 1988.

I am registered as a Professional Engineer (E-15552) in the State of Wisconsin. I have held a Professional Engineer's License continuously since 1976, when I completed the State of Wisconsin's engineering certification requirements. Those requirements include successfully completing two 8-hour written examinations along with four years of qualifying engineering experience. Wisconsin also requires that licensed engineers complete continuing education requirements of 15 professional development hours on a semi-annual basis for renewal of a Professional Engineers license. I most recently renewed my Wisconsin Professional Engineers' license on July 31, 2016.

Since 1982, I also have been an Accredited Senior Appraiser ("ASA") in the American Society of Appraisers, which is a technical society whose charter is to ensure the integrity and continuation of the appraisal profession. My accreditation is in the specialty of Technical Specialties, which includes public utility valuation. I recertify in this specialty every five years, most recently recertifying in June 2012. I also hold Senior Membership in Public Utility Valuation. To become a senior member, a candidate must have five years of qualifying experience in the designated field and pass a written examination that covers general appraisal principles and issues specific to the candidate's field. Finally, the candidate's work is reviewed for a selected number of valuation problems, which, for Public Utility Valuation, requires the applicant to demonstrate

understanding of values, both tangible and intangible, for utility property. These valuations may be in connection with rate case studies, sale or acquisition, eminent domain (condemnation), ad valorem property tax appraisals, and insurance risk management appraisals. These valuations require special knowledge in order to take into account the unique economic and value characteristics of public utility properties and properly recognize regulatory factors which influence value conclusions. Senior membership in Public Utility Valuation also requires an understanding of the principles and practices necessary in developing appropriate capital recovery (depreciation) accrual rates for public utilities.

I am also a founding member of the Society of Depreciation Professionals. Formed in 1987, the Society of Depreciation Professionals is an international society whose purpose is to recognize the professional field of depreciation engineering and those individuals contributing to that field; to promote the development and professional ethics of the profession; and collect and exchange information concerning depreciation engineering and analysis. Its membership, of which there are approximately 200 individual and corporate members, is comprised of professionals from regulated industries (telephone, electric, gas, and water), regulatory agencies, consulting firms, and educational institutions. I have held various offices with the Society including serving as treasurer in 1993, vice president in 1994, and president in 1995.

I gained the status of a Certified Depreciation Professional from the Society of Depreciation Professionals in 1997. To obtain this status, a candidate must have five years of qualifying experience in the field of depreciation, pass a written examination that covers depreciation engineering principles and practices, and provide references to his or

her work and qualifications as a depreciation professional. I have re-certified every five years since 1997 with the most recent re-certification effective January 1, 2013.

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Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION ("COMMISSION")?

Yes. In valuation matters related to utility rate base, I most recently testified before the A. Commission in the matter of Application of Aqua Pennsylvania Wastewater, Inc., pursuant to Sections 1102 and 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code ("Code"). 66 Pa. C.S. §§ 1102 and 1329, for Approval of its Acquisition of the Wastewater System Assets of New Garden Township, Docket No. A-2016-2580061, on behalf of Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. relative to its acquisition of New Garden Township, PA's wastewater system assets. I have also presented testimony on the subject of depreciation to the public service commission's in the states of Alaska, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Ohio, and Oregon. I have testified on depreciation matters before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") and the CRTTC. In addition, I have testified on valuation matters before the Massachusetts Superior Court; the Court of Common Pleas, Fayette County, Ohio; the Twentieth Judicial Circuit Court in Charlotte County, Florida; the Nineteenth Judicial Circuit Court in St. Lucie County, Florida; the New Hampshire Public Service Commission; the California Board of Equalization and Assessment; and the Valuation Adjustment Boards in the Florida counties of Duval, Hillsborough, Okeechobee, and Palm Beach. Attached to this direct testimony as Appendix A is a copy of my current curriculum vitae which includes a listing of cases in which I have testified.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

The purpose of my testimony is to describe the fair market value appraisal of the wastewater system and related plant, property, equipment and assets (collectively the "System") of The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport ("MACM") that I and my staff performed on behalf of Pennsylvania-American Water Company ("PAWC"), the buyer of the System. Our report dated April 10, 2017, is entitled "The City of McKeesport, Pennsylvania and The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport Fair Market Value Appraisal as of September 9, 2016, as Adjusted on May 16, 2017." The appraisal and its report was developed to meet the criteria established in paragraph Section 1329 of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code ("Code"), 66 Pa. C.S. § 1329 ("Determination of the fair market value of water and wastewater assets").

In its 2015-2016 legislative session, the Pennsylvania Legislature passed Act 12 of 2016 that session and Governor Wolf signed into law Section 1329 of the Code establishing the legislative guidelines facilitating the acquisition of municipal and regional water and wastewater systems by private investor-owned utilities and other entities which are rate-regulated by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission ("PUC"). This legislation was intended to facilitate the acquisition of water and wastewater system in order to facilitate capital improvements to the water and or wastewater properties.

A.

QUALIFICATION AS UTILITY VALUATION EXPERT

Q. IS AUS CONSULTANTS ON THE COMMISSION'S REGISTRY OF UTILITY

VALUATION EXPERTS?

1	A.	Yes. AUS Consultants is a Utility Valuation Expert ("UVE") in the Commonwealth of
2		Pennsylvania approved by the PUC (Utility Code 9919181).
3		
4	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROCESS BY WHICH AUS CONSULTANTS WAS
5		PLACED ON THE COMMISSION'S REGISTRY OF UTILITY VALUATION
6		EXPERTS.
7	A.	After passage of Section 1329 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Code, the Commission
8		established an application process by which the Commission would approve and
9		designate firms to be placed on the Commission's "Registry of Utility Valuation
10		Experts." AUS Consultants submitted its application and the required proof of
11		experience in July of 2016 and received confirmation and approval from the Commission
12		of AUS Consultants' placement on the Commission's UVE Registry in August 2016.
13		
14	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR QUALIFICATIONS TO ACT AS A UVE IN THIS
15		PROCEEDING.
16	A.	I have been involved in utility consulting in the valuation and depreciation area for my
17		entire 45-year career. I have been a Registered Professional Engineer since 1978, an
18		Accredited Senior Appraiser ("ASA") since 1988 in the American Society of Appraiser
19		in their Technical Valuation specialty which includes utilities such as water and
20		wastewater utilities, and I am a Certified Depreciation Professional ("CDP") since 2000
21		in the Society of Depreciation Professionals.
22		I have prepared fair market value appraisal for numerous clients during my career
23		as well as numerous depreciations studies in support of utilities depreciation rates for rate

making. In my capacity as Principal and Director for AUS, I have performed numerous appraisals of water, wastewater, gas, electric and telecommunication companies and their property. Similarly, in the area of depreciation studies, I have performed depreciations studies for water, gas, electric and telecommunications companies. Prior to my employment with AUS, I worked for 14 years in the Regulated Industries Group at American Appraisal Associates, a national appraisal firm, with emphasis on performing public utility appraisals and depreciation studies.

Q. HAVE YOU EVER HAD YOUR PROFESSIONAL CREDENTIALS REVOKED

OR SUSPENDED?

11 A. No.

A.

Q. DO YOU HAVE SPECIFIC EXPERIENCE WITH THE VALUATION AND

APPRAISAL OF UTILITY ASSETS?

Yes. I annually prepare several fair market valuation appraisals for clients for various purposes. In recent years, AUS Consultants has been quite active in the consulting in the water and wastewater industry, particularly in Pennsylvania. This consulting included original cost studies, depreciated original cost studies, and fair market value appraisals for municipalities and investor-owned utilities. During my career, I have participated in or have been responsible for more than 208 valuation studies and 128 depreciation studies. These appraisals and depreciation studies are identified in my curriculum vitae attached hereto as Appendix A. Over the course of my career, I have submitted depreciation study results to the public service commission's in the states of Alabama,

1		Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Idaho, Iowa, Kentucky,
2		Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Carolina, Ohio,
3		Oregon, Pennsylvania, Washington, and Wisconsin. I also have submitted depreciation
4		study results to the Federal Communications Commission; the Canadian Radio,
5		Television, and Telephone Commission ("CRTTC"); and the State of New York's Board
6		of Equalization and Assessment.
7		
8	Q.	HAVE YOU OR AUS CONSULTANTS OR ANY OF ITS STAFF DERIVED ANY
9		MATERIAL FINANCIAL BENEFIT FROM THE SALE OF THE MACM
10		ASSETS OTHER THAN FEES FOR YOUR SERVICES RENDERED?
11	A.	No.
12		
13	Q.	ARE YOU OR AUS CONSULTANTS OR ANY OF ITS STAFF AN IMMEDIATE
14		FAMILY MEMBER OF A DIRECTOR, OFFICER, OR EMPLOYEE OF EITHER
15		PAWC OR MACM?
16	A.	No.
17		
18	Q.	IS AUS CONSULTANTS IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE
19		PENNSYLVANIA LAWS?
20	A.	Yes.
21		
22	Q.	DOES AUS CONSULTANTS HAVE THE FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL
23		FITNESS, INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL LICENSES AND TECHNICAL

1		CERTIFICATIONS, TO PERFORM A FAIR MARKET VALUATION OF THE
2		ASSETS OF MACM?
3	A.	Yes. As described earlier I am a accredited Senior Appraiser (ASA designation) in the
4		American Society of Appraisers, a registered Professional Engineer in the State of
5		Wisconsin (WI license E-15552) and a Certified Depreciation Professional (CDP
6		designation) in the Society of Depreciation Professionals all societies and state licensing
7		agencies involved in various aspects of the valuation and depreciation profession. These
8		designations coupled with my 45 years of appraisal and depreciation experience
9		demonstrate my and AUS Consultants' financial and technical capabilities to perform
10		utility appraisals.
11		
12	Q.	ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY FACT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY
13		POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST, THAT WOULD CAST DOUBT UPON
14		YOUR ABILITY TO PROVIDE A THOROUGH, OBJECTIVE, UNBIASED, AND
15		FAIR VALUATION IN THIS PROCEEDING?
16	A.	No.
17		
18		FEES PAID FOR UTILITY VALUATION EXPERT SERVICES
19	Q.	HOW IS AUS CONSULTANTS BEING COMPENSATED FOR ITS SERVICES
20		IN THIS MATTER?
21	A.	AUS Consultants is being compensated on a fee-and-expenses basis for the initial
22		appraisal and a per-diem rate plus fee-and-expenses basis for activities beyond the
23		issuance of a final appraisal report. True, correct, and complete copies of AUS

1 Consultants' invoices to PAWC for this matter, as of the date of Application filing, are
2 attached to PAWC's Application as Appendix A-5 and I incorporate those invoices in my
3 direct testimony as if set forth in their entirety.

5 Q. WHAT IS THE ESTIMATED TOTAL COMPENSATION THAT AUS 6 CONSULTANTS WILL RECEIVE FOR ITS SERVICES IN THIS MATTER?

A. The fee for our initial appraisal is \$32,000 plus expenses and our per-diem rate for activities subsequent to the initial appraisal range from \$150 to \$250 per hour depending on the consultant involved. My per-diem rate is \$250 per hour. Expenses include travel, lodging, and report production and shipping expenses, all of which are billed at cost.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROCESS BY WHICH THIS COMPENSATION WAS NEGOTIATED?

A. AUS Consultants met with PAWC personnel to describe the corporate appraisal and depreciation capabilities of AUS Consultants and for AUS Consultants to understand PAWC's requested scope of work. After that meeting, AUS Consultants provided a fee estimate for the appraisal of the System including a schedule of per-diem rates for activities subsequent to the appraisal report. Next, the parties drafted a contract, including a non-disclosure agreement, which were both signed. The contract and non-disclosure agreement form the basis of the relationship between AUS Consultants and PAWC. True, correct, and complete copies of the contract and non-disclosure agreement are attached as Appendix A-8 of PAWC's Application and I incorporate them in my direct testimony as if set forth in their entirety.

In accordance with Section 1329 of the Code, PAWC and MACM engaged KLH Engineers as the licensed engineer to conduct an assessment of the tangible assets of MACM. PAWC engaged AUS to prepare the fair market valuation report for the System. PAWC provided financial statements from MACM regarding the System and a copy of the Engineering Assessment development by KLH Engineers as required by Section 1329(a)(4). AUS Consultants received access to a "Data Room" containing information relative to the System. After reviewing that information, AUS Consultants inspected the System on February 7, 2017, with MACM personnel conducting the on-site tour. After those activities and data gathering, we developed the appraisal.

The appraisal contains a letter of transmittal; a table of contents detailing all the sections of the report and work papers; certification describing that the appraisal was prepared in conjunction with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practices ("USPAP"); a narrative report containing an Executive Summary; a Purpose and Scope of the Work; a description of the water and wastewater industry – nationally and in the state of Pennsylvania; a description of the System including the assets, property, plant, and equipment; the appraisal procedures and supporting data and analysis; KLH Engineer's Engineer Assessment; and miscellaneous public documents describing Section 1329 of the Code.

The intent of the valuation report is to provide the appraisal results, as well as the entire appraisal work file, in sufficient detail to satisfy the parties' and Commission's review requirements of Section 1329 and the Commission's Final Implementation Order, *In re: Implementation of Section 1329 of the Public Utility Code*, Docket No. M-2016-2543193 (Order Entered October 27, 2016). In addition to a copy of my appraisal report,

A.

1		I have provided supporting work papers for the appraisal report in Appendix A-5 to
2		PAWC's Application. The relevant work papers have also been submitted to the
3		Commission and provided to the public advocates in live electronic format.
4		
5	Q.	IS THERE ANYTHING THAT YOU WOULD CHANGE IN THE VALUATION
6		REPORT SINCE ITS PREPARATION?
7	A.	Yes. I made adjustments to account for the First Amendment to the Asset Purchase
8		Agreement ("APA") dated May 15, 2017, described below.
9		
10	Q.	WAS THE FAIR MARKET VALUATION OF THE MACM ASSETS
11		DETERMINED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE UNIFORM STANDARDS OF
12		PROFESSIONAL APPRAISAL PRACTICE ("USPAP")?
13	A.	Yes. Included in my appraisal report is a document entitled "Compliance with Uniform
14		Standard of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) 2016-2017" which described our
15		reports compliance with USPAP.
16		
17	Q.	DID YOU EMPLOY THE COST, MARKET AND INCOME APPROACHES IN
18		PREPARING YOUR VALUATION?
19	A.	Yes. We developed our appraisal utilizing the cost, income, and market approaches as
20		required by USPAP and Section 1329 of the Code. These approaches are summarized
21		below.
22		Cost Approach. The cost approach has as its basis the principle of substitution in
23		that the maximum value of the property is the cost to construct a replacement property of

similar capacity, quality, and condition. In this appraisal, we utilized the trend cost method to determine the cost new, evaluated the condition of the property using age-life depreciation, and evaluated external obsolescence based on the income and market approaches.

Income Approach. Under the income approach, the valuation basis is the value of an income producing property as defined by its economic returns. There are several income approach valuation methods, primarily the direct capitalization (of income from operation) and the discounted cash flow methods. In the direct capitalization method, the economic returns of the property, as defined by its operating income, are directly capitalized into value by dividing a single estimate of the near-term income with a capitalization rate. In the discounted cash flow, the result of future periods operations are determined with each periods' cash flow being forecast and then discounted to appraisal date values using a discount rate. The two procedures are similar in nature in that they both estimate the value of the property based on capitalizing or discounting future economic returns of the property's operation. The capitalization of income approach attempts to incorporate all future periods' changes in revenues, operating expenses, and working capital into a single operating income estimate while the discounted cash flow method allows the appraiser to forecast each future periods' operating results considering changes to customer growth, changing revenues and operating expenses in the analysis. Considering that MACM's operations will be undergoing a change from municipal operation to an investor-owned, rate-regulated operation, the flexibility of the discounted cash flow to adjust the operating inputs and criteria make it superior to the capitalized income approach.

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1		Market Approach. The market or comparable sales approach to value looks to
2		market sales of comparable properties in order to arrive at value. In this appraisal, the
3		market approach was addressed from a comparable sales approach (Pennsylvania
4		wastewater systems) and market value to book value ratios based on investor-owned
5		water utilities reported in Value Line Investment Survey.
6		
7	Q.	DID YOU RELY UPON A LICENSED ENGINEER'S ASSESSMENT OF THE
8		TANGIBLE ASSETS OF MACM IN PERFORMING YOUR VALUATION?
9	A.	Yes. PAWC and MACM engaged KLH Engineers as the licensed engineer to conduct an
10		assessment of the tangible assets of MACM. PAWC provided a copy of the Engineering
11		Assessment development by KLH Engineers as required by Section 1329(a)(4). A copy
12		of the Engineering Assessment is attached to the appraisal.
13		
14	Q.	DID THE LICENSED ENGINEER'S ASSESSMENT INCLUDE AN INVENTORY
15		OF THE USED AND USEFUL UTILITY PLANT ASSETS TO BE
16		TRANSFERRED COMPILED BY YEAR AND ACCOUNT?
17	A.	Yes.
18		
19	Q.	DID THE LICENSED ENGINEER'S ASSESSMENT IDENTIFY SEPARATELY
20		ANY UTILITY PLANT THAT IS BEING HELD FOR FUTURE USE?
21	A.	Yes.

1	Q.	DID THE LICENSED ENGINEER'S ASSESSMENT LIST ALL NON-
2		DEPRECIABLE PROPERTY SUCH AS LAND AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY?
3	A.	Yes.
4		
5	Q.	TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE, WAS THE LICENSED ENGINEER'S
6		INVENTORY DEVELOPED FROM AVAILABLE RECORDS, MAPS, WORK
7		ORDERS, DEBT ISSUE CLOSING DOCUMENTS FUNDING CONSTRUCTION
8		PROJECTS, AND OTHER SOURCES TO ENSURE AN ACCURATE LISTING
9		OF UTILITY PLANT INVENTORY BY UTILITY ACCOUNT?
10	A.	Yes.
11		
12	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY REASON TO DOUBT THE ACCURACY OF THE
13		LICENSED ENGINEER'S INVENTORY OF THE ASSETS?
14	A.	No.
15		
16	Q.	DID YOU INCORPORATE THE LICENSED ENGINEER'S ASSESSMENT INTO
17		YOUR COST APPROACH IN DEVELOPING YOUR VALUATION?
18	A.	Yes.
19		
20	Q.	DID YOU HAVE TO EXERCISE PROFESSIONAL DISCRETION IN
21		DEVELOPING ANY ASPECT OF YOUR VALUATION?
22	A.	Yes. In the Cost Approach the selection of costing factors such as the cost trends to be
23		utilized in developing the cost new and the depreciation factors such as service lives and

survival and retirement patterns were inputs to the depreciation portion of the cost approach; all of these input were based on my expertise in appraising similar utility property and an understanding of the significance of these inputs. In the Income Approach the analysis of historical financial and how that analysis is used in forecasting future expectation of the property's return(s), along with the selection of cost of capital inputs in developing the present value of future returns which quantifies the income approach conclusion are significant inputs which this appraiser exercises appraisal discretion. In the Market Approach the selection of comparable sales required appraisal discretion. Finally, the consideration of each of the individual value indicators, cost, income, and market, in developing the final appraisal conclusion required appraisal discretion.

Q. WHAT, IF ANY, FACTORS DID YOU TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION WHEN HAVING TO MAKE DISCRETIONARY DECISIONS?

A. I considered the interrelation of the inputs and how those inputs relate to the value of wastewater property plant and equipment, its operations and resultant value.

18 <u>CONCLUSION</u>

19 Q. WHAT IS YOUR CONCLUSION REGARDING THE FAIR MARKET VALUE 20 OF THE MACM ASSETS TO BE PURCHASED BY PAWC?

A. The fair market value of the System to be purchased by PAWC is \$157,600,000, as of September 9, 2016, before I made adjustments to account for the First Amendment to the Asset Purchase Agreement ("APA") dated May 15, 2017. As described above, we

utilized the cost, income, and market approaches to utility valuation for purposes of appraising the System. The results of those appraisal analyses and our conclusions as of September 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Pennsylvania American, Inc. The Municipal Authority of the City of McKeesport Wastewater Investor-Owned Utility AS of September 2016

Fair Market Value Appraisal

	Value Conclusion	Weight	Wtd Value
Cost Approach			
Cost New less Depreciation	\$ 156,524,909		
Original Cost less Depreciation	\$ 80,085,602		
Cost Approach Conclusion	156,524,909	50%	78,262,455
Income Approach	160,457,682	40%	64,183,073
Market Approach	151,870,173	10%	15,187,017
Appraisal Conclusion	\$ 157,600,000		157,632,545

The fair market value determination of the tangible assets was based primarily on the cost approach with the income and market approaches being supportive of the cost approach conclusion. The System's original cost was determined to be \$108,231,570 and its reproduction cost new as of September 2016 is \$323,139,630. Because the System has aged and experienced depreciation, physical depreciation, and possibly function and external obsolescence, the condition of the property was determined using age life depreciation. The cost new less depreciation under this methodology resulted in our preliminary cost approach conclusion of \$156,524,909. AUS Consultants utilized the

1		income and market approaches to evaluate for external obsolescence. Under that
2		analysis, the income \$160,457,682 and market \$151,870,173 conclusions indicate that no
3		external obsolescence exists in the System at the preliminary cost approach conclusion of
4		\$156,524,909. The cost approach therefore yields a fair market value of the System
5		tangible assets as \$156,524,909. Based on all the factors that AUS Consultants evaluated
6		in accordance with valuation standards and statutory requirements, the cost approach is
7		the most reliable and useful indicator of the value of the MACM assets, property, plant,
8		and equipment of MACM to be acquired by PAWC.
9		
10	Q.	ARE YOU AWARE OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE APA DATED MAY
11		15, 2017?
12	A.	Yes. On May 15, 2017, PAWC advised me that they had renegotiated the APA with
13		The City of McKeesport to a purchase price of \$162,000,000.
14		
15	Q.	DOES THE FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE APA CHANGE THE PURCHASE
16		PRICE OF THE SYSTEM REFLECTED IN THE ORIGINAL APA DATED
17		SEPTEMBER 9, 2016?
18	A.	Yes it does.
19		
20	Q.	HAVE YOU CONSIDERED THE FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE APA IN
21		ORDER TO DETERMINE IF ADJUSTMENTS TO THE FAIR MARKET VALUE
22		APPRAISAL NEEDED TO BE MADE TO ACCOUNT FOR THE AMENDED

PURCHASE PRICE AND DATE OF THE SYSTEM REFLECTED IN THE FIRST

A. Yes I have. I considered with the passage of time what adjustment should be made to each of the three approaches to value and if those adjustments would cause me to revise my value conclusion as of September 2016.

AMENDMENT TO THE APA?

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE ADJUSTMENTS TO THE FAIR MARKET VALUE APPRAISAL THAT YOU MADE TO ACCOUNT FOR THE NEW PURCHASE AND DATE OF THE SYSTEM REFLECTED IN THE FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE APA.

With the passage of nearly six months between the original APA of September 9, 2016, and the revised purchase agreement of May 15, 2017, that passage of time potentially affects the Cost Approach determination in that six additional months of utility plant construction inflation has occurred and the property has also aged an additional six months. I reviewed the cost trends used in the development of the replacement cost new in order to arrive at the extent of the construction inflation. I found that the construction costs experienced a 2% (2.04%) increase each six-month period from July to January over the period 2013 through 2016. Based on that evidence I adjusted the replacement cost new by 2% from \$323,139,630 to 330,964,950; the average condition of the property is 48.26% resulting in a replacement cost new less depreciation of \$160,301,491 which is the revised Cost Approach indicator of value.

I also reviewed the inputs to the Income Approach and found additional information related to the inflation provision in the cost of capital. No other adjustment were

A.

1	necessary. When this additional information was incorporated into the discounted cash
2	flow the revised Income Approach indicator was determined to be \$162,455,017.

Finally I reviewed the Market Approach and incorporated the revised purchase price into that analysis which resulted in a Market Approach indicator of \$162,108,612.

Considering all three approaches to value, the results are summarized as follows:

Investor-Owned Utility As of May 25, 2016

Fair Market Value Appraisal

	Value Conclusion	Weight	Wtd Value
Cost Approach			
Cost New less Depreciation	\$ 160,301,491		
Original Cost less Depreciation	\$ 80,085,602		
Cost Approach Conclusion	160,301,491	50%	80,150,746
Income Approach	162,455,017	40%	64,982,007
Market Approach	162,108,612	10%	16,210,861
Appraisal Conclusion	\$ 161,343,000		161,343,614

Based on my initial appraisal and the above described adjustments to that appraisal I conclude a fair market value of \$161,343,000.

Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

- 1 A. Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony as additional issues and
- 2 facts arise during the course of the proceeding.

3